The New-York Times.

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IMPORTANT FROM CHATTANOOGA

General Grant Moving on the Enemy's Works.

Our Forces Holding all the High Ground in front of Missionary Ridge.

Two Hundred Prisoners Captured in a Charge on the Rebel Rifle-Pits.

Contradictory Reports Regarding the Movements of the Rebel Army.

A Great Battle Going On All Yesterday.

The Enemy Forced Back at All Points.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

The latest news, up to 10:40 this evening, from GRANT is of a most satisfactory character. Gens. THOMAS and SHERMAN have got well ahead.

The fighting in our immediate front has lasted all day long. At every point along the line we have forced the rebels backward. There is joy in the War Department.

REPORTS FROM CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

The *Commercial* of this city has a special dispatch dated Chattanooga, the 23d instant, which says:

"Deserters last night reported that the rebels were falling back of Chickamauga Station.

Their artillery has been withdrawn from our front.

The whole rebel army is apparently in retreat.

A reconnoissance this afternoon reveals that the enemy apparently are in force between us and Missionary Ridge.

Gen. WOOD, in charging up Orchard Ridge, carried the rifle-pits under a severe musketry and artillery fire, taking 200 rebel prisoners.

We now hold all the high ground this side of Missionary Ridge.

Our troops are in line of battle, and will lie on their arms to-night.

Hard fighting is inevitable to-morrow, unless the rebels withdraw to-night.

REPORTS FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

The *Star* of this afternoon contains the following account of a brilliant preliminary movement by Major-Gen. THOMAS:

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Monday, Nov. 23.

The reconnoissance in force made by Major-Gen. THOMAS has been completed in the most brilliant and successful manner.

The troops employed were the divisions of Gens. WOOD and SHERIDAN, of the Fourth army corps, under the immediate direction of Gen. GRANGER.

The object of the movement was not only to ascertain the strength of the enemy, but to occupy two bold knolls in front of our left, half way between our lines and Missionary Ridge.

The principal attack was made by Gen. HAZEN's brigade, commanded by that General, supported on the left by Gen. WILLICH's brigade, and on the right by the whole division of Gen. SHERIDAN.

The entire field was distinctly visible from Fort Wood, in front of which Gen. HAZEN's line of battle was formed, and as the whole army was under arms, with Gen. HOWARD's corps formed in a solid column, as a reserve to the attacking force, the spectacle was one of magnificence.

The field being commanded by the heavy guns of the fort, only one field-battery was taken into action. This was planted on an elevated knoll, in the centre of which Gen. SHERIDAN's line of battle was formed before the order to advance was given.

The troops moved out of their position just before 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and remained in line for three-quarters of an hour in full view of the enemy.

At last, everything being ready, Gen. GRANGER gave the order to advance, and Gen. HAZEN and Gen. WILLICH pushed out simultaneously.

The first shot was fired at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and in five minutes the lines of Gen. HAZEN were hotly engaged while the artillery of Fort Wood and Gen. THOMAS were opened upon the rebel rifle-pits and the camps behind the line of fighting.

The practice of our gunners was splendid, the camp and batteries of the enemy being about a mile and three-quarters distant; but our fire elicited no reply, and it was soon evident that the rebels had no heavy artillery in that part of their intrenchments at least.

Our troops rapidly advancing, as if on parade, occupied the knolls, upon which they were directed at 2.20 o'clock.

Ten minutes later Gen. WILLICH, driving across an open field, carried the rifle-pits in his front, whose occupants fled as they fired their last volley; and Gen. SHERIDAN, moving through the forest that stretched before him, drove in the enemy's pickets and halted his advance in obedience to orders on reaching the rifle-pits, where the rebel force was awaiting for his attack.

No such attack was made, however, the design being to recover the heights on our left, but not to assault the rebel works.

We have taken about 200 prisoners, captured mostly from Alabama troops, and have gained a position of great importance, should the rebels still attempt to hold the Chattanooga Valley, as with these heights in our possession, a column moving to turn Missionary Ridge is secure from flank artillery.

The rebels fired their small cannon only during the affair.

THE EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

Important Letter from Solicitor Whiting of the War Department.

The following is a letter addressed by the Solicitor of the War Department to a gentleman in Boston, in reply to some inquiries for information as to the causes of the cessation in the exchange of prisoners;

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 20, 1863.

DEAR SIR: Your letter of the 17th has been received, in which you inquire whether any documents are now accessible, or will be likely soon to be published by our Government relating to the exchange of prisoners of war; and you justly remark that the subject excites a deep interest in consequence of the sufferings of our men in Richmond.

The correspondence published in the Richmond papers does not, it is thought, present the matter in its true light. In a few days the entire correspondence will be made public here by authority.

There are several serious difficulties in the way of continuing an exchange of prisoners. One is the *bad faith* of the enemy in putting into active service many thousands of paroled prisoners, captured at Vicksburgh and elsewhere, without releasing any of our soldiers held by them. But another difficulty of still graver importance is the *peremptory refusal by the enemy to exchange colored soldiers and their white officers upon any terms whatever*. It is well known that they have threatened to sell colored captured soldiers into Slavery, and to hang their white officers.

The Government demands that all officers and soldiers should be fairly exchanged, otherwise no more prisoners of war will be given up. The faith of the Government is pledged to these officers and troops that they shall be protected, and it cannot and will not abandon to the savage cruelty of slave-masters a single officer or soldier who has been called on to defend the flag of his country, and thus exposed to the hazards of war.

It has been suggested that exchanges might go on until all except the colored troops and their white officers have been given up. But if this were allowed the rebels would not only be relieved of the burden of maintaining our troops, but they would get back their own men retaining their power over the very persons whom we are solemnly bound to rescue, and upon whom they could *then*, without fear of retaliation, carry into execution the inhuman cruelties they have so basely threatened.

The President has ordered that the stern law of retaliation shall without hesitation be enforced, to avenge the death of the first Union soldier of whatever color, whom the enemy shall in cold blood destroy, or sell into slavery. All other questions between us may be postponed for future settlement, but the fair exchange of colored soldiers and of their white officers will be insisted on by the Government before another rebel soldier or officer will be exchanged.

The sufferings of our men in Richmond are the subject of deep regret and sympathy here; and there has been no want of effort to afford all possible relief.

Very truly yours,
WILLIAM WHITING.

LATER FROM THE SOUTH.

A Dispatch from Bragg on Affairs at Knoxville.

Particulars of the Shelling of Charleston.

Southern Reports and Reports via Boston.

Rebel Reports of the Late Battle in Louisiana.

FORTRESS MONROE, Monday, Nov. 23.

The steamer *City of New-York* left for City Point this morning, with 125 Confederate Surgeons, in charge of Maj. MULFORD.

The new steamer *Greyhound*, Capt. MARTIN, arrived in Hampton Roads last evening from New-York. She takes the place of the *City of Hudson* on the Norfolk route.

HENRY W. WILSON, of the Quartermaster's Department, died at the Chesapeake Hospital this morning.

The telegraph cable between Old Point and Cherrystone stopped working yesterday, and has not yet been repaired, owing to the rough weather.

The Richmond *Whig*, of the 21st, has the following telegraphic news:

MISSION RIDGE, Thursday, Nov. 16.

To Gen. Cooper:

Gen. WHEELER reports an attack upon and dispersion of the enemy's cavalry, pursuing them into the woods at Knoxville, and capturing 300 prisoners. The infantry force is close up.

(Signed) B. BRAGG, General.

ABINGDON, Friday, Nov. 20.

Nothing definite. Encouraging indications westward.

OPERATIONS AGAINST CHARLESTON.

The following dispatches are taken from the Richmond *Dispatch*, of Nov. 20:

CHARLESTON, Thursday, Nov. 19.

The enemy have been firing slowly from Battery Gregg upon Fort Sumter to-day. Nothing else new this morning.

The enemy fired eleven shots from Gregg at the city to-day between 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. Damage trifling. Some three or four buildings were struck, and one person was injured.

The *Pawnee* and another gunboat came up the Stono and shelled Battery Pringle, but effected nothing.

The firing on Sumter was slow and steady all day. Some few shots have been fired at the Sullivan Island batteries. No casualties are reported at Sumter or Sullivan Island.

CHARLESTON, Friday, Nov. 20.

The enemy renewed his fire on the city this morning at 11 o'clock. At 4 o'clock this afternoon the number of shells thrown was twelve.

The shelling of Fort Sumter to-day has been heavier than usual with mortars. But few rifle shots were fired. There were no casualties either in the city or fort.

REPORTS FROM BOSTON.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

A correspondent of the *Traveller*, writing from Folly Island on the 16th instant, says:

"The loss of the rebels is said to vary from five to fifteen daily. Our casualties a few weeks ago were fully equal to those of the rebels, but now that the most effective rebel batteries are silenced our casualties are rare.

Fort Sumter suffers in meek silence, not displaying even her flag more than half the time.

Fort Moultrie and Fort Johnson shoot with no great vigor, and our men easily lodge under cover and avoid danger from them.

Meantime new forts are being thrown up on this and the adjacent islands, which will shortly command all the navigable channels, and give relief to our blockading squadron."

BOSTON, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

The transport steamer *Forrest City*, which arrived here to-day, left Charleston Bar at 12½ o'clock on Thursday last. When she left a very brisk cannonading was going on from the forts on Morris Island, Wagner and Gregg, which had continued without intermission night and day for several days, but seemed rather more brisk on this day than on former ones. Their shots were directed on Forts Sumter and Moultrie.

The United States steamers *Sawnee* and *Marblehead* went up the Stono River on Thursday morning last, and just before the *Forest City* left the bar the *Marblehead* was engaged in shelling the woods, it being stated that the rebels had a battery concealed at that point.

Thursday last was a day of thanksgiving and praise in the Southern Confederacy. It was rumored that at 2 o'clock on that day Gen. GILLMORE was to open a bombardment of the City of Charleston.

On her previous trip from Boston the *Forest City* took out 750 recruits, who were safely landed at Folly Island.

THE LATE FIGHT IN THE TECHE DISTRICT.

MOBILE, Thursday, Nov. 16.

A letter received from a member of Gen. GREEN's Staff announces the defeat of two Yankee columns in Louisiana. Gen. FRANKLIN's division encountered a portion of Gen. DICK TAYLOR's army, under Gen. GREEN, near Alexandria, on the 5th, and after a stubborn fight the Yankees were routed, with the loss of their stores and 600 prisoners.

Gen. WEITZEL's division is reported to have been routed by Gen. DICK TAYLOR, near Opelousas. The expedition is said to be abandoned. A portion of the troops have returned to Port Hudson and Baton Rouge.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

The Mails by the City of Baltimore.

Louis Napoleon's Letter Proposing a Peace Congress.

OPINIONS AND COMMENTS THEREUPON.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Inman steamer *City of Baltimore*, Capt. MIRREHOUSE, which left Liverpool at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 11th, and Queenstown on the 12th inst., arrived here at 6 o'clock last evening.

Her news is one day later than that received on Monday, by the *America*, but its main points were transmitted by telegraph from Cape Race on Friday night.

In the Cork journals of Thursday, Nov. 12, we find the following later telegrams:

THE PROPOSED PEACE CONGRESS.

TEXT OF LOUIS NAPOLEON'S LETTER.

PARIS, Wednesday, Nov. 11.

The letter of the Emperor of the French to the Sovereigns, inviting them to a Congress at Paris, has been published to-day. It points out that, from the political condition of Europe, it is impossible not to acknowledge that nearly everywhere the treaties of Vienna have been destroyed, modified, or misunderstood. The Emperor continues as follows:

"We are threatened with a danger so much the more formidable because the improvement effected by civilization, which has bound the people together by an identity of material interests, would render a war still more destructive. Let us not wait before taking our part for sudden and irresistible events to disturb our judgment, and draw us despite ourselves into a contrary direction. Called to the throne by Providence and the will of the French people, but trained in the school of adversity, it is perhaps less allowable for me than any other to ignore the rights of sovereigns and the legitimate aspirations of people. Thus I am ready, without a preconceived system, to enter an international Congress with the spirit of moderation and justice, ordinarily the portion of those who have endured so many various trials. If I take the initiative in this overture, I do not yield to an impulse of vanity, but because I am a sovereign, the most credited with ambitious projects, and I have got it at heart, to prove by a frank and loyal step that my sole object is to arrive, without a shock, at the pacification of Europe. If this proposition be agreed to, I pray you to accept Paris as the place of meeting. Europe would perhaps see some advantage in the capital whence the signal for overthrow has so many times issued, becoming the seat of conferences destined to lay the basis of a general pacification."

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

The Paris *Constitutionnel* of the 10th publishes an article signed by M. LIMAYRAC, setting forth the questions which the Congress will have to examine, viz.: Poland, Schleswig, the East, &c., which may all lead to serious complications. All these are questions, says the *Constitutionnel*, in which France is not directly interested. Any refusal to settle them would not injure her honor or interest, but the general interest. If Europe continued to maintain the agitation caused by the present precarious and painful state of things, the confidence of the people will show how to acquit France of responsibility.

The correspondent of the London *Post*, under date of the 11th, says that the general impression at Paris is that the Congress will be convoked.

The London *Globe* of the 11th, says there is little necessity for an European Congress. With the exception of the annexation of Cracow, and one or two transitions, every territorial or political change since 1815 has been recognized. As to the future, with such slight promises of success, or unanimity, the *Globe* hopes no hasty assent will be given to the Emperor's proposal. A Congress unsuccessful would be little less than mischievous.

La France, of the 11th, says: "The information at present received continues to prove that the Powers are more and more favorably disposed to the idea of an European Congress. It is now possible to foresee that the greater number will be represented."

The English Cabinet held a meeting on the 10th, and were to assemble again on the 11th to consider their answer to the Emperor's invitation.

According to the Paris *Patrie*, Russia, Italy and Spain had already sent in their adhesion to the proposed congress. The Court of Berlin had not yet arrived at a conclusion.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LONDON, Thursday Morning, Nov. 12,
Via QUEENSTOWN.

THE EUROPEAN CONGRESS.

The *Times* says it is probable that the able and energetic but restless Ruler of the French has rather in view his own exaltation than any real change for the better in the public law of Europe. He should give a proof of his sincerity by associating with the rearrangement of Europe some plan of disarmament. All, however, that this country has to do, is to ascertain what are the objects of the proposed Congress, when the Emperor particularizes the questions which it is his intention to submit to Europe. It will be the duty of the British Government to judge whether these can be advantageously discussed, and whether the decision of the Congress can be in any way enforced against a recusant power. If the Government thinks that the present difficulty and future danger may be amicably settled and greater security given to Europe by a Congress, they will not allow any prejudice to stand in the way of cooperation.

The *Post* says the Emperor's letters offer propositions that in their large benevolence partake of enthusiasm, but the first object for England is to inquire precisely into the objects of the Congress, and the means by which they are to be accomplished.

The *Daily News* decidedly opposes a Congress which, under certain circumstances, is a sure means of accelerating war; to call a Congress, declare the public law of Europe repealed, and throw on the table a number of unsettled questions, is in effect gambling with the peace of the world.

The *Star* says the experiment of a Congress is worth trying.

COMMERCIAL.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

	Consols—Money.	Account.	New 3 ₽ cent.
Opening....	92⅜@⅝	91⅜@⅛ ex div.	90¾@⅞
1 P. M......	92⅜@⅝	91¼@⅜ ex div.	90⅝@⅞
2¼ P. M....	92⅜@⅝	91¼@⅜	90⅝@¾

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET—NOV. 12.

SUGAR firm; fair business; moderate supply; Refined steady; Low Lumps, 50s. COFFEE not much in request; prices in favor of purchasers. TEA, no change in value; small business. RICE, fair demand; prices full up. SALTPETRE quiet; rates unchanged. TALLOW—Slow sale, and Y. C. 43s. 6d.@43s. 9d. on spot and early delivery.

MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, Nov. 11—A. M.

COTTON—The market on Monday was firm, and prices tended upward, but on Tuesday it was dull and easier. Sales of the two days, 9,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export.

TRADE AT MANCHESTER—Yesterday, was very quiet, and quotations generally were easier, owing to the apprehension of a still further advance in the Bank rate of discount.

BREADSTUFFS—Messrs. WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co., RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., and others, report Flour firm but quiet. Wheat in fair demand at full prices; Red Western, 7s. 6d.@8s. 6d. ₽ cental. Corn heavy and neglected; mixed, 28s. 3d. ₽ 480 lbs.

PROVISIONS—Messrs. GORDON, BRUCE & Co., BIGLAND, ATHYA & Co., report Beef and Pork quiet and unaltered. Bacon dull, and prices rather favor buyers. Lard slow at 39s. 6d.@41s. Tallow firm. Butter dull but unchanged.

PRODUCE—Sugar opened active and 6d.@1s. dearer, but closed quieter. Coffee inactive. Rice quiet but steady. Ashes in moderate demand; Pots 29s. 6d.@29s. 9d.; Pearls 32s. 6d. Bark, Philadelphia, 9s.@9s. 6d. Linseed Oil quiet. Resin and Spirits of Turpentine in limited request. Petroleum again lower; Refined 1s. 9d.@1s. 10d. ₽ gallon.

LONDON MARKETS—BREADSTUFFS firmer. SUGAR firm at full prices. COFFEE steady. TEA in moderate demand. RICE firmer. TALLOW firm; Y. C. 43s. 9d. @44s.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The Bank rate continued at 6 per cent., but there were in daily expectations of a rise to 7 per cent. The drain of gold continued, and the demand for money was brisk.

Consols steady on the 10th, at 93¼@⅜.

MR. BEECHER'S WELCOME IN NEW-YORK

Ovation at the Academy of Music

The Antagonism Between American and European Ideas.

The welcome in this City to Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, was given at the Academy of Music last evening, by a very large assemblage. On the appearance of the reverend gentleman, accompanied by Mayor OPDYKE, he was enthusiastically greeted. Mayor OPDYKE, who presided, introduced him in a few exceedingly handsome and appropriate words, which were received with much applause. The address of welcome was made by WILLIAM CURTIS NOYES, Esq., after which Mr. BEECHER addressed the audience as follows:

ADDRESS OF REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I accept your kindness and your congratulations with unfeigned pleasure and with gratitude. You will never know how sweet it is to be praised by your own countrymen until you have been banished for a time from it, and stood among those on every side of you who disliked your country, her institutions and her ideas. Under such circumstances one must be devoid not only of patriotism, but almost of humanity itself, not to be inspired to some endeavors in behalf of his own land. It required no courage, as it now requires no reward, to have stood up for American ideas upon English soil. [Applause.] I was paid before I did my work—I was paid at every step of that work, and if I had come back after a weary and tedious voyage to have found no word of welcome from you, I still should have been abundantly paid in the privilege of saying something for liberty and something for that land which enshrines it in her very institutions. [Applause.] And yet I choose not to regard your gathering as personal to me except in the first step. I will not affect to reject it and to believe that you entertain for me personal kindness. Neither will I believe that it ends there. For I am honored by you to-night, not because I am simply an American citizen, but because I have been made to be a representative of American ideas, and this is a testimony of the value which you put upon them. This is a renewed witness and confession on your part of the inestimable value of those principles in which our institutions are radicated, and for which we are now in war, and for which we are now held up as a spectacle before men and angels. As American ideas are to act an important part in the future, we may do well to consider what they are as distinguished from European ideas. We are not then to look for them in any material prosperity of this great people. Our climate, our soil, our mines, our rivers, our harbors, are our happy accidents. We had nothing to do in making them but only in inheriting their blessings. Our industry and our wealth are more related to us, but they do not distinguish us, for other nations are industrious, and other peoples are wealthy. We are not to look to our material prosperity for American ideas, since we divide these things with all other nations of the civilized world. We must look for American ideas as distinct from Continental, European ideas, nearer to the sources of our national life than to any external or material prosperity. They are the radical ideas held by us and incorporated into society and civil government—radical ideas of the nature of man, of the nature of his rights and of the nature of the society which he forms. We hold then first to the liberty—civil and personal—for the individual man, not as something for which he may be prepared. Liberty is not an attainment—not as a reward of conduct—not as an honor conferred by society—not as a prerogative given by Government—but we hold to the right of the liberty in the individual as something inherent—not a right but a necessity. With less than liberty, he is less than man—and is man, as God thought of him when he created him, only when he has been thoroughly developed and rounded up in all his attributes in the atmosphere of liberty. [Applause.] It is that without which nations cannot evolve symmetrically and perfectly—it is the medium of human existence. A human soul so made to be healthy, harmless, powerful—but benignant in all its power—only where it is developed in fully regulated liberty; but liberty is required for it just as light is for the eye—sound is for the ear—food is for the tongue, and air is for the lungs. And although all of these organs can exist without their appropriate aliment or medium, they exist imperfectly; and so, although man may exist without liberty, he is but a fragmentary man, whereas the perfect ideal man cannot exist without these, and these from childhood. Liberty then is the normal condition of every faculty and of the whole soul of man. It belongs to all who inherit a rational and material nature. This is the seminal point of American institutions. Below there is nothing. This is fundamental, and from this avowed principle—much argued—much controverted—but fundamental to the nature of man, derived historically from the teachings of Christianity, sprang our first Government—for our Government is the first in history which were deduced logically from the foregoing principles. Other Governments were expedients—one adding to another, as men found their way along. It was our ancestors who struck at the nature of human rights and then came across to encase them in institutions and from them to deduce a Government; and it is the American Government that was deduced from these principles, and is the only one in the history of mankind. [Applause.] Springing from this idea of human rights, belonging to the individual as a part of his created nature, is the great American doctrine that civil society must be so organized as to secure and to defend the rights and attributes of those individual citizens—that a State is strong in the degree in which its private citizens are strong, and is weak in proportion as the liberty of its integral members are deprived of their liberty. The European doctrine, in the main, makes the State strong through its Government. The American idea makes the State strong through its governed members. The European idea holds that the State is the great end—that men are the bricks that with trowel and mortar are put together to make the State strong. The American idea is that the State is but a servant, and that it serves the individual citizens. For them it exists, and it is great and good just as it defends the immunities, privileges, rights, dignities and purities of the individual citizens who are the end for which the State is created; and all laws, all institutions, and all the economy of civil society, is but in blessed servitude for the individual man. And there is the strength of society in America, that it takes care of and nourishes the individual man, and so makes the State strong; while the European idea neglects or slightly attends to the man, in its anxiety to make the State strong—exactly reversing ours. [Applause.] The third American idea is, that civil Governments derive their powers direct from the citizens, and are to be held directly responsible to the people for the exercise of those powers, and that they are to exercise those powers purely and simply in the interests of those from whom they are borrowed. The well being of society and government, according to these views, demand that the people shall be materially and intellectually educated, so as by that to know what things are best and wisest, that the wisest and best may be secured and maintained. These are not American ideas because we discovered them, but because we adopted them, clothed them with political power, and because they have more than anywhere else been successful here. Now, to understand the European feeling we must consider what relation have these ideas to the structure of European society, to the principles of absolute government and to the position of parties in Europe. It is enough to say that if we are right, the principal Governments of Europe are wrong. Europe may be divided into two parts—the upper and the lower. The upper represent the dynastic ideas; they hold the wealth and power and intelligence. The lower have neither wealth nor average intelligence, nor altogether skill even; they hold masses of men, and throughout Europe the masses of men are struggling for a higher manhood—for political power, not that they may be crowned and coroneted, but simply that they may have room and influence to become more men than they have been permitted to be. So the upper part—one-fifth of Europe—is against us; but the lower four-fifths, as fast as they are instructed, are and will be in our favor. Why? Because American ideas are directly subversive of the monarchical ideas of Europe; because they are in affinity and sympathy with the real wants and ideas of the great mass of the struggling populations of other countries. Hitherto, we have studied simply the home aspects of American ideas. It is well to study their relation to foreign ideas. When they are no longer ideas but things; when they are not theories but organizations—they are something more than speculation. This great continent has been reared up in sight of Europe. All that we do, all that we are, and all that we tend to become, is perfectly understood there, and is a blessing to the common people as it is pestiferous to their rulers. [Applause.] For a realization of a good Government among the people, with a Government such as this is, is very dangerous for Europe to behold. Do you stop to reflect that you are organizing a civic assault upon European ideas? I wonder that they have been so patient. The maintenance of the best government—and so cheaply—is a very damaging thing. We have said we don't interfere with you—we don't meddle with European politics. It is false. Every State in this Union meddles with it—not consciously, for we send no missionaries—but we set examples which from year to year say to all the over-taxed and burdened people of Europe, "You are squandering millions to maintain a government that oppresses you, while we pay but a small sum for a Government that nourishes us. Can you do that and not affect Europe. I tell you there is no one thing to state to a people so efficacious as that. Security of property is a self-government, and the safety of the people is also vindicated by the example of this nation. One of the reasons why we are so much misrepresented in this regard is that they are anxious that this nation shall not be understood to be happy. No wonder that the advocate of absolutism takes sides against us, for the continued examples of the prosperity of this people under their Government will compel Europe in the end either to reform or to revolutionize. [Applause.] You know it, and they know it a great deal better. You rejoice, and they deplore. When, therefore, there is a glittering sword and a cloud of blood and the prospect of a disruption of the Government, and taxation and heavy burdens upon the people, they scream with delight. It has taken away the very terror of their nights and the very horror of their days. The nation whose prosperity, whose power, whose virtue, whose wealth was a perpetual commentary upon their Government, is at least in revolution! Yes, because it was necessary for God to teach them one lesson more—that self-government in a free and religious nation could go through revolution and come out of it stronger than when it went into it. [Prolonged applause.] I said to some gentlemen with with whom I conversed, "If you are happy and rejoicing at that, my advice to you is to make the most of it now; [applause;] your time is short, and the result of this great struggle will forever end the opportunities for further joys of that kind." [Applause.] We are engaged, then, in a contest, not alone for our own existence and the maintenance of those ideas on which our Government is formed, but we are engaged in a conflict for principles—in a universal conflict. It is no small thing for a nation like ours to stand for the world; but you do represent the interests of the world—of the common people of every nation in civilization—you are arrayed with them against the dynasties—with the Poles—the Hungarians—the Italians—the French and the British. The fate of the masses is intimately associated with our fate, for those principles they call American are divine and universal, and belong to us because they belong to mankind; for should we prove to be unworthy of the great cause which God has devolved upon us, we should only be a part of the sufferers. Should a Republican Government prove to be incapable of executing the needful functions of government, we should shove back the hopes of mankind indefinitely. On the other hand, the power of a people to make a government for themselves being proved here, it will never stop here. The power of a people to submit themselves implicitly to their own Government would not create your happiness half so much as it will create happiness for the whole world. The power of our Government against external danger is not doubted. Whether we have power to bear up against internal rebellion is a part of the experiment we are now enacting. If this is demonstrated, then Europe stands on the eve of a new era. Reformation or revolution is the choice. You cannot exist as a free nation, have cheap Government, free schools and have a people thrive in prosperity and peace, as you must do, without shaking the world to its foundations. We are not then to forget, that while the dynastic and monarchical interests are against us the popular interests of Europe is with us; and that they may not be misled we ought not to be impatient with European nations. Besides the more public addresses which I delivered, it was my duty to dwell much in private conversations with intelligent men, to address private circles gathered at private houses from morning to morning and from night to night, to be, in short, a missionary and colporteur among the heathen. [Great applause and laughter.] I wish to lay before you briefly the views which I presented them while I was abroad. It was not my business to lay my own mere theories and notions before the audiences or the people, but to give them a representation of American ideas; and it seems to me not improper that I should lay before you some of the views which I gave, that they may receive in this public manner, if you agree with them, the seal of your approbation, and cease to be mine by your appropriation. And first, I found a very general impression, assiduously cultivated on the part of some, ignorantly received by others, that this was a nation peculiarly liable, by the very nature of its institutions and the character of its people—peculiarly liable to mobs. [Laughter.] We are supposed to be vain, boastful, lawless, arrogant, unscrupulous, and one reason has been that the hand of this nation has been Southern for the last fifty years. [Applause.] I was obliged to say that it was not the North that wanted Cuba—that it was not the North that organized fillibustering expeditions for Central America—it was not the North that quarreled with Mexico—it was not the North that has led in the conflicts for the last fifty years, for the North is essentially peaceful, able to make war, but loving peace; and it is the nature of Slavery—an organized violence—to resort to physical force for the maintenance of the unjust and unchristian system. And this is the aspect that has been unfavorable in Europe, as arising not from the characteristic manner of free society, but of slave society. Even such a man as HARRY BROUGHAM was pleased, and in my presence—for I among other trials [laughter] which Providence imposed upon me, was that of listening to his address [laughter] in which he was pleased to style the American people the "American mob." I had never expected to think so well of a mob—I had never supposed that it would be my duty to say to gentlemen in Europe, "You ought to be ashamed that a mob behaves better than the people—if you are the people and we are the mob, we behave better than you do. Yet that fear was very vague and unreasoning with some—a prejudice with others—a wish with many, that feeling that Republican Government was so loose-jointed, so lax, so irresponsible, that we are like a vineyard on the side of a volcano, where every year or two we are liable to eruptions which burn all before them. It was my business, therefore, to show them that the facts were not as they believed them to be; and I stated that there were fewer riots for the population and for our years in this country than in any civilized country on the globe; fewer riots, for Republican institutions, instead of being unable to repress riots when they take place, are doubly able, first, because they prevent riots, for they take away all motive. Why should the men that have the making of the laws rise up against them? Why, when citizens have the absolute power to send a man up or to take him down, to enact or to annul, to lay foundations or to subvert them, why should they go into rioting? There is no motive. No people are more conservative in the world than a people who are made universal stockholders in the Government. Now, in America, men are more secure down to the bottom of society—they are householders and landholders, and almost without exception they are endowed with the elective franchise. When you have given those two things to the citizen—when you have made him a voter and a property holder, you have made it almost impossible but that he should be a good citizen—he has an interest in the stability of the laws—he has an interest in the peace of the community—his wife and his children are so many pledges for his good conduct—and in such a community riots are impossible—Republican institutions prevent riots. But when they do take place they are more easily repressed, and society is less strained in the joints than in any other country in the world. I told them that the riots of New-York, of which so much was made, were just as thoroughly foreign as if they had taken place in Cork or Dublin. [Applause and laughter.] If they are not foreign, then they are the fruit of that great system of fraud and wrong in America—Slavery. Aside from these two things we might go on for fifty years and not a bubble would come to the surface in the shape of a riot. They are not the evil of American institutions—they are rotten, in spite of them coming from a society which is thrown upon the surface. We are not afraid to compare our history and example with that of old England, or France, or with any other people on the face of the globe, for number of riots. And, to-day, a riot in the parks of London is ten times more dangerous to the stability of the whole kingdom, than even such a savage riot as you had in New York is to our Government. It did not aim to subvert any law—it was not against the genius of our State. But a riot in London would shake a great many things that men are interested not to have shaken. I also found a fear very widely prevalent that we were a dangerous nation by reason of such gigantic power as was being developed among us. [Laughter.] I suppose that there never was a people so strong, that had such a promise. On, what an outline is that that God is marking on this continent—yet, in its boyhood—and when all those bones shall have grown to flint, and all those muscles shall have been filled up, and when this nation from ocean to ocean is knit and united, standing on the great foundations of freedom and virtue and intelligence, where was there ever such a nation, and where is there room for such another on the face of the globe? And I concede that Europe has an interest in asking what is the disposition of such a Power; for when we are so filled up, if united, our tread would be like an elephant's tread among mice. [Laughter and applause.] It was my duty to show that the American people, from policy, and from tradition, do not, and do not wish to meddle in any foreign politics. The only tendency to meddle with foreign politics that has ever been developed in this land has been Southern—it is contrary to the tendency of a free people, under our free institutions—and I said to them: "If you stay at home, and mind your business, we are determined to stay at home and mind our business." ["Hear" and applause.] Free society, from its very nature, is pacific, and slave society bellicose. Every farm in the whole North is an argument for peace—every loom and every anvil is a plea for peace—every port, and every ship in every port, is a pledge of peace. We are developing men in material, civil and moral respects and in all social refinements—and we need peace and no conflict. And I call you to bear witness that there never was an example of a less disposition for war, and a stronger tendency toward peace—peace with all mankind. If then, free society prevail, peace will prevail, but if slave society prevail, war is inevitable from the nature of such a power. With a division of this country the North would be obliged to maintain a great standing army, and that would give the North belligerent tendencies. I said to them "Give your moral support to unite this nation, for free ideas do not require large armies and navies, but rather pacific relations with all neighboring States. [Applause.] American institutions educate men to be brave and terrible when compelled to fight for their liberties. It is the spirit of the American to work with the brain—we think out our victories. Our civil society has been drawn from gospel. We take the sword against the sword, and are reluctant to unsheath it and glad to put it again into its scabbard. But such a people, compelled to war only by the pressure of patriotism, never will put the sword back until they have done the errand for which they drew it. [Great applause.] I found also very great misconceptions in respect to this war that we are now waging. Much was said about the inhumanity of war against our brethren. As to that war is inhuman against anybody, but it is no more inhuman for us to bombard Charleston in rebellion than it is for Great Britain to burn down a city of 180,000 inhabitants against Japanese. [Applause.] War is nothing but police, national police. Is it wrong for a policeman to collar a burglar or a thief, or to use such force as is necessary to subdue him? The war is nothing but the police of a nation collaring a burglar or a thief and holding him. And if it be necessary according to the laws of war, it still is violence, and so far is inhuman. But it is only inhuman because crimes against the public peace require it and coercion, and the degree of cruelty which it must necessarily carry with it. But they that exercise the justice are not responsible for the cruelty, but they that bring it down upon themselves. It is not of so much importance to ask against whom war is waged as to ask for what it is waged? If you are waging war for justice, for humanity, for law and liberty, then it makes no difference who your antagonist is. Against your own father's son, against your own neighbor, if you are called in the Providence of God to stand up and assert moral truth and moral principle, you come under that Divine command, "If any man come not after me and leave father and mother, brother and sister, husband, wife—all things, he is not worthy to be considered with me." The cruelty of the North and its arrogance are much commented upon in England. There is an impression, which is propogated by misrepresentation, that we have been excessively arrogant and are excessively cruel, of course I denied both. I did not exactly say that we were humble. [Laughter.] It is common in England to say that we are a remarkably vain people, and it did me good to hear Englishmen charge Americans with vanity. [Laughter.] The difference is about this, that we are superficially vain and intensely proud, while the English are superficially proud and intensely vain. [Applause and laughter.] But you will see if you go to England the stock you came from and recognize the family likeness. [Laughter.] As to the matter of cruelty, I hold that the North to a singular extent is free from that reproach. I believe that there never was a spectacle of a people that on the whole felt so kindly toward those very people whom they were obliged to fight so hard; and the fault of our Government has not been cruelty, but undue leniency. [Applause.] And on the other hand I hold that the leaders of rebellion in the main have sought to be human, and if there has been atrocity, as there has been, though less reported in their newspapers, for they love more to report them if of any consequence, [laughter,] and because Slavery is a repressive system, and don't believe in speaking out everything that happens as liberty does—if there have been cruelties, they have been exercised by a population that needs must exist and be bred in the tracks of Slavery; and if there has been cruelty in this war, it is not in our side, except in exceptional instances. Southern men, it is said in England, are better fighters, and therefore the sympathy of Europe is with them. Very well. I replied, Southern men are Americans. [Applause.] We are not ashamed of their good fighting qualites; they got to come back among us, and we are proud of our own citizens. [Laughter and applause.] It is a specimen of our own people; they are engaged in carrying on an unjust war, and I said to them, we recognize them as on a bad side, and how much grander would they fight if they only had a good cause. [Applause.] And as to the military disparity between the North and the South—it exists only in seeming. They have the most defensive country on the continent, and they have waged a defensive war. We have been obliged to carry along a line of twelve hundred miles in offensive war against a defensive people. Whenever southern armies, led by their best Generals, have undertaken to reverse it, and made it an offensive war toward the North, they have been more quickly and signally discomfited than ever we were. [Great applause.] And yet, after all disadvantages, it was my privilege and pleasure to say, about two-thirds of the whole territory of rebellion has been wrested by hard blows from the hand of rebellion, and is held, and no man can take it from this Union. [Loud applause.] Of course the Slavery question came up with a long shade of foreign thought and sympathy. It was utterly impossible to gain the people in Europe by alliance with Slavery, because the public sentiment of Europe is so strong on this subject against domestic Slavery, that it was fatal to any cause to be allied with it. It was necessary, therefore, to blunt and obliterate the public mind on this subject. The Christian public were taught to dodge it very generally, though there were noble exceptions in all denominations and sects; and yet there is a pretty large class of influential men in the Christian sects of Great Britain that profess to be vehemently Anti-Slavery, but to be neither Northern nor Southern. They are opposed to Slavery but they take no sides. This war a case for which the motives of men, I told them, were secondary, and the results to be determined in the conflict between the North and the South, by the particular interests respectively on each side. If the South prevails, they will carry their institutions to the Pacific; if the North prevails, they will carry their institutions to the Gulf; and now it makes no difference whether the South is to succeed, or the North is to succeed. You are called to take sides, gentlemen, Englishmen, between two parties which will carry free institutions or slave institutions, no matter what our private opinions are, and victory with the North is victory of free society; victory with the South is victory of slave society; and now, if you are Anti-Slavery men, take your sides—take your choice. [Applause.] That was a difficult place to be put in. [Applause and laughter.] It was faintly intimated that the South, being independent, Slavery in that way would die more speedily than if she were allied to the North; give her independence, and she would have no recuperative power by alliance with freedom. We have passed through that period in which we nourished her, and have just got to that period in which we were to suffocate her with kindness. [Laughter.] Instead of there being a possibility of emancipation through Southern independence, there was a prospect rather of a new dynasty and a long row of years of internal confusion and disasters after that, to themselves and those that had the misfortune to be their neighbors. It was also constantly alleged that the North did not go to war for emancipation, but simply for Union. To that I responded: "True, true." The peculiar policy of our nation—the peculiar structure of our nation—forbids one State to meddle, and the National Government to meddle with the strictly internal municipal affairs of another State; and I, who have been ranked, if not among Abolitionists, yet among Anti-Slavery men, all my life, hold myself to be a competent witness to the spirit of these advanced men who have fought the Anti-Slavery battle for the last twenty-five years, and I bear witness that it never was our intention, from the first to the middle, in the least to interfere, by political interference nor by violence, with the interior affairs of the Southern Slave States, neither before the war nor at the breaking out of that war. [Applause.] Our hope of emancipation was the perpetual use of moral influences, the action of great commercial economy, and above all the non-extension of Slavery. When it was alleged that we did not go into this war for the purpose of emancipation, I said amen, if it were for the maintenance of nationality. [Applause.] It was a Union that was to have a national policy thereafter of liberty. But when, however, the recognition of the South as belligerents was proclaimed, and they had swollen this war to such gigantic proportions, this nation was obliged to be lifted entirely out of its peace powers into the highest sphere of war powers; and from that hour the North conducted the war for the Union, which was carried on to destroy Slavery, its root. [Applause.]

It was my great pleasure to assure those with whom I met, that a marvelous change had taken place for the better here in New-York, and that nothing had ever educated the New-York people so much as the late atrocious riots here—[applause]—and it so happened that the report of the Committee of merchants for the distribution of relief to the colored people who had been injured in the riots, came to my hands only the evening before I was to meet the clergy of London at a breakfast party—and the tears dropped down from many eyes as I read that grateful address of the colored people to the Commit-

[Continued on Eighth Page.]

The New-York Central Railroad.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The reasons which have been so forcibly presented in your columns, favoring a change in the management of the New-York Central Railroad Company, should attract the attention, not only of the stockholders, by whose votes or proxies its future management is to be determined, but also of all who appreciate and would perpetuate our Government unimpaired, who value public morality, and who deprecate the prostitution of fiduciary positions to the promotion of personal, party or political purposes.

The time has arrived when the public justly complains of an undue exercise of political power by this corporation or by its leading Directors, deriving their influence from their long connection with and control of its management, and hence it becomes the stockholders, who would avert in time, legislative interference with the interests and affairs of the Company, promptly to canvass the facts, and in the ensuing election to use their votes or proxies in such manner as shall unmistakably evince a proper regard for justice, for the maintenance of public morals and good government, as well as for the interests and prosperity of the corporation.

The writer does not feel called upon in this communication to determine as to the exact accuracy of the various allegations now current, relating to the transactions of particular parties connected with the management. In fact he questions the expediency of the introduction of personal characters into the controversy; as thereby the delinquents are enabled to appeal successfully to sympathetic stockholders for protection against personal assaults, and special charges of malfeasance, and escape judgment upon other transactions and derelictions which in the highest degree affect the prosperity of the corporation.

That sundry parties have been permitted to amass large fortunes out of this corporation, or from business incident to it, within a very few years, and that the facilities therefor have not been perceptibly reformed by the present Board, it is presumed will not be controverted by the management, as the fact cannot be concealed from the public, howsoever covered up by official circulars or interested certificates. Who may be *most* responsible is of less interest to the stockholders than the discovery of a general inefficiency, the evidences of which are daily becoming apparent.

There is an old proverb that "a wounded bird always flutters," and the recent circular issued by the fluttering directors, coupled with their ridiculous reasons for conceding to the stockholders the pittance of a five per cent. dividend, conclusively shows that in case they are as ignorant of the general affairs of the Company as they confessedly are of its political influence and tendencies, and as they were of its financial condition last July, it is high time the property should be placed in charge of men of more discernment, and who would scorn to issue a circular which insults the public intelligence, and at the same time displays the unfitness of its authors for the trusts they have undertaken. Although the reasons which have already been given to the stockholders should suffice to cause them to decline acceding to the "uniform" and *modest* request of the Albany managers that proxies should be sent to them, the writer proposes to give further reasons to which he attaches some importance.

The New-York Central Railroad Company owns a property probably worth over fifty millions of dollars.

Its road is located through the most populous portion of the State, and upon the natural route for business.

Its receipts and expenditures amount annually to many millions.

It is the rail avenue through which the chief business of the great West and Southwest has hitherto, and *should hereafter* flow to New-York and New-England.

Its success hitherto has been in a great degree dependent upon local, financial and natural causes, relating to its own and other lines, which are constantly undergoing changes and which must affect its future.

Its management has been, in many respects, creditable; in others, open to severe criticism.

It has been prosperous, and at times has enjoyed almost a monopoly of the public favor—in fact, by a combination of circumstances beyond its control, or rather independent of its management, it has of necessity become a great and successful corporation; but the time has come when it requires genius, energy and persistent effort to enable it to maintain its status.

An observer who will examine the railroad field of the country, from which the Central has hitherto derived its prosperity, will notice that rival corporations, heretofore far inferior to the Central, from pecuniary, local and physical causes and embarrassments, have now attained to positions nearly of equality with it, and have become competitors for its business; he will also find in their employment the best talent, tact and skill the country affords, reaching out for and controlling the rivulets of trade and conducting them into their main rival channels, forever to be lost to the Central, and also, to a great extent, to the cities of New-York and Boston—clearly so to the extent that the diversions shall be made to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

If a stockholder in the Central, or a merchant in New-York or Boston, our observer will naturally seek to ascertain what efforts are being made by the Central to maintain its conceded superiority and to counteract the efforts of its rivals, and he will seek in vain for talent, efficiency, and forecast competent to keep pace with the grasping energy of the managers of the New-York and Erie, the Pennsylvania Central, and the Baltimore and Ohio Companies. He will find this great corporation without a single representative who devotes himself exclusively and untiringly to its interests. He will find the stockholders preferring the ease of a false security, and a reliance upon men of political positions and aspirations, to the rugged grappling with stubborn facts which alone can save to the property all its advantages. And he will conclude, and wisely, that unless the stockholders shall decide to disregard individuals, and to infuse vigor, forecast, and energy into the management in place of the inefficiency which now controls it, within a very short time they will witness the diversion to other roads and to other cities than New-York and Boston of a vast business, which the Central could have permanently controlled; and will deplore, when too late, the apathy of 1863-4, which lowers the standard of the New-York Central to the success of her more energetic rivals.

Yours, A STOCKHOLDER.

New-York Central Railroad.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I concur in the remarks with which you followed my article in your paper of Saturday.

No stockholder who consults his pecuniary interests can desire to have this road, reeking as it is with political offences, brought before the Legislature. It is to be feared, that in curtailing the power to commit these daring and high-handed political offences, the value of the franchise might in other respects be impaired; and to avoid this possible contingency, I called upon stockholders to correct abuses themselves, and thus preserve unimpaired the most valuable franchise in America. The dividend which the Directors have just made, so far in advance of the usual time for declaring the dividend, is a confession extorted from their fears, and will of itself justify the movement by the stockholders to claim their share of the enormous earnings of the road. And now, if the road can make 10 per cent. dividends with its present earnings, what may it not divide when its income from travel is doubled by cutting off free passes, and when we have no more such wood contracts as the brother of Gov. SEYMOUR had the honesty and manliness to expose, but which cost him his Directorship as a gentle admonition from the imperious President of the road.

It must be painful to others, as it has been to me, to see three of the thirteen Directors proclaim the misfortune of a moral blindness as a qualification for reelection.

A STOCKHOLDER.

HOME OF THE FRIENDLESS.—The Home for the Friendless, No. 32 East Thirtieth-street, is always a place of special attraction on Thanksgiving day. Its festival of the present week will doubtless not prove an exception. Beside the usual children's concert, etc., brief addresses are expected from Rev. S. H. Tyng, Jr., and others.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

More Prize Money.

NEW PRIZE LIST READY FOR PAYMENT—DISTRIBUTION OF THE LODONA'S PRIZE MONEY.

A few weeks since we published a list of prizes ready for payment at the proper office in Washington. We have since received the following list of vessels, which have been sold and the proceeds of which are ready for disbursement:

Prizes.	By whom captured.
Revere	Monticello, Mary Tausa, Mahaska.
Columbia	Santiago de Cuba.
Hatteras	Magnolia.
William	De Soto.
Orion	Quaker City.
Courier	Huntsville.
Lilly	W. G. Anderson.
Julia	Sagamore.
Julia	Kittatinny.
Two Sisters	Albatross.
Silas Henry	Tahoma.
J. G. McNeil	Arthur.
Theresa	W. G. Anderson.

Some days ago we printed the amount of money distributed to the officers and crews of the *Magnolia* and *Memphis*. Those of the steamer *Unadilla* have just received the following amounts:

S. F. Dupont, Flag-officer		$5,795 78
Napoleon Collins, Lieut.-Commander		11,591 57
Charles H. Green, Lieutenant		5,730 00
Edward Vansice, Acting Master		4,583 99
Wm. L. Tuttle, Acting Master		4,583 99
Peter N. Cruse, Acting Master		4,583 99
Edward Marsland, First Assistant Engineer		3,899 99
Edward Way, Paymaster		6,111 99
Rob. H. Thurston, Third Assistant Engineer		2,291 99
Henry H. Lionel, Third Assistant Engineer		2,291 99
Fred Burd, Third Assistant Engineer		2,291 99
Wm K. Brice, Master's Mate		1,666 88
Jas. Collins, Captain's Clerk		1,528 00
Geo. E. Thomas, Acting Master's Mate		1,466 88
Chas. F. Hubbard, Assistant Surgeon		3,819 99
Pat. H. Brown, Paymaster's Clerk		1,222 39
Yeoman		880 12
Boatswain's Mate, Master-at-Arms, Gunner's Mate and Carpenters	each	916 79
Quartermasters, Masters	each	880 12
Sylv. M. Earle, Surgeon's Steward		916 79
Coxswain, Captains of Forecastle, Ship's Cook	each	880 12
A. M. Drummond, Capt. of Hold		733 44
Quarter Gunner, Officers' Stewards and Cooks	each	733 44
First-class Firemen	each	1,100 16
Second-class Firemen	each	916 79
Seamen	each	660 09
Ordinary Seamen	each	513 40
Landsmen	each	440 08
Coal Heavers	each	660 09
Refugee Pilot		1,100 16
Third-class Boys	each	293 40

Under the act of Congress approved March 2, 1863, there are three classes of persons entitled to prize money, namely: first, persons who, at the time of presenting their claims, are on board of United States vessels-of-war; second, persons who have been discharged from the service, and third, representatives or heirs of officers, marines, and seamen, deceased. The Treasury Department is ordered to credit the Navy Department with the amount held for distribution from prizes sold, and the officers, sailors, &c., sharing in the prize money, are credited in their accounts with the latter department with the amounts to which they are respectively entitled. With a view of saving the claimants from the piracies of claim agents, they are to receive their respective shares through the paymasters of the vessels to which they may be attached at the time the proceeds of the various prizes are ready for payment by the Fourth Auditor.

Important Arrest of a Female Shoplifter.

THE WIFE OF A REBEL COLONEL CHARGED WITH EXTENSIVE THEFTS AT STEWART'S, IN BROADWAY.

A fashionably dressed and genteel-appearing woman was arrested on Monday afternoon by Detective FARLEY, of Police Headquarters, on the grave charge of having, upon several occasions recently, stolen large quantities of laces and other goods from the retail establishment of Messrs. A. T. STEWART & Co., corner of Broadway and Tenth-street. The accused gives her name as MARY ANN CLEENAND, *alias* Mrs. ONDERDONK. She says she is a native of Virginia, and apparently she is about 34 years of age. She is a very shrewd and artful woman, as was exemplified about a year since when she was arrested in this City as a rebel spy. The testimony against her was quite conclusive at the time, but owing to the intercession of some prominent persons, she was released upon her parole of honor, after the decree had gone forth that she was to be sent to Fort Lafayette. It is stated upon good authority that her husband is at this time a Colonel in the rebel army, now serving in Texas. At the time of her apprehension a year ago, she went by the name of Mrs. ONDERDONK, as some of our readers may remember.

The facts connected with the theft at STEWART'S are substantially as follows: On the 10th inst. she visited the retail establishment in question, and told one of the clerks in charge of the lace department that she wished to purchase a quantity of lace. She was shown several pieces, from which she chose several samples which she said would answer her purpose. While the clerk was busy with another customer, it is alleged that she adroitly secreted about her person three pieces of black laces of the value of $64, and shortly after conveyed them away unknown to the clerk who was waiting upon her. On the 17th inst. she again visited the same store, and while pretending to purchase some small articles, she filched from the counter and placed in her pockets one piece of Honiton lace worth $20, and one pair of Honiton lace sleeves valued at $10.

On Monday last she again made her appearance at STEWART'S, for the ostensible purpose of buying goods, but while there, it is alleged in the affidavit of Mr. JOHN J. LUKE, one of the salesmen, that she stole laces and other articles, to the amount of $42. The latter gentleman states that he saw her put the articles in her pockets, and that thereupon he took measures to detain her, and sent to inform Mr. LYMAN, the general Superintendent of the establishment. Mr. LYMAN questioned her very closely, and finally charged her directly with having committed a series of thefts in their store. She at length owned to having taken some goods on that occasion, and when she disclosed the contents of her pockets, all the property known to have been stolen by her that day, was found.

Detective FARLEY was at this juncture called in and with his aid the residence of the woman, at No. 314 Fourth-avenue, was searched. Two large trunks were found, both of which were very full of costly laces, silks, gloves and divers other articles of a valuable nature. It is thought that over $4,000 worth of stolen property was found in her rooms.

MARY ANN was taken to the Tombs yesterday afternoon, where, after an examination by Justice DOWLING, she was committed to prison in default of $1,000 bail in each of the three cases.

Municipal Reform Party—Francis I. A. Boole for Mayor.

A meeting of the delegates to this organization was held Monday night at Jefferson Market, organizing by the appointment of Hon. W. A. GUEST as Chairman. Two hundred and five delegates answered to their names, and there were upwards of a thousand interested spectators.

Mr. RICHARDSON moved that Hon. F. I. A. BOOLE be nominated for Mayor. Carried amid great cheering.

The following resolutions were then proposed and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, There now exists a great necessity for reform in the management of our City Government, whose affairs for years have been administered with a view rather to the advancement of personal interests than for the public good, rendering necessary some action on the part of the people, and

Whereas, This organization, comprising men identified with all political bodies, bound by their action in local affairs, none of a National or State character, has been formed with a view solely to an advancement of the interests of the public to which its members belong; therefore,

Resolved, That we do hereby nominate for the responsible position of Mayor, FRANCIS I. A. BOOLE, a gentleman whose intimate knowledge of the practical workings of our City Government, whose energy, ability, and personal worth, render him preëminently fit for a just and successful performance of the duties of the office to which he aspires.

Resolved, That we are satisfied with the praiseworthy manner in which Mr. BOOLE has performed his duties as City Inspector, that in a greater field of labor, where his talents will not be circumscribed, he will so act as to win the confidence and esteem of his fellow-citizens, and we ask the coöperation of the people without distinction of party, in the earnest effort which we intend to make for his election.

After the adoption of the resolutions, speeches were made by different gentlemen, some of whom proclaimed themselves Republican, who urged the election of their candidate. The meeting broke up with loud cheers.

Yesterday morning, the Chairman and others of the Convention waited on Mr. BOOLE at his office, and notified him of his nomination. In a brief and pertinent speech he expressed his gratification and acceptance.

A Refutation.

J. K. HALL & CO., PHOTOGRAPHS, No. 453 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Nov. 24, 1863.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

A few days since, a charge was reported in the papers as having been made against me, for willfully destroying photographic plates belonging to a firm in Williamsburgh.

This charge was, as will be seen by the annexed letter, wholly without foundation, but as much publicity was given to it, you will confer a great favor upon the undersigned by making the retraction as public as the accusation.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

WILLIAMSBURGH, Nov. 20, 1863.

In your columns I notice a report reflecting upon the credit of Mr. HALL, No. 453 Broadway. I have just returned from Washington in order to correct the same, and desire to state that the misconstruction of my orders by one in my employ occasioned the error. The alleged charges have been withdrawn and I deem it my duty, in justice to Mr. HALL, thus publicly to correct your report.

THOMAS C. ROCHE.

Very respectfully, J. HALL.

City and County Loans on the Market.

The following loans are now or soon will be on the market, viz.:

LOANS ON THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.

1. *Riot Damages Indemnity Bonds*—For the payment of damages for which the county became liable under the provisions of chapter 428 of the Laws of 1855, in consequence of the proceedings of the mob during the riots in July last:

Amount authorized	$1,000 000 00
Amount heretofore issued	426,000 00
Balance to be issued from time to time, as the money is required for the payment of claims for damages	$574,000 00

These bonds are redeemable on the 1st day of August, 1864, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

2. *Soldiers' Substitute Bounty Fund Bonds*—For the procurement of substitutes for drafted soldiers, &c.:

Amount authorized	$2,000.000 00
Amount subscribed for	48,300 00
Balance to be issued	$1,951,700 00

These bonds are redeemable on the 1st day of June, 1864, and bear interest at 6 per cent. per annum. The loan will, without doubt, be duly legalized at the next session of the Legislature, and provision will be made at the same time for funding the amount.

3. *The New-York County Court-house Stock.*—This stock was authorized by chapter 167 of the Laws of 1862, and by an ordinance of the Board of Supervisors, passed April 18, 1862. The amount limited by the act is $1,000,000, of which the sum of $700,000 has already been issued. Of the proceeds of the amount issued $450,000 was paid to the Corporation for the benefit of the Sinking Fund for the redemption of the City debt, and $250 000 to the erection of the New Court-house in Chambers-street. The remainder of the amount authorized, say $300,000, is now offered, and will be awarded to the highest bidders (not less than par,) on Saturday, the 28th of November, inst.

This stock bears interest at six per cent., payable half-yearly, (May and November,) and the principal is redeemable in 1875, 1877, 1878 and 1879—the Board of Supervisors being authorized and required to raise the sum of $100 000 by taxation in each year, commencing in 1875, for that purpose.

LOANS OF THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

There are no loans of the Corporation now in the market. It is probable that $230,000 of Water Stock will shortly be authorized by the Common Council, that sum having been called for by the Croton Aqueduct Board, and recommended by the Comptroller, to provide means for finishing up the New Grand Reservoir, and the improvements at High Bridge.

This stock will bear interest at five per cent., payable quarter-yearly, and the principal will be redeemable in 1879.

We noticed that a proposition for another loan was introduced in the Board of Aldermen for building water-works at or near Carmansville, and building storage reservoirs in the Croton Valley.

The Corporation loans for war purposes, that is to say, for aiding the families of soldiers from this City, will be continued during the war at the rate of a million and a half or two million dollars per annum. In order to divide the burden, Comptroller BRENNAN procured the enactment of a law last Winter, which provides that not over $500,000 of said loans shall be made payable in any one year.

Capt. Speight for Police Justice.

Capt. FRANCIS C. SPEIGHT, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, and resident of the Eighteenth Ward, was nominated last night for Police Justice of the Sixth District—Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards. He is well known to the public as one of the oldest, most intelligent, capable and faithful officers in the Police Department. His record during the week of the riot is one full of honor, and entitles him to the respect and confidence, and the reward also, of the community. Such men should be elected without regard to party. As Police Justice, he would discharge his duty with the same fidelity and consideration for the public good which have made his career in the Police Department so valuable and so honorable. A reference to an advertisement in our columns will show how Capt. SPEIGHT is indorsed. He should be elected—he can be if an earnest effort is made.

A Mysterious Case of Drowning—Supposed Homicide.

Yesterday Coroner NAUMANN held an inquest on the body of an unknown man who was found drowned under Pier No. 37 East River, on Saturday last. Nearly three weeks ago we published in our columns the fact that at an early hour one morning, the Policeman on duty in the vicinity of the above-named pier, heard cries as of a person in distress. The official thought there was a drowning man in the case, and at the time he made great efforts to find the victim, but without success. There were many theories advanced relative to the cause of the cries, and one of the morning papers advanced the idea that a ventriloquist was in the case, and that by the arts of his profession he had succeeded in imposing on the Policeman and the Coroner. On Saturday last, however, at low tide, the body of the unknown man was found under the pier. Coroner NAUMANN was immediately notified of the fact, and soon after he proceeded to make an investigation which was concluded yesterday.

Henry Peterson, one of the witnesses, testified that he was employed on Pier No. 38 East River, to watch iron; that on the morning in question he heard a splash in the water at Pier No. 37, and that he and the Policeman hearing the cry of "help! help!" ran to the place whence the cries issued; they soon found a man under the pier; they could talk with him, but could not see him nor get up the planks to rescue him; the officials told him they would assist him all they could; the deceased stated that he resided in Jersey City, that he was a German by birth, he was unmarried; he also stated to them that two men pushed him into the water; witness then ran to Pier No. 38, and obtained some crowbars for the purpose of prying up the planks of the pier; about this time the Policeman ran to the Station-house for aid; he soon after returned with several men; they obtained a boat and some implements, and went to the spot whence the cries proceeded; they chopped out some planks, but after diligent search, they could find no person; the water at this time was rising so rapidly that they could not longer cut at the planks, and witness thinks the man was drowned.

Wm. Smith, of No. 75 Robinson-street, testified that he was occasionally employed as watchman for ships; that on the night in question he was engaged as a watchman on the *Hilda*, lying in the neighborhood of Pier No. 38, at half past five o'clock in the morning, he heard a cry of "Save me" repeated two or three times; soon a Policeman came and he asked the man under the pier how he came there; he first said he did not know, and afterward he said "two men threw me overboard."

Several other witnesses testified substantially to the same state of facts, among whom were two Policemen.

At the conclusion of the testimony the Jury rendered a verdict to the effect that deceased came to his death by drowning.

The deceased was about 30 years of age.

EXTREME CARELESSNESS.—About 3½ o'clock on Monday afternoon, as car No. 43 of the Fourth-avenue line was about merging from the Bowery into Fourth-avenue, the inmates were startled by a sudden crash, which was caused by the tongue of a wagon concluding to make a forcible entrance through the front window on the left hand side. The person sitting immediately by the window fortunately caught a glimpse of something coming through the window, and instinctively dodged his head, otherwise he would, in all probability, have been killed. As it was, the passenger who sat next to him received quite an ugly blow upon the forehead. There were three horses attached to the wagon, the foremost one being knocked down, was run over by the car, and one of his legs crushed so as to render it for all time useless. No blame or censure can be attached to the driver of the car, as he did all he could to avoid what might have proved a most serious affair. The carelessness on the part of the driver of the wagon was inexcusable.

W. DRAKE PARSONS FOR POLICE JUSTICE.—This nomination is an excellent one. Mr. PARSONS would bring to the position all the qualifications necessary, would secure the confidence of the community, would uphold the law, and mete out exemplary punishment to its violators, of all classes and grades. He is well known to the public, and as well esteemed as he is known. The sixth District is determined to secure a good man for the position, and among the excellent nominations that of W. DRAKE PARSONS will not be the least excellent.

EVACUATION DAY.—Evacuation Day, the eightieth anniversary, will be celebrated to-day. The Washington Continental Guard will parade, under command of Ex-Capt. JOHN DARROW.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 3489, 3491, 3493, 3495, 3497, 3499, 3499½, 3501, 3503, 3505, 3507, 3509, 3511, 3513, 3515, 3517, 3519, 3521. *Part II.*—Calendar unchanged.

SPECIAL TERM.—Nos. 234, 69, 70, 71, 355, 356, 209, 210, 271, 261, 177.—Calendar Issues of Law and Fact—20 on Demurrer Calendar.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 2491, 535, 779, 879, 2863, 2077, 959, 961, 2249, 2487, 2973, 2975, 2979, 2981, 2983. *Part II.*—Nos. 2766, 2248, 696, 2372, 2250, 2830, 2832, 2834, 2836, 2838, 2840, 2842, 2844, 2846, 2848, 2850, 2852.

COMMON PLEAS.—*Part I.*—Adjourned for the Term.

BROOKLYN CITY COURT, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25.—Nos. 21, 11, 31, 49, 32, 6, 41, 27, 47, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71.

Revenue and Admiralty Decisions.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Before Judge Nelson.

ARE CORAL CAMEOS CUT CORAL OR CAMEOS.

Eli W. Bailey et al. vs. Augustus Schell.—NELSON, C. J.—This suit was brought to recover an excess of duty on cameos, which were charged with 24 per cent. *ad valorem*, under the act of 1857 reducing the duties under schedule "C" in the act of 1846.

The plaintiffs claimed that the duty was chargeable under schedule H, by virtue of the act of 1857, as cameos, (not set,) which was only 4 per cent. *ad valorem*. The article was invoiced as coral cameos.

Schedule C imposes a duty "on coral, cut or manufactured."

Now, the article in question was coral cut into the form of a cameo (not set,) and the question is, whether or not the commercial designation of the article which prevailed at the time of the passage of the act of 1846 shall govern, or the construction of the words of the statute. We are inclined to think the latter. The article, being "coral, cut or manufactured," though it may have had a fixed designation previously from its shape and fashion, yet, it was quite competent for Congress to have designated it by a specific material description that necessarily takes it out of the one known to the trade. This has been a not unusual mode adopted by Congress for the very purpose of taking out of the power of fixing any other designation in commercial language.

Inasmuch as the article comes within the specific description, within its very words, I do not see that the evidence of the commercial designation can be allowed to prevail.

Judgment for defendant.

For plaintiff, Mr. Walden; for defendant, Mr. Smith.

DUTY ON GUNNY BAGS—ACT OF JULY 14, 1862.

A. Troost et al. vs. Hiram Barney—NELSON, C. J.—This is an action to recover an excess of duties alleged to have been paid on an importation of 1 700 bales of gunny cloth from Calcutta, September, 1862. The duty charged is a specific duty of two and a quarter cents per pound, under the 11th section of the Act of July 14, 1862, the appraisers having added to the words gunny cloth, "suitable for the uses for which cotton bagging is applied."

The plaintiffs claim that the duty should have been charged at thirty per cent. ad valorem

The fifth subdivision of the tenth section of the act of July 14, 1862, provides for an additional duty of five per cent. ad valorem "on all brown or bleached linens, ducks, canvas paddings," &c., "or other manufactures of flax, jute or hemp," &c., which five per cent., when added to the previous duty of which this is an addition, makes the duty thirty per cent. ad valorem. Gunny cloth is a manufacture of jute, and therefore comes directly within the terms of this clause of the section.

The eleventh section provides for an additional duty "on cotton bagging, or other manufactures not otherwise provided for, suitable for the uses to which cotton bagging is applied," whether composed in whole or in part of hemp, jute or flax, or any other material valued at less than ten cents per square yard, three-quarters of a cent per pound, over ten cents, one cent per pound.

The insuperable difficulty of bringing gunny cloth within the eleventh section is, that the article of gunny cloth is expressly provided for, as we have seen, in a clause of the previous section. In this eleventh section the words are, or "other manufactures not otherwise provided for," suitable, &c.

The argument on behalf of the Government ignores this phrase, and treats it as having no meaning as it respects manufactures of jute, before provided for. But this will not do, as the preamble, if established and acted upon, would derange the whole system of the tariff, as the phrase "not otherwise provided for" is common, and excludes from the given enactment a multitude of articles.

It appeared on the trial that gunny cloth had always been known in commercial dealings by that name, and was purely a manufacture of jute. That latterly, since the price of cotton had risen, it had been used for rebaling cotton, as would be used any other heavy article of goods. In the bale of cotton, the weight of the covering per pound would be of equal value of a pound of cotton. So, since the high price of wool, gunny cloth is used for baling wool for the same reason.

It was suggested that the article might be brought under the head of cotton bagging; but the difficulty is, it is not known in the market by that commercial designation, but by the designation of gunny cloth, a manufacture of jute.

We are satisfied, upon a full consideration of the statute and of the facts, the plaintiffs are entitled to recover.

Judgment for plaintiffs.

For plaintiffs, Messrs. Webster and Craig; for defendant, Mr. Smith.

COLLISION IN THE LOWER BAY—WEIGHT OF TESTIMONY.

The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company vs. The Steamship New-York—NELSON, C. J.—The collision in this case occurred on the 3d August, 1861, between the libelants' vessel, the steamer *Glasgow*, and the steamer *New-York*, off the point of Sandy Hook. Both vessels were going to sea, having left their berths in the port of New-York that morning. The collision occurred about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The weather was clear, very little wind, smooth water, and a wide open channel. Why a collision should have occurred at all, under such circumstances, even by accident or negligence, is difficult to understand, and is not very satisfactorily explained in the proofs. We should be sorry to attribute any worse cause than negligence, but we are compelled to admit that there are great difficulties in accounting for it even upon this most charitable hypothesis.

The *New-York* was the fastest vessel, and was in advance of the *Glasgow* till some half way down the bay, when she stopped or slackened to receive passengers from a steamer that came alongside. On account of this delay the *Glasgow* passed her on her port side, and continued ahead till the collision. On reaching the Southwest Spit the *Glasgow* rounded it by starboarding her helm, and then steadied it, and continued her course easterly about the middle of the channel, until she reached the point of collision, off the Hook. The *New-York* reached the Southwest Spit astern of the *Glasgow*, and rounded it on her (*Glasgow's*) starboard side, by starboarding her helm, steadied it and pursued her course easterly and parallel with the *Glasgow*, gaining upon her, and, at the time of the collision, was lapping her, with the intention of passing. At this time the discrepancy in the proofs begin—the *Glasgow* insisting that at this point the *New-York* starboarded her helm, and came on to her by a glancing blow on the starboard quarter, near the mizzen rigging, doing considerable damage—the *New-York* insisting that the *Glasgow* ported her helm and attempted to cross her bows, or, at least, crowd her, so as to prevent her passing by. The whole case turns on this issue thus presented by the two vessels, and its decision, of course, must depend upon a careful examination of the weight of the evidence.

On the behalf of the *Glasgow* there have been examined, the Captain, the pilot, the chief officer, the second mate, the boatswain's mate, the quartermaster, who was at the wheel, and a passenger—seven witnesses.

On the behalf of the *New-York*, the Captain, the pilot, the fourth officer, the engineer and a hand.

All the witnesses on the *Glasgow*, more or less strong, concur in denying that she ported her helm at or before the collision; and assert that she continued on her course nearly due east after she rounded the Southwest Spit, and steadied her helm. They also affirm that the *New-York* changed her course and came directly into the *Glasgow*.

According to the proof, but two of the witnesses, on the *New-York*, testify as to the change of the course of the *Glasgow*, or as to the course of their own vessel. These two are the Captain and the pilot—the fourth officer, engineer, and the hand furnish no information to the Court on this main issue. It appears to me, therefore, that the weight of the proofs is clearly with the libelants.

The learned Court below, upon a review of the evidence in that Court, came to the conclusion the *Glasgow* was in fault, and dismissed the libel. Several witnesses, however, have been examined for the libelants in this Court, which have strengthened their case.

Decree of the Court below reversed, and decree for libelants.

For libelants and appellants, Messrs. Buckley & Gerard; for appellees, Messrs. Morton.

COLLISION AT A DOCK—DARK NIGHT.

David W. Wetmore vs. The Steamboat Granite State.—NELSON, C. J.—The collision in this case occurred between the *Granite State* and the barge *Rambler*, about 4 o'clock on the morning of the 18th December, 1857, in the East River, off pier No. 23.

The steamer had arrived in one of her regular trips with passengers and freight from Hartford, Conn., and was in the act of entering her slip between piers Nos. 24 and 25. The barge lay across the end of pier No. 23. This pier extended some sixty feet farther out in the river than the piers in the immediate vicinity above and below. The barge had no masts, and her hull lay below the top of the pier; that is, the pier was higher than the vessel as she lay in front of it. The barge was well secured in her place, but had on board no watch or light. She had been taking in loading from the dock which was discharged from a vessel lying in one of the slips. The morning was dark and rainy, and a pretty strong wind from the southeast, the tide the last of the ebb. The steamer came down on the Brooklyn side, and at the proper point swung round toward the New-York shore, and straightened up with a view to work into her berth. As she was approaching it, a Williamsburgh ferry-boat came out of her slip, which was between piers Nos. 25 and 26, the next above the berth of the steamer, which compelled her to stop and back with sternway obliquely into the river, until obliged again to change her direction and go ahead to avoid a collision with a Fulton ferry-boat that had just come out of her berth, between piers Nos. 21 and 22, below where the barge lay. The steamer, while thus going ahead to get into her berth, after the embarrassments stated, struck the larboard quarter of the barge with her wheel, and caused the damage complained of. The barge was not discovered till within some fifty or sixty feet of her—the steamer at the same time going ahead and sagging in toward her—and although every effort seems to have been made which could be for the moment—orders being immediately given to work astern, with a view to pass before the steamer was carried by the sagging against her—it was too late to avoid the contact.

Much testimony is taken in the case upon a question of usage, whether or not the barge in the exposed position where she lay should have had on board a watch or a light. We do not say, upon these proofs, that she was in fault, so as to subject her to a portion of the damages if the *Granite State* had been found also in fault; but, we are bound to say, that so far as a watch or a light might have facilitated the discovery of her by the approaching vessel, the omission is a matter properly entering into and influencing the judgment of the Court upon the question of negligence on the part of that steamer. To this extent the barge is obliged to assume the responsibility of the omission. This principle has been repeatedly asserted and applied.

Now, upon the proofs, we are quite satisfied, taking into view the position of the barge at the end of the dock, undistinguishable in a dark and rainy night, from the end of the dock itself, and neither watch nor light on it to give notice of its position, it was no fault on the part of the *Granite State* that she did not discover it earlier than testified to, when it was too late to avoid the collision.

All the hands examined on board the steamer agree, that it could not have been discovered earlier. They saw the large vessels in the slips, and say they might have seen a vessel in front of the dock, if she had had masts or a light.

The steamer was completely manned, all hands having been called to the deck, up the river, with a view to preparations for entering her berth and landing her passengers. We do not see that the steamer omitted any duty that devolved upon her in the emergency. She had adopted the usual measures to work herself into the berth, and pursued them with skill and diligence; and nothing but this half concealed object at the end of the dock, which she met unexpectedly, and in a most exposed condition, led to the misfortune. I think the Court below erred, and that the decree should be reversed and the libel dismissed.

For libelant, Messrs. Benedict, Burr & Benedict; for claimants and appellants, Messrs. Owen, Gray & Owen.

A Clerk Made a Trustee of the Profits of the Business of his Employer's Firm—The Rights of the Parties Under the Arrangement.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Bosworth, Robertson and Monell.

John W. Paddon vs. Isaac Williams and William Menck.—The plaintiff in this case claimed that he was the owner of two certain bank checks, and that being intrusted to the defendant Williams, his clerk, he converted them to his own use.

The defendant denied that the plaintiff was the owner of the checks, and that he, defendant, Williams, was plaintiff's clerk. He alleged that the checks belonged to the firm of D. & M. Berry & Co., of which he, Williams, was a member, and that the plaintiff was a clerk of that firm. That he took the checks, as his own property, as he had a right to do.

The defendants offered to prove that the dissolution of the copartnership of D. & M. Berry & Co. was a "pretended," not a real dissolution. That after the "pretended" dissolution, the partners agreed that all the goods should be consigned to the plaintiff, and that the business should be done in his name. That notwithstanding that the business was so to be done in the name of the plaintiff, the agreement between the members of the firm and the defendant, Williams, was, that the business was to belong to the firm of D. & M. Berry & Co., in fact, and that the plaintiff was to be simply a clerk. That the members of the firm were to take all the gains and profits and proceeds of the business, and that this understanding was in operation when the defendant, Williams, took the checks in question.

The Court held (excluding such evidence) that, even admitting all that the defence claimed, the plaintiff was entitled to the possession and control of the moneys of the firm as a trustee, and that neither the defendant Williams, nor any member of that firm, could take such moneys from his possession; their only right was to an accounting from the plaintiff, and the profits which might be found due on such accounting. The members of the firm were simply *cestui que trusts*, and that a *cestui que trust* could not certainly take moneys from his trustee, belonging to the fund, against the will of the trustee, except by the ordinary course of law. Thus ruling, the Court ordered a verdict for the plaintiff for the amount claimed—$6,401 22, and the defendant excepted.

The appeal now came on to be heard, the defence contending that proof of the facts claimed by them would certainly operate as a sufficient defence to the charge of wrongfully taking and converting the checks in question to the use of the defendant, Williams. That as the defendant set up in his answer that he was the owner of the checks in fact, and by this offer proposed to prove it, it was a perfect defence to the action, and the evidence should have been admitted.

These propositions were controverted by the plaintiffs' counsel, and decision was reserved.

Louis Henry and Wm. M. Evarts, for plaintiffs; Henry E. Knox and William Fullerton, for defendants

A Reily Case.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice White.

Bridget Riley vs. Bernard Fitzsimmons.—This is an action brought to recover $1,000 for personal injuries received by reason of an assault by plaintiff upon defendant. Defendant is the owner of a house in Nineteenth-street, a portion of which he let to Mr. Riley and Bridget, his wife, and occupied the other part himself. Some disagreement having arisen between the landlord and his tenant, the Riley family were dispossessed. After such dispossessment, on the 3d of July, 1862, Mr. Fitzsimmons, when he came home from his work, found Mrs. Riley in the act of crawling into his private apartments by way of the windows. This caused mild remonstrances on the part of Fitzsimmons. Other persons taking sides in the question, the argument became general, and in the course of the debate Mrs. Riley received the injuries for which she claims damages; but the evidence would show that nobody touched her. Verdict for defendant, the jury not leaving their seats.

Robert Murray for plaintiff; Henry Clinton and Royal S. Crane for defendant.

Commodore Vanderbilt and the Commissioners of Pilots.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Robertson.

The Commissioners of Pilots vs. Cornelius Vanderbilt.—In this case, reported in the TIMES of the 24th, the Court yesterday granted the motion for a dismissal of the complaint. A case will immediately be made up, and it will be taken to the General Term on exceptions.

Barney, Butler and Parsons for plaintiffs; Mr. Rapallo and Wm. C. Noyes for defendant.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Ingraham.

Chiseng vs. Wiebe; Butterworth vs. Gould.—Cases settled.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Monerief.

Mager vs. Lang.—Motion for a stay of proceedings is denied with $7 costs to plaintiff to abide event.

Glass vs. Kane.—Motion to strike out portions of the complaint granted in part and denied in part. The plaintiff to be permitted to amend his complaint within five days. No costs to either party.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....Nov. 24, 1863.

$3,000	U. S. 6s,'81,Co.C.	109	25	Erie R.	108
1,000	U. S. 5s, '65,Cou.	121	600	do	108½
10,000	Treas. 7 3-10 ℘ ct. Notes Feb. & Aug.	106¾	200	do s30	108
7,000	U.S. 6s. 1-yr.c..N	98¾	100	do s10	108
5,000	Mo. State 6s...b30	66	50	do s10	108¼
12,000	do	66	2500	do	108¼
2,000	do	66¼	100	do s30	108¼
5,000	E. 1st M. Bs.	111	500	do	108⅜
1,000	E. 2d M. B.'79	115	100	do b10	108⅜
5,000	Mich. So. 2M	104	100	do b5	108¼
5,000	Mich. So. S. F. B.	110	100	do b10	108⅛
5,000	C.&N.W. S. F. B.	104	100	do s3	108⅜
2,000	A.&T.H. 2 M.P.	92	1600	do	108⅜
5,000	C.&N.W. 2d M.	80	150	do b15	108¾
1,000	P., F. W. & C. 1st	110	300	Erie R. Prf.	103
12,000	Cl. & Pitts. 3d M.	102	200	Hudson R. R.	127⅜
15	Bank State N. Y.	103	200	do	128
10,000	Amer Gold	152	200	do b10	128
60,000	do	151¾	200	Harlem R.	96¾
97,000	do	151½	200	do	96
350	Canton Co.	34	[illegible]	do	95
50	Cumb. Coal Prfd.	39¾	200	do b30	96
100	do	39½	500	Reading R.	125½
500	do	39¼	200	do b30	126
200	do	39¾	1500	do	125¾
100	Quicks. M. Co.	64	150	do	125½
200	do	63¾	200	do b10	125¾
12	Del. & H.Ca.Co.	179½	100	Mich. Cen. R.	126¾
100	Wyom. Val. Coal Co.	90	800	do	126
100	do b30	90½	600	M. S. & N. I.	83¾
50	do	90¾	200	do	83½
10	Mar. Min. Co.	42	300	do	83¼
100	do	41	200	M. S. & N. I. G'd	141
350	N. Y. Cen. R.	137¾	400	Ill. Cen. R. S.	122
400	do	137⅞	100	do b10	122
1200	do	137½	300	do b30	122¼
100	do s10	137½	800	Cleve. & Pitts.	108
100	do s10	137¼	600	do	108½
200	do s30	137¼	1500	do	108¾
100	do s30	137¼	200	do	108⅜
700	do b10	137⅝	400	Gal. & Chi. R.	108¾
700	P., Ft. W. & C.	86	100	do b3	110
500	do	86¼	500	Chic. & R. I. R.	107
1200	do	86⅜	150	do	107¼
100	do s10	86¼	100	do	107¼
100	do s10	86⅛	600	do b10	107⅜
200	do s10	86⅛	50	Chi. B. & Q. R.	119
50	A. & T. H. R.	62	100	do	119¼
100	do	61½	400	Chi. & N. W.	49¼
200	Chi. & Alt.	85	150	do	49⅝
100	M. & P. Du C.	61½	200	do	50

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, '81..Reg.	108	500	Reading R.	125
11,000	Treas. 7 3-10 p. c. Notes Oct. & Apr.	106½	500	do	124¾
40,000	U. S. 6s,1-yr.C..N	98½	500	do	124½
10,000	Amer. Gold	150¼	200	Mich. Cen. R.	125½
5,000	do	150⅜	100	do	125¾
10,000	do	150½	100	do b60	126
100	Cum. Coal Pref.	38¾	500	Chic. & R. I. R.	106¾
100	do	38½	200	do	106¼
200	do	39	200	do b30	107
100	Quicksil. M. Co.	63¾	100	M. So. & N. I.	82½
50	do b4	63¼	300	do	82
2500	Erie R.	107	600	do	81¾
200	do b10	107¼	100	do	81½
300	do	107⅝	100	Ill. Cen. R. Sc.	120
200	do s30	106⅞	500	do	120½
[illegible]	do b20	107¼	1000	Clev. & Pitts.	107
			500	do	106¾

100	Erie R. Prf.	102¾	400	Gal. & Chi. R.	108¾
800	N. Y. Cen. R.	136½	600	do	108¼
300	do	136¼	200	Cleve. & Tol. R.	117
100	do b10	136¾	200	do	116¾
100	do s30	136	900	Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	85
200	Hudson R. R.	126	400	do	84¾
100	do	125¾	100	do	84⅞
100	do b30	126¾	300	do s5	85
200	Harlem R. s30	94¾	25	Chic. & N. W.	49
200	do s30	94½	200	do	48⅞
500	do b30	95¼			

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

150	N. Y. Cen. R.	137	200	Ill. Cen. R.	121
700	do	136⅞	100	do c	121¼
600	do s3	136⅞	1000	Cl. & Pitts. R. s3	109
100	do b3	137	500	do	108¾
200	do	136¾	200	do s3	108⅜
50	Erie R. c	108¾	500	Gal. & Chi. R.	109⅜
250	do	108⅜	50	do	109⅞
600	do	108¼	400	Chic. & R. I.	107
100	do s3	108½	100	do b3	107
200	do c	108¼	100	do b10	107
50	do s3	108½	100	Chic. & N.W.R.	49⅝
150	Erie Railway P. b3	102¾	100	Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	85¾
200	Harlem R.	95¾	100	Cen. Am. Tr. Co. b10	33
300	do b3	95¾	400	Cum. Coal b3	39¼
1100	M. S. & N. I.	83	400	do	39¼
100	do	83¼	200	do s3	39¼

PUBLIC BOARD—3½ P. M.

$30,000	Amer. Gold s3	150¼	50	M. S. & N. I. R.	82
20,000	do	150¼	200	do	81¾
200	N. Y. Cen. R.	136	700	Ill. Cen. R.	120⅞
200	do s10	136	100	do b3	120¾
100	Erie Railroad	106¾	900	Cleve. & P. R.	106¾
300	do b3	107	2000	do b3	106¾
1500	do	107¼	700	do b3	107
2650	do	107⅛	100	Gal. & Chic. R. s3	108¾
900	do	107	100	do s10	108¾
300	do s3	107	300	do	108¾
700	do b3	107⅜	100	do s3	108⅞
500	do btw	107¼	100	Chi. & R. I.	106¾
2700	Harlem R.	94	200	do	107
100	Reading R. b3	124½	1400	P., Ft. W. & C.	84¾

TUESDAY, Nov. 24—P. M.

The price of Gold fell off 2 ℘ cent. to-day on news of the favorable progress of military movements in front of Chattanooga. The price at the close of Bank hours was 150½@⅝ ℘ cent. The rate of Exchange on London for the Boston mail left off lower and unsettled. The transactions early in the day were 167 down to 166 ℘ cent. for first-class Bankers.

The demand for Money from the Stock Exchange Brokers was fairly active, at 7 ℘ cent. The increased speculative movement in the Railway Shares on Monday affords good employment for loans at call, of which private lenders avail with much freedom, while the Banks are not yet lending in this way as before the late disturbance in the Money market. They will get through their own payments to the Government—of which only $5,250,000 remains—by Monday next. Of this sum, $3,500,000 will be paid into the Treasury to-morrow. The balance in the Treasury office this afternoon is reduced to $15,699,000, of which only about six millions is in Legal Tender, while the Banks hold about twenty-four millions Legal Tender.

The receipts into the Treasury office to-day for the Popular Loan amount to $1,167,950.

The Gold balances in the Treasury continue to accumulate, notwithstanding the recent heavy payments for the November interest on the Public Debt. The next large payments will be on the 1st January, though these will scarcely equal the Customs Revenue in December. We learn that the Customs paid into the San Francisco office of the Treasury have accumulated a Gold balance at that point of $2,500,000, which will, probably, soon be transmitted to New-York.

The Stock Exchange opened with some appearance of steadiness on the reduced scale of prices made for the Railways last night, and on the adjournment of the regular early Board, Erie stood about 108¼ ℘ cent., and other New-York and Western Shares in proportion. But before 2 o'clock the turn was again downward, and Erie sold at 106¾ ℘ cent. At the Second Board the price was 107@107⅛ ℘ cent., and upon this basis—Erie being the ruling Stock on the Railway list at present—the sales of other Shares were made, though not on an extravagant or very urgent offering. The Government and State Securities and Railway Bonds steady. The advance of yesterday on Missouri 6 ℘ cents was supported.

At 4 o'clock the Railway speculation was steady at about the Second Board prices. The following quotations were made in comparison with Monday night. To-morrow afternoon the dealings of the Stock Exchange will be adjourned over to Friday morning, for Thanksgiving Day. All contracts falling due on Thursday in regular course, will be settled to-morrow in anticipation of the holiday.

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
Gold Coin	152⅝	150¼	Harlem Pref.	110	110
U. S. 6s, 1881	109¾	109	Mich. Central	127	125¾
N. Y. Central	138	136	Mich. Southern	84	81¾
Erie	108⅝	107¼	Mich. Guarant'd	142	141
Erie Preferred	103¼	102⅜	Ill. Central	123	120⅜
Hudson	128⅜	126	Pittsburgh	108¼	106⅜
Pacific Mail	216	216	Fort Wayne	87	85
Harlem	98	94¼	Rock Island	107⅜	106¾
Canton	34¼	33⅜	Galena	110¼	108¾
Treas. Cer., new	99⅜	98⅜	Reading	125¾	124½
Toledo	118	116¾	Quicksilver	64	63⅝
Northwest	49¾	48⅞	Chic. & Alton	88	87

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	120	Mech'ics Bank Asso.	95
Manhattan	140	Broadway	170
Merchants'	110	Ocean	94
Mechanics'	115	Hanover	100
America	125	Peoples'	102
Phenix	110	Nassau	105
Tradesmen's	112	Shoe & Leather	107
Greenwich	161	Continental	109
Butchers & Drovers'	120	St. Nicholas	101
Merchants' Exchange	99	Marine	157
State of New-York	108	Atlantic	102
Commerce	105		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	106	Al. & T. H 2ds. Inc.	83½
N.Y. Cen. 6s. Real Est.	101	Chi. & N. W. S. F.	104
N. Y. Cen. 6s, sub.	101	Chi. & N. W. firsts	92½
N. Y. Cen. 7s '64	103	Chi. & N. W. 2ds	80
N. Y. Cen. con. '76	137	Tol. & Wab. 1sts	100
Erie firsts. '68	111	Tol. & Wab. seconds	87½
Erie seconds. '79	115	Gal. & Chi. Ex.	112
Erie thirds. '83	111	Gal. & Chi. 2ds	110
Erie fifths. '88	108	Chi. & R. I. firsts	106
Buff., N.Y.&E. 1sts. '77	108½	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	111
Hudson R. firsts '69	114	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1sts	109
Hudson R. 2ds S. F '85	119	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 2ds	103
Hud. R. Bonds, '67	103	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3ds	86
Harlem firsts, '69 & '73	108	Clev. & Pitt. 3ds	102
Har. seconds, '64	101	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths	83
Mich. C. new 1sts. '82	123	Miss. & Mo. L. G	64
Chi, B. & Q. firsts	120	Chi. & Alton, firsts	103½
Michigan S. seconds	104	Chic. & Alton Income	90
Al. & T. H. 2d pref.	92		

The subscriptions to the five million National Bank of New-York are now going on at the office of the United States Trust Company, Wall and William streets, but are advertised to close on Monday next, 30th inst. It is the purpose of the Commissioners to distribute the capital as widely and to as many subscribers as practicable, with a view to promote, in the most popular way, the future general usefulness of a bank of large means in this City, under the new National system. To-day we learn that Mr. A. A. Low is suggested for the Presidency of the new bank. Such a selection would not only be popular from personal considerations, but inspire great confidence because of the high respect entertained for the prudence and sagacity of Mr. Low as an old and successful merchant.

We understand that the executive officer of the New-York Central Company at Albany to-day declined to furnish a list of their Stockholders, respectfully applied for, in view of the canvass for the December election. The request was signed by a number of Stockholders in this City and neighborhood.

Mr. ROBERT L. CUTTING, an old member of the New-York Stock Exchange Board, has formed a partnership with his son, Mr. ROBERT L. CUTTING, Jr., under the style of R. L. CUTTING & SON.

Messrs. TALCOTT BROTHERS, and Mr. R. K. HOLDANE, have formed a new Stock firm at No. 66 Beaver-street, under the style of HOLDANE & TALCOTTS.

The week's exports of Domestic Produce

and Miscellaneous Goods (exclusive of Specie) from this port, were to the value of $2,309,288, against $3,051,191 same week last year, and $3,115,140 the corresponding week of 1861.

The aggregates of the Philadelphia Banks, in the last weekly statement, show the following changes, as compared with the preceding week:

Increase of capital stock	$122,500
Decrease of Loans	140,462
Decrease of Specie	3,116
Decrease of Deposits	546,476
Decrease of Circulation	4,356
Decrease of United States Notes	510,492

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Nov. 24, 1863—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 32 bbls. Ashes, 19,709 bbls. Flour, 800 bbls. and 1,318 bags Corn Meal, 165 bags Buckwheat Flour, 118,754 bushels Wheat, 355 bushels Corn, 7,409 bushels Rye, 48 bushels Barley, 52,809 bushels Oats, 12,036 pkgs. Provisions, and 917 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue in demand at buoyant prices, including Pots at $8 62½@$8 75, and Pearls at $9 81¼ ⅌ 100 ℔s.

BEESWAX—Western Yellow has been in more demand at 49c.@50c. ⅌ ℔.

CANDLES—Are in fair request at full rates, including Adamantine at 20c.@23c.; plain Sperm at 35c.; patent Sperm at 45c.; Stearic at 26c.@27c. ⅌ ℔.

CHEMICALS—Have been in less demand, but at steady prices.

COFFEE—Rio is in lively request at buoyant prices; other kinds are quiet. Java at 39c.@40c.; Ceylon, 34c.; Rio, 31½c.@34½c.; Laguayra, 32½c.@34c.; Maracaibo, 32½c.@35c.; St. Domingo, 28½c.@29c. ⅌ ℔. The week's receipts of Rio have been 8,800 bags; sales, 14,745 bags. Stock of all kinds this morning, 32,913 bags, including of Rio and Santos, 21,733 bags; Java, 687 bags; Ceylon, 7,453 bags; Maracaibo, 497 bags; Laguayra, 241 bags; St. Domingo, 1,741 bags; other descriptions, 561 bags.

MESSRS. WM. SCOTT & SON notice the week's business in Rio, thus: "Sales of Rio during the past week, to the trade, reach 14,745 bags, and embrace 1,312 per *Onda*, (re-sale,) p. n. t.; 1,100 per *Henry Hill*, (half of invoice,) p. n. t.; 1,400 per *Escape*, (re-sale,) at 33½c.; 4,800 per *Adelaide*, p. n. t., and 4,000 per *Trieste*, p. n. t. The market closes firm at an improvement of 1c. ⅌ ℔. upon all grades."

Stock of Rio.

Nov. 21—Baltimore, bags	700
Nov. 24—New-York, bags	21,733
Total	22,433

COPPER—Refined Ingot is in fair demand, and is buoyant, at 38c.@39½c. ⅌ ℔. Other kinds are inquired for, including New Sheathing at 42c.; Yellow do. at 32c., and Old do. at 30c.@32c. ⅌ ℔.

COTTON—Is in limited demand, at languid rates; Middlings, 83c.@84c. ⅌ ℔.; sales and resales, since our last, 650 bales.

DYEWOODS—Are in fair request and quite firm. We quote: Fustic, $27@$35; Jamaica Logwood, $22@$23 50; St. Domingo do. at $22 $23 50; Honduras do. $33@$35 ⅌ ton.

FIRE CRACKERS—Continue in limited demand; No. 1 Canton, $2 15@$2 25 ⅌ box.

FEATHERS—Continue scarce and quiet. Good to prime Live Geese 57c.@60c. ⅌ ℔.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—Are in brisk demand at buoyant prices.

FRUIT—A lively inquiry exists for the principal kinds, including Layer Raisins at $4 10@$4 12½, and Bunch do. at $4 ⅌ box. Currants at 14¾c.@15c. ⅌ ℔.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been quiet to-day, and prices have been much depressed, common and medium grades having been quoted down 5c.@10c. ⅌ bbl., though the principal holders have not been eager to sell. Sales since our last, 10,200 bbls., including Superfine State and Western, at $6@$6 25; poor to choice extra State, $6 40@$6 85, chiefly at $6 45@$6 60; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $7 45@$7 60 ⅌ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$6 00	@$6 25
Extra State	6 40	@ 6 85
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 25	@ 9 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g br'ds.	7 45	@ 7 60
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	7 65	@ 9 25
Extra Genesee	6 90	@ 9 25
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	7 75	@11 50

Southern Flour is in fair demand at buoyant prices. Sales, since our last, 1,250 bbls., at $7 50@$8 10 for poor to good superfine; $8 15@$11 for fancy to very choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Canadian Flour is declining. Sales 600 bbls. Extra at $6 50@$9 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour rules quiet at $5 75@$7 ⅌ bbl.; sales, 80 bbls. Corn Meal is scarce, and in demand at $6 for Jersey, $6 50 for Marsh's Caloric, $6 50 for Brandywine, and $6 40 for Atlantic Mills, ⅌ bbl.; sales 140 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been very quiet to-day, though prices have favored buyers decidedly. Speculators have not been disposed to purchase freely, unless at a reduction of 2c.@3c. ⅌ bushel. Sales, since our last, 46,000 bushels, including White Western at $1 75; Amber Western at $1 57@$1 60; Red Western, poor old to choice new at $1 45@$1 5[illegible]; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay at $1 45@$1 47½; Milwaukee Club at $1 42@$1 45; old do. at $1 36@$1 40; Chicago Spring at $1 41@$1 45; old do. at $1 32 ⅌ bushel. Corn has been less sought after at drooping rates. Sales were made of 45,000 bushels at $1 23@$1 25 for Mixed Western in store and afloat ⅌ bushel. Rye continues scarce and wanted, at $1 33@$1 37, according to quality, ⅌ bush. Sales 1,600 bush. Oats have been less active and rather heavy. We quote Canada at 92½c.@93½c.; Prince Edward's Island, 90c.@92c.; Western, 93c.@94c.; State at 93c.@94c., ⅌ bushel. Sales 102,000 bushels, part to arrive. Barley continues in demand, at $1 40@$1 57 ⅌ bushel. Sales, 7,500 bush. Barley Malt at $1 55@$1 65 ⅌ bush. Sales, 1,000 bush.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Are in moderate request, the former at 21c.@21½c., and the latter at 13¾c.@14c.

HAY—North River continues in good request at $1 20@$1 35 ⅌ 100 ℔s. Straw, 80c.@$1.

HOPS—Have been in fair demand, and firm at 20c.@29c. for poor to choice New, and 17c.@23c. for last year's crop, according to quality, ⅌ ℔. Mr. TURNER says: "There is a better demand for export, and prices are fully maintained for the choice qualities, which are scarce, but the common kinds are dull and difficult to place at any price."

HIDES—Continue in fair request at full prices; Buenos Ayres, 29c.@29½c.; Rio Grande, 28c.@29c.; Orinoco, 27c.@27½c. ⅌ ℔.

HEMP—Has been in moderate demand, including American Undressed at $150@$175, and Dressed at $270@$300; Jute at $225@$240, the latter an extreme rate, ⅌ ton, and Manila at 12½c.@12¾c. ⅌ ℔.

IRON—Has been scarce and inactive, including Scotch Pig at $42 50@$45, and No. 1 American Pig at $41@$42 ⅌ ton.

LUMBER—The inquiry for Eastern Spruce and Pine continues active, at buoyant prices.

LATHS—Eastern are actively sought after at $2 25@$2 45 ⅌ 1,000.

LEAD—Pig is in fair demand at $9 50@$9 70 ⅌ 100 ℔s. Sheet 12c.; Bar 11c. ⅌ ℔.

LEATHER—All kinds continue in good request, at full rates.

LIME—Has been in moderate demand at buoyant prices; Common Rockland at $1 35; Glen's Falls Lump at $1 35; Rockland Lump at $1 60; and Jointa at $1 75 ⅌ bbl.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet, to-day, at former rates, including Spirits Turpentine at $3 10@$3 12½ ⅌ gallon; Resin, $38@$48 ⅌ 280 ℔s.; Tar, $13@$16 ⅌ bbl.; City Pitch, $18@$25 ⅌ bbl.

OILS—Have been in less demand, generally at irregular prices. We quote Crude Whale, $1 10@$1 14; Crude Sperm at $1 60@$1 62½; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 22½@$1 25; Unbleached Sperm, at $1 95@$1 05; Linseed, at $1 40@$1 45; No. 1 Lard at 95c.@$1 05; City Red, at 75c.; Olive, at $1 90@$2 ⅌ gallon; and $6 25@$6 50 and $4 37½@$4 50 for pints and quarts; Crude Petroleum at 26c.@27c.; Refined do. at 51c.@53c. free, and 42c.@44c. in bond, ⅌ gallon. Mr. C. J. TURNER notices the week's business in Petroleum thus: "The market has been fluctuating and irregular during the week, produced in part by the number of vessels put on the berth for European ports, and which carry, in the aggregate, about 55,000 bbls. The news, meanwhile, from the West has been depressing, as affairs there indicated a speedy decline in prices. The receipts, however, being very light during the past two days, and the vessels on the berth demanding Oil, shippers had no other alternative but to purchase, and the market closes firmly at 43c.@44c. for Refined, in bond, and 26c.@26½c. for Crude; the former having been as low as 38c.@39c., and the latter 24c.@24½c. Refined, free, is steady at 50c.@54c.; the latter an extreme rate. The following are the receipts and the exports from New-York, of Petroleum, for the week and since January 1:

	For the Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Receipts of Petroleum	8,750	658,718
Exports of Petroleum	4,843	396,243

NEW-BEDFORD MARKET—Week ending Nov. 23.—*Sperm*—The transactions in sperm for the week have been entirely for export, and the sales embrace 515 bbls. in parcels, at $1 60 ⅌ gallon, at which holders are firm. *Whale*—Has advanced to $1 12 ⅌ gallon, and the sales are 1,500 bbls., the *Antelope's* cargo, for manufacturing, at the above price.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. Sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	Lbs. Bone.
From Jan. 1 to Nov. 23, 1863	63,164	60,019	446,100
Same time last year	53,850	99,787	670,050

[*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

OIL CAKE—Has been in moderate request at $46 50@$52 ⅌ ton. Oil Meal, $2 25 ⅌ 100 ℔s. Receipts of Oil Cake to-day, 2,527 bags.

PRINTING CLOTHS—Sales in Providence, last week, 38,000 pieces, including, according to the *Journal*, 5,000 pieces 56x60, 15c.; 5,000 do. 60x64, 16¼c.; 2,000 do. 60x64, 16½c.; 16,000 do. 64x64, 16½c.; 10,000 do. 64x64, 17c. ⅌ yard.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been less active, but steady to-day. Sales have been made since our last of 2,350 bbls., at $18 12½@$18 25 for New Mess; $16 50@$16 62½ for Old Mess; $17 for Prime Mess, $16 25@$16 50 for thin Mess; $20 for clear Mess, $13 50@$14 for Sour Mess, and $12@$12 37½ for Prime ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats are in moderate request at 9½c.@11c. for Hams, and 6½c.@7½c. for Shoulders ⅌ ℔. Sales, 175 pkgs. Bacon is in less demand and firm at 8½c.@10½c., according to quality, ⅌ ℔. Sales 125 boxes. Dressed Hogs sell freely at 8c.@8½c. ⅌ ℔. Lard has been less active at former rates. Sales 1,900 tcs. and bbls. at 11¾c.@12¾c. ⅌ ℔. Beef continues in moderate request at full prices; sales 575 bbls., at $13 75@$15 for Extra Mess, and $12@$13 75 for plain Mess ⅌ bbl. Prime Mess, $25@$28, the latter for City; India Mess, $28@$30 ⅌ tierce; sales 80 tierces. Beef Hams, $17 50@$18 ⅌ bbl.; sales 375 bbls. Butter continues in good demand at 20c.@25c. for poor to choice Western, and 25c.@30c. for common to choice State ⅌ ℔. Cheese is in demand, at 12c.@16c. ⅌ ℔.

RICE—Has been in moderate demand at steady prices, including East India at $7 25@$7 75 ⅌ 100 ℔s. Sales, 240 bags.

SALTPETRE—Crude is in fair demand at 16c. ⅌ ℔.

SALT—Continues in good demand at steady prices, including Liverpool Ground at @$1 65; do. Fine $2 40@$2 85 ⅌ sack; Turks Island 49c. ⅌ bushel.

SEEDS—Have been generally in moderate request including new Clover, at 11c.@11½c. ⅌ ℔.; Rough Flax at $3@$3 10; Timothy at $2 75@$3; Linseed at $3 70@$3 80 ⅌ bushel.

SPELTER—Has been in more demand at 8½c.@9c. ⅌ ℔.

SPICES—Have been in fair request, and held firmly. Cassia, 45c.; Pepper, 28c. ⅌ ℔.

SUGARS—Have been quiet to-day, owing partly to the rain-storm; prices have been firm; sales have been reported since our last, of 175 hhds., including New-Orleans, at 13½c.@13¾c.; Cuba, 12¼c.@13c., and Porto Rico at 13½c.; and 150 boxes Havana, part at 13c.@14c. ⅌ ℔. Refined Sugars are inquired for, ranging from 14c.@17¼c. ⅌ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales since our last reached 135,000 ℔s. at 12¼c.@12½c., chiefly at 12½c.; and 70 pkgs. Grease at 10¼c., and 30,000 ℔s. stearine at 11½c.@12c. ⅌ ℔.

TOBACCO—Is in fair request and prices are firm. Sales, since our last, 395 hhds. Kentucky at 9½c.@15c., and 36 bales Yara, private terms ⅌ ℔.

TIN—Has been more sought after at advanced rates, including Banca at 55c.@56c., and Straits at 46½c.@47c. ⅌ ℔.

TEAS—Continue in moderate demand; prices have not varied materially.

WHISKY—Has been quite active since our last, speculators having purchased freely at from 72c.@75c. ⅌ gallon. The reported sales reach 3,700 bbls.

WHALEBONE—Is in fair request and held firmly.

WHALEFOOTS—Sales, to-day, 8,000 ℔s. bleached, at 10½ ⅌ ℔.

FREIGHTS—Business has been quiet again to-day. For Liverpool, the engagements included 1,000 bbls. of Flour, at 1s. 3d. ⅌ bbl.; 10,000 bushels of Wheat, at 4d. ⅌ bushel; 1,000 tcs. Beef at 2s. 9d.@2s. 10½d. ⅌ tc.; also, by steamer, 900 boxes Bacon at 40s.; 1,000 pkgs. Butter and 700 boxes Cheese at 50s. ⅌ ton. For London, 7,000 bushels Wheat at 4d. ⅌ bushel; 60 tcs. Lard and 150 hhds. Tallow, at 17s. 6d. ⅌ ton. For Glasgow, 600 bbls. Flour, at 1s. 3d. ⅌ bbl. For an Irish port direct, three foreign vessels with Grain, at 3s.@3s. 6d. ⅌ quarter. For Cettie, a French bark, (the *Active*,) took a full cargo of Lard and Tallow on private terms. For Havre, 800 bbls. Petroleum at 6s. 9d. ⅌ bbl.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

Asia	Nov. 25	Boston	Liverpool.
Sidon	Nov. 25	New-York	Liverpool.
Teutonia	Nov. 28	New-York	Southampton.
City of London	Nov. 28	New-York	Liverpool.
Anglia	Dec. 1	Boston	Liverpool.
Persia	Dec. 2	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Baltimore	Dec. 5	New-York	Liverpool.
America	Dec. 5	New-York	Southampton.
Arabia	Dec. 9	Boston	Liverpool.
City of New-York	Dec. 12	New-York	Liverpool.
Borussia	Dec. 12	New-York	Southampton.
Saxonia	Dec. 12	New-York	Southampton.
Scotia	Dec. 16	New-York	Liverpool.
Adriatic	Dec. 17	New-York	Liverpool.
Canada	Dec. 23	Boston	Liverpool.
Hammonia	Dec. 26	New-York	Southampton.
Germania	Jan. 9	New-York	Southampton.
Bavaria	Jan. 23	New-York	Southampton.

FROM EUROPE.

Anglia	Nov. 10	Liverpool	Boston.
City of Baltimore	Nov. 11	Liverpool	New-York.
America	Nov. 12	Liverpool	Quebec.
City of Limerick	Nov. 14	Liverpool	New-York.
Kedar	Nov. 14	Liverpool	New-York.
Borussia	Nov. 17	Southampton	New-York.
Saxonia	Nov. 17	Southampton	New-York.
City of New-York	Nov. 18	Liverpool	New-York.
Columbia	Nov. 24	Liverpool	New-York.
Etna	Nov. 25	Liverpool	New-York.
Canada	Nov. 28	Liverpool	Boston.
City of Cork	Nov. 28	Liverpool	New-York.
Hammonia	Dec. 1	Southampton	New-York.
Germania	Dec. 15	Southampton	New-York.
Bavaria	Dec. 29	Southampton	New-York.

For New-Orleans, Havana, &c.

Eagle	Nov. 25	New-York	Havana.
Creole	Nov. 25	New-York	New-Orleans.
Morning Star	Nov. 28	New-York	N. O. *viâ* Hav.
Corsica	Dec. 7	New-York	Ha. *viâ* Nas'a.
Corsica	Jan. 4	New-York	Nassau.

European Mails.

The mails by the *North American*, *viâ* Portland, close on Friday, at 12:45 P. M.

The mails for the United Kingdom and the Continent, by the *City of London*, close on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

The mails for Hamburg and the German States, by the *Teutonia*, close on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

For Havana, New-Orleans, &c.

The mails for Havana, by the *Eagle*, close on Wednesday, at 2 P. M.

The mails for Havana and the West Indies, by the *Morning Star*, will close on Saturday, at 2 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

North Mails close at	5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
South Mails close at	5 A. M. 4:30 and 10 P. M.
Western Mails (*viâ* Erie Railroad)	5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Eastern Mails at	5 A. M., 1:30 and 6:30 P. M.

Mails for California, Oregon, Washington and the Sandwich Islands close daily at the New-York Post-office at 5½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

On Sunday all Mails close at 1:30 P. M.

"THE PEN IS MIGHTIER THAN THE SWORD."

THE GOLD PEN—THE BEST OF ALL PENS.

MORTON'S GOLD PENS,

THE BEST PENS IN THE WORLD.

On receipt of any of the following sums in Cash, the subscriber will send by return mail, or otherwise, as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens—*selecting the same according to description*, viz.:

GOLD PENS WITHOUT CASES.

For 25 cents, the Magic Pen; for 38 cents, the Lucky Pen; for 50 cents, the Always-Ready Pen; for 75 cents, the Elegant Pen; and for $1, the Excelsior Pen. These Pens are not numbered, but correspond in sizes to Numbers 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 respectively.

THE SAME PENS IN SILVER-PLATED EXTENSION CASES, WITH PENCILS.

For 50 cents, the Magic Pen; for 75 cents, the Lucky Pen; for $1, the Always-Ready Pen; for $1 25, the Elegant Pen, and for $1 50, the Excelsior Pen.

These are Well-Finished, Good-Writing Gold Pens, with Iridosmin Points, the average wear of every one of which will far outlast a gross of the best Steel Pens; *although they are unwarranted, and, therefore, not exchangeable.*

MORTON'S WARRANTED PENS.

The name "A. Morton," "Number," and "Quality," are stamped on the following Pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident.

The Numbers indicate size *only*; No. 1 being the smallest, No. 6 the largest, adapted for the pocket; No. 4 the smallest, and No. 10 the largest Mammoth Gold Pen, for the desk.

Long and Medium Nibs of all sizes and qualities. Short Nibs of Numbers 4, 5, 6 and 7, and made only of first quality.

The Long and Short Nibs are fine pointed; the Medium Nibs are Broad, Coarse Business points. The engravings are fac-similes of the sizes and styles.

GOLD PENS, WITHOUT CASES.

For $0 75 a No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 3d quality.

For $1 a No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 3d quality.

For $1 25 a No. 3 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.

For $1 50 a No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.

For $1 75 a No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.

For $2 25 a No. 6 Pen; $2 75 a No. 7 Pen; $3 25 a No. 8 Pen; $4 a No. 9 Pen; $5 a No. 10 Pen—all 1st quality.

THE SAME GOLD PENS, IN SILVER EXTENSION CASES, WITH PENCILS.

For $1 50 a No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 3d quality.

For $1 75 a No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 3d quality.

For $2 a No. 3 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.

For $2 50 a No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.

For $3 a No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.

For $3 50 a No. 6 Pen, 1st quality.

GOLD PENS, ALL FIRST QUALITY, IN SILVER-MOUNTED DESK-HOLDERS.

For $2 00 a No. 4 Pen; for $2 25 a No. 5 Pen; for $2 75 a No. 6 Pen; for $3 50 a No. 7 Pen.

For $4 00 a No. 8 Pen; for $5 a No. 9 Pen; and for $6 a No. 10 Pen.

The "1st Quality" are pointed with the very best Iridosmin Points, carefully selected, and none of this quality are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill and the closest scrutiny can detect.

The "2d Quality" are superior to any Pens made by him previous to the year 1860.

The "3d Quality" he intends shall equal in respect to Durability, Elasticity and Good Writing Qualities (the only true considerations) any Gold Pens made elsewhere.

In regard to the Cheap Gold Pens, he begs leave to say that, previous to operating his New and Patented Machines, he could not have made as Good Writing and Durable Pens, for the price, had the Gold been furnished gratuitously.

Parties ordering must in all instances specify the "Name" or the "Number" and "Quality" of the Pens wanted, and be particular to describe the kind they prefer—whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

All remittances sent by mail in registered letters are at my risk; and to all who send twenty cents (charge for registering,) in addition to the price of goods ordered, I will guarantee their safe delivery.

Parties sending Gold or Silver will be allowed the full premium on the day received.

TO CLUBS—A discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $12, of 15 per cent. on $24, and of 20 per cent. on $40, if sent to one address at one time.

Address, A. MORTON,
NO. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, NEW-YORK.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK in a private family, by a respectable woman, who perfectly understands the European and American style of cooking in all its varieties; has unexceptionable City references. Can be seen at or address No. 360 2d-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

AS COOK.—A YOUNG WOMAN, WITH GOOD reference wants a situation as cook; understands cooking in all its branches; makes excellent bread, pastry and desserts of all kinds; will assist with the washing and ironing. Call at No. 16 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY AN experienced woman, as cook in a private family; perfectly understands her business in all its branches; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 69 West 20th-st., for two days.

AS COOK.—A PROTESTANT WOMAN WISHES a situation as first-class cook; understands cooking and all its branches; good reference. Call at No. 37 West 13th-st. Ring the middle bell.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or would assist in the washing and ironing; has three years' City reference from her last place. Call at No. 137 7th-av., between 19th and 20th sts., top floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A young woman, with two years' City reference from her last place, wants a situation as above; understands chamberwork and waiting thoroughly, and is very neat about her work and person. Call at No. 16 11th-st., near 4th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED A SITUATION as chambermaid, and to do family sewing, by a respectable young woman, who perfectly understands her business; can have unexceptionable City references. Can be seen at No. 91 East 22d-st.

A DRESSMAKER.—A DRESSMAKER WISHES to go out by the day; reference given. Call at No. 1,105 Broadway, between 24th and 25th sts., in the milliner's store.

MALES.

AS FARMER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS farmer by a married man, wife and two children; has a thorough practical knowledge of farming; wife is a first-class dairy woman; is not afraid of work. Call on or address A. B., at Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st., N. Y.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED, AS gardener, by a young man who thoroughly understands his business, greenhouses, &c.; would make himself generally useful. Address W. F., Box No. 216 *Times* Office, for the week.

AS GARDENER OR COACHMAN.—WANTED, a situation, by a respectable middle-aged man, without family, as practical gardener or coachman; understands the care of greenhouse and grapery; is a good, steady driver and an excellent hand over horses; the best of reference. Address A. B., Box No. 214 *Times* Office, for three days.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED, BY a married man, as coachman: has lived with the most respectable families in this City and Brooklyn the past fifteen years; is a careful driver; understands his business; is strictly sober and honest; good City reference. Address J. B., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a respectable Protestant man; understands his business; willing and obliging; country preferred; strictly temperate; excellent references. Address J. W., Box No. 210 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—A YOUNG MAN WANTS A situation as coachman who thoroughly understands his business; will be found willing and obliging; in City or country; good reference from his last place. Address J. B., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable, single young man, as coachman; has had long experience in the City; best of reference. Call at No. 568 Broadway, Mr. Dunscomb's saddlery store.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter, by a single man who perfectly understands his business in all its branches, and can produce the best of City reference. Call or address M. K., for two days, at No. 50 East 13th-st., in the shoe-store, Broadway and University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN who has a fair knowledge of the hardware trade; would have no objection to traveling a part of the time, which he is accustomed to: references satisfactory. Address, for a few days, W. S., Box No. 3238 New-York Post-office.

TO ARCHITECTS.—A YOUNG MAN, SIX years in a first-class city office, wishes a permanent situation in an equally respectable office where a fair remuneration will be paid for his services. Address ARCHITECT, Box No. 126 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—MEN ACCUSTOMED TO MAKE Steel and Copper Plates, Dies, &c., for bank note engravers. To such, liberal wages will be given on application to the undersigned.

Also, one or two apprentices to the trade, not less than 16 years—to be indentured.

WILLIAM GARSIDE,
Washington Factory,
Newark, N. J.

WANTED—A WAITER IN A SMALL PRIVATE family; wages liberal. Apply at No. 10 Bond-st., THIS DAY, from 12 to 2 o'clock. None need apply without good reference.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT NURSE AND seamstress, who has had considerable experience with young children and has good City reference. Apply at No. 144 Henry-st., Brooklyn.

CLOTHING SALESMEN WANTED—WHO have a large acquaintance among first-class buyers Southwest and West. Apply to JAMES WILDE, JR., & CO., No. 388 Broadway.

WANTED—TWENTY SEWING GIRLS AT MARSH & CO.'S Truss and Bandage Institute, No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House; highest wages paid for good sewers.

A WAITER.—WANTED, A MAN AS WAITER; one who understands his business, and has City references, may apply at No. 122 5th-av.

WANTED—ONE FULLY CAPABLE TO TAKE care of a Yankee Notions stock. Address, with name and references. Box 1,228 Post-office.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

CURIOSO.—CARVED IVORY AND TORTOISE-SHELL CURIOSITIES, (modern and ancient,) also, other Japanese articles just opened to-day.

American Indian, Chinese and French Fans.

India, Chinese, Japanese, Manila, American Indian, and other goods, in great varieties, many of which are very appropriate presents (at all times) for this and foreign countries, particularly

FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

as many of them are unique, useful, fashionable, desirable, and sold at reasonable prices, wholesale and retail, at FOUNTAIN & CO.'S,
No. 858 Broadway, between 13th and 14th sts.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. T. SMITH & CO.,
Nos. 342 and 344 BROADWAY,

Have opened a RETAIL DEPARTMENT in connection with their WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENT, and offer a large and well selected assortment of

SADDLERY, HARNESS, WHIPS, MILITARY
EQUIPMENTS, TRAVELING BAGS,
TRUNKS, CARRIAGE ROBES AND MATS.

PRESENTATION SWORDS,
MILITARY AND MASONIC GOODS.
EMERSON & SILVER,

Office No. 447 Broome st., second door west of Broadway, Factory, Trenton, N. J.,

Manufacturers of rich presentation and Masonic regulation swords, fine spurs, belts, jewels, flags, banners, &c., &c. Our facilities are unsurpassed. We make every part within our own establishment, and are constantly getting up new and superior designs.

Over 30,000 swords made for United States Government since the war.

GOOD NEWS FOR MOTHERS.

Mothers can save their strength and the expense of a nurse by purchasing

BROWN'S PATENT BABY TENDER,

which combines in one compact article an elegant spring cradle, baby-jumper, hobby-horse, high chair and baby-walker. The greatest nursery novelty of the age. A magnificent present for mother and child.

BROWN & CO., No. 474 Broadway.

OLD APPLE WHISKY
AND CHAMPAGNE CIDER FOR SALE.

Parties in want of either of these articles, can find sample of the whisky at JAMES A. STOREY'S, No. 92 West-st., New-York City, and sample of the cider at CLARK & NIBLO'S, No. 6 Erie Buildings, Duane-st., New-York City, or by addressing H. S. CONOVER,
Marlboro, Monmouth Co., N. J.

ALL ON HOBBIES.

Along the road you cantering go,
Five or six miles an hour or so;
You've only to rise and sit as you ride.
The horse by his bridle you easily guide.

The Patent Cantering Horses will be sold at present prices only a few days longer by

STEPHEN W. SMITH, No. 498 Broadway,
Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

WANTED—SURGEONS AND ASSISTANT SURGEONS for colored regiments, in the Departments of the South, Gulf and Tennessee.

All candidates must be examined before the Board of Medical Officers.

Boards are now in session at Boston, New-York, Washington, Cincinnati and St. Louis, and at the headquarters of the Armies of the Potomac, Cumberland and Tennessee.

Applications for examination should be made to the Surgeon-General, U. S. A., Washington, D. C., and must be accompanied with one or more testimonials of good moral character from respectable persons.

The Board will determine whether the candidate is qualified for Surgeon or for Assistant Surgeon.

The candidate must be a graduate of some regular Medical College; non-graduates will not be examined.

J. F. BARNES, Acting Surgeon-General.

SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE, Nov. 18, 1863.

TO SKATE-STRAP MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS.—SPRAGUE'S PATENT LEVER BUCKLE, warranted to be in all respects the best and cheapest lever buckle in use. Manufacturers will do well to examine these buckles before using any other. Samples sent by mail to any part of the country.

For sale by P. McSHEPARD,
No. 347 BROADWAY.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FARM AND BUILDING LOTS.—A desirable improved farm and several handsomely located plots for dwellings, at Boiling Spring, N. J., only 30 minutes by Erie Railroad from New-York City. Place healthy and rapidly improving. Apply at No. 263 Washington-st., New-York.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A corner on 6th-av., above 23d-st.
House and lot on 5th-av., near 28th-st.
House and lot No. 136 Wooster-st., near Bleecker; 26x100.
Vacant lot on 8th-av., opposite Central Park.
Vacant lot on 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts.
Vacant lot on 40th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
Vacant lot on 53d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
Vacant lot on 57th-st., near 6th-av.

D. M. SEAMAN, No. 14 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON THE FIFTH AND EIGHTH avs., opposite the Central Park.

ALSO,

Lots on the streets adjacent to the Park.

ALSO,

A very desirable front on the 5th-av., south of the Central Park.

ALSO,

Lots at Yorkville and Harlem, some of them very eligibly located, and suitable for immediate improvements.

For particulars apply to
ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

MURRAY HILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—For sale, with or without the furniture—possession 1st January—the 4-story brown-stone high-stoop house No. 13 West 39th-st., near 5th-av.

The house is 21x55, is in perfect order, and has been recently painted throughout.

The furniture is first-class and is nearly new. Burglar-proof safe, new billiard table, &c.

Price for the whole, $30,000.

For permits to see the house—without which it will not be shown—apply to HOMER MORGAN,
No. 2 Pine-st.

HOUSE AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—Will be sold, with possession on 1st May next, the first-class 4-story brown-stone house No. 24 West 31st-st., near 5th-av., and adjoining the residence of Gen. McClellan. The house has all the modern improvements, built and finished in the best manner. Has large back building, with handsome dining-room, butler's pantry, laundry, &c., &c. Is handsomely and completely furnished. House 25 feet wide. Price $35,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, AND IMMEDIATE possession given, the 3-story basement and attic brick house No. 22 Livingston-st.; said house is pleasantly situated, between Clinton and Court sts., opposite the grounds of the Parker Institute, near the City Hall; is convenient to the ferries and city railway cars, and is a genteel, convenient, desirable residence. For terms, which are easy, inquire on the premises, between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON 52D AND 53D STS., BETWEEN the 8th and 9th avs. 8 lots together, 20x100, on the north side of 52d-st., and 8 lots in the rear of the same, on the south side of 53d-st., all graded to near the level of the streets, for sale on favorable terms to close a concern. Title perfect. Apply at No. 22 Pine-st., to ABNER L. ELY.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—TEN ACRES, making 160 city lots, in the enterprising City of Keokuk, Iowa; price $3,000; sure to bring double in a little time. Will exchange for a business, or property in or near the City. Address KEOKUK, Box No. 3,651 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—One of the finest farms in New-Jersey, containing 100 acres, 25 well adapted to raising peaches. The farm is well fenced and watered; buildings superior. JOHN STOUT, No. 111 Broadway, Room No. 61.

BROADWAY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The property known as the Church of Messiah, opposite the New-York Hotel, being 84 feet front, with privilege of building over a 10-ft. alley-way on the side, making a frontage of 94 feet by a depth of 120 feet. Price $160,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—AN ELEGANT BROWN-stone dwelling, containing 14 rooms and all the modern improvements, in Dean-st., between Hoyt and Smith sts., Brooklyn. Lot 22½x100 ft.; house 22½x45 ft. Possession when desired. Apply to H. A. SPAFARD, No. 317 Pearl-st., Brooklyn, or No. 18 Wall-st., New-York.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL—A first-class, elegant, four-story, high-stoop, full-sized, brown-stone corner house and lot, desirably located on Madison-av., replete with all modern improvements, and in complete order. For terms apply to LOCKWOOD & NORRIS, No. 17 William-st.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—LOT 22X98; house four stories, with modern improvements, and in first-rate order; the location is one of the pleasantest in the City. Apply at No. 26 Lamartine-place, from 11 to 3 o'clock. Price, $14,000.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, A THREE-STORY high, brown-stone, basement, Philadelphia brick-front house, finished in good style, with all modern improvements. IRELAND & BERTINE,
No. 1 Tryon-row, opposite Hall of Records.

BROOKLYN HOUSE FOR SALE—WITH immediate possession, No. 22 4th-place. It is three-story and high basement, 21x133⅓; completely renovated and furnished with all modern improvements. Price low.
C. G. PRATT, No. 38 Pine-st., Room No. 3.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—ABOUT 50X100 feet, between Canal and Bleecker sts., and Laurens and Mott sts. Apply to WARD McLEAN, (late Field & McLean,) No. 19 Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR BROOKLYN property, a 2-story house, in the village of Mount Vernon; two full lots and good barn. IRELAND & BERTINE, No. 1 Tryon-row, opposite Hall of Records.

TO BRICKMAKERS AND OTHERS.—For sale, 30 acres of land on Staten Island, containing an abundance of the best clay for bricks, with water front, where vessels of large size can load. Excellent brick have been made on the premises. For particulars, apply to
S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

DELIGHTFUL RESIDENCE FOR SALE—With 60 acres land, 2½ hours from New-York by Harlem Railroad. The situation is one of singular beauty, and the country peculiarly healthy. The neighboring forests abound with game, the streams are filled with trout. The buildings, which are new, are architectural in design, and are worth more than the price charged for the whole estate, while the hay crop alone yields 15 per cent. income on the whole investment. Price $10,000.
C. G. PRATT, No. 38 Pine-st., Room No. 3.

FOR SALE—IN THE VILLAGE OF WHITE PLAINS, one mile from the depot, a very desirable country residence for a retired gentleman, or a merchant doing business in the City; containing 32 acres in a high state of cultivation; abundance of fruit, and convenient buildings in good order; situated on Broadway with a fine view of the surrounding country; good road and sidewalk. Inquire of JAMES ARMSTRONG, on the premises. Part of the purchase can remain.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE CHEAP—Situated in the village of Tremont, 8 miles from New-York; contains 14 rooms, with about 2 acres of choice fruit; stables, green-house, &c. Also, several choice building lots for sale very cheap. Inquire of WM. GRAY, No. 301 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 6 P. M.

FARMS.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, A FARM or villa site of 103 acres, in the town of Yonkers, Westchester County, N. Y., 16 miles from the City Hall, and 2 miles from Kingsbridge; lands handsomely rolling, well fenced and watered, and in good order; has a good barn and orchard; situation elevated; healthy, central, and convenient, having near and easy access to depots on three different lines of railroad, viz.: the Harlem, the New-Haven and the Hudson River. A most favorable opportunity for investment. Terms easy. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 165 Front-st., or inquire of JOHN MORRISON, at Williams' Bridge Depot, Harlem Railroad.

FRUIT AND GARDEN FARM FOR SALE—It contains 45 acres excellent land, in good condition, very desirably located, 60 miles up the Sound, commanding extensive and beautiful interior and water views, with the best home market in the whole country. Price $4,500. A likely farm and a good investment.
C. G. PRATT, No. 38 Pine-st., Room No. 3.

AN EXCELLENT FARM OF 300 ACRES for sale or exchange for a smaller one; healthy situation, well watered and fenced; about half in wood; superior dwelling-house and outbuildings, &c. Apply from 10 to 12 o'clock A. M., at JOHN MAXWELL'S office, No. 41 Jay-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FARM ON LONG ISLAND, three miles north of Suffolk Station; new dwelling-house, first-class outbuildings, two fish-ponds, &c., and about 200 acres of land. For terms and particulars, apply to G. C. & E. J. GENET, No. 10 Pine-st.

TO LET.

TO LET—THE HOUSE AND LOT ON 9TH-ST., 93 feet east of Broadway, opposite A. T. Stewart's new establishment. Will be altered to suit a tenant, and is a very desirable business location. VAN WINKLE & WINANS, No. 14 Pine-st.

TO LET—A STORE ON FOURTH-AV., FRONT and offices in the Bible House, Astor-place. Apply at the Treasurer's office. 4th-av. entrance.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT UNDER THE TIMES Office, fronting Park-row, 32x16 feet. Inquire in office of the *Agriculturist*, No. 41 Park-row.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—FROM FIRST OF DECEMBER UNTIL 1st of April, a furnished house in a good neighborhood; rent not to exceed $300 per month; prompt payment and good careful tenant. Address Box No. 3,329 Post-office.

FURS.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

PHILLIPS' PATENT MINK MUFF and COLLAR has given entire satisfaction to the Ladies of New-York, which enables him to manufacture a large stock for the Holidays, and which we can sell 50 per cent. lower than any other house in the City. Also a large Stock of Mink Cloaks and Talmas. Call early, before purchasing elsewhere, at

PHILLIPS' FUR EMPORIUM, No. 279 Grand-st.

LADIES' FINE FURS, AT NO. 49 BROADWAY.—Opening at retail of a selected stock of Furs, by SIG'D GOGE, Manufacturer of Ladies' Fine Furs, No. 49 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway,
UPHOLSTERERS, PAPER HANGERS
AND INTERIOR DECORATORS,
are receiving in store, by every steamer,
NEW STYLES LACE CURTAINS,
SATINS, BROCATELS,
COTELINES, BORDERED REPS and DELAINES,
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS, all colors and sizes.
Also, PLUSHES, MOQUETTES, LASTINGS,
and every description of
FURNITURE COVERINGS
AND PAPER HANGINGS.

They would call the particular attention of parties furnishing, to their

STOCK OF THE ABOVE GOODS,
which contains a large assortment of
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS.
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway.

CLOAKS AT RETAIL.
E. S. MILLS & CO.
Offer at retail, at low prices:
FINE LYONS VELVET CIRCULARS,
BEAVER and DOESKIN CLOAKS,
COLORED BEAVER and ANGORA CLOAKS,
MISSES' and CHILDREN'S CLOAKS,
At No. 381 Broadway.

CURTAINS.

New Styles, 1863. Swiss Lace, Nottingham, Lace, Leno Lace, Muslin, Brocatelle, Reps, Terry Cloth, Japanese do., Damask, Cornices, and all other Trimmings.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 359 Broadway, N. Y.

WINDOW SHADES.

Gold, Opaque, White, Buff, Green, and Blue, Holland, Bray's Patent Fixtures, and all other approved styles.

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Mrs. Elger has the largest and cheapest assortment in the City, and is receiving weekly from Paris fresh goods manufactured expressly for her up Town Trade.

N. B.—Skirts made to order. Misses waists, pads, steels, lacings, rufflings, edgings and trimmings for undergarments. Ladies, Misses and Children's vests, drawers and pantelets. Skirts of the newest shapes and best quality only 85 cents. The cheapest lot of plain and hemstitched handkerchiefs in the City.

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GEO. M. TRACY, Agent, No. 101 William-st.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.—NEW STYLES IN bugle trimmings, ornaments, velvet ribbons, bonnet and trimming ribbons, alpaca and embroidery braids, buttons, cords and gipsey tassels; also a great variety of plain and embroidered handkerchiefs, collars and cuffs, very cheap. N. B.—The largest, cheapest and best assorted stock of small wares, combs, brushes, hair-nets and fancy goods in the City; French kid gloves, only $1; zephyr worsted, less than any other store, in large or small quantities, at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY, all kinds of Children's Cloaks, Riding Hoods, Dresses, Blankets, Sacks, Corsets, Chemises, Imant's Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Baskets, &c.; Ladies' Embroidered Chemises and Night Gowns, Yokes, Ladies' Ready Made Under Garments, Fluted Handkerchiefs, &c. Initials and coats of arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen, and bedcloths. Braiding cotton and silk embroideries made to order. Stamping for embroideries and braiding executed perfectly. Fluting for dress trimmings. Laces done up like new.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

STEINWAY & SONS'

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., New-York.

RAVEN & BACON,

Manufacturers of Grand and Square Piano-fortes, Wareroom No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, New-York. The long experience and the many facilities we possess enable us to produce instruments unsurpassed by any other establishment. Our personal attention is given to the construction, improvement and introduction of all essential changes that may be required to make a perfect piano-forte. Purchasers are invited to call and examine our large assortment of pianos, which we are now offering on favorable terms. Descriptive circulars sent by mail.

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No. 86 Walker-st., New-York.

All the stockholders being superior practical workmen, this Company is able to

OFFER THEIR LARGE AND SPLENDID PIANOS
AT LOWER PRICES
THAN ANY OTHER FIRST-CLASS HOUSE.

Every instrument guaranteed for five years.

HAZLETON BROTHERS,
OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
No. 99 Prince-st., a few doors west of Broadway, N. Y.

These Pianos have always received the first premium wherever they have been exhibited. A written guarantee for five years accompanies each piano. These instruments will be sold at prices to suit the times.

OVAL PIANOS.

Driggs' Harmonic New Scale and Patent String Clamp. These magnificent Pianos, which, for power and brilliancy of tone, are superior to any Piano-fortes now known, can be had at reasonable prices of the manufacturer, J. B. PECK.
(Guaranteed for five years.) No. 744 Broadway.

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PIANO-FORTE
MANUFACTURERS.
WAREROOMS
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PIANO-FORTES, at lower prices than any other first class manufacturer. CHAMBERS & GABLER,
Bible-House, 8th-st., corner of 4th-av.

AT HORACE WATERS', NO. 481 BROADWAY.—Pianos, Melodeons, Harmoniums and Musical instruments of every description, at the very lowest cash prices. The Horace Waters Pianos and Melodeons are made of the very best materials. Warranted for five years, and guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. New and second-hand Pianos, Melodeons, and Cabinet Organs, to rent; monthly payments received for the same. A large assortment of second-hand Pianos very low. Pianos and Melodeons tuned, repaired, moved, boxed and shipped. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 481 Broadway.

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NEWLY IMPROVED

Overstrung Grand and Square PIANOS are now considered, by the best judges, as superior to any other made in this country. Warranted for five years.

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A MAGNIFICENT 7¼-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD pianoforte for sale, with all modern improvements, full iron frame, overstrung bass; made to order and fully guaranteed; cost $700, for $350, including stool and cover. Inquire at No. 113 West 23d-st., near 6th-av.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS, of various makers, wholesale and retail, to let, or by installments, on favorable terms. Peloubet's Harmoniums, superior, $90 to $225; with pedals, $160 to $500. J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, near 14th-st., N. Y.

WORCESTER'S HINGED-PLATE PIANO-FORTES.—These instruments are recommended by Gottschalk, Mason, Mills, Morgan, Berge, Fradel and others, as possessing double the volume and musical quality of pianos of a corresponding scale made upon the ordinary method. Warerooms corner 14th-st. and 3d-av.

SUPERIOR 7-OCTAVE PIANOS, WITH full iron frames, overstrung bass, &c., LOW FOR CASH. J. G. DAVIES, 467 Broome-st., west of B'way.

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EDWARDS' PLACE,
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The Winter Session will begin on MONDAY, October 5, 1863. A few vacancies remain to be filled.

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Mr. HUNTER can be seen at No. 54 W. 17th-st., N. Y., until the 21st inst.

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A COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Fourteen miles from New-York.
At Riverdale, on the Hudson.
Rector, Rev. WM. C. LEVERETT, M. A.
Circulars at Messrs. D. Appleton & Co.'s, No. 443 Broadway, New-York.

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CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
No. 204 5th-av., corner 26th-st. Opens Sept. 9.

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CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
No. 1,214 Broadway, one door below 30th-st.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, on Washington-square, No. 21 4th-st., corner of McDougal-st., (GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.) Pupils of all ages, preparing for business or college, come daily to this Institute, from all parts of New-York and the adjacent cities. Catalogues of terms, &c., had at the Institute, (now in session, which parents are invited to visit,) at the Broadway bookstores, or by addressing the Rector, No. 21 4th st., New-York.

STAMFORD CLASSICAL INSTITUTE, STAMFORD, CONN.—This School has been established for the purpose of preparing boys for College. Number of pupils limited to ten. References, Prof. Lane, Harvard University; Rev. W. Mitchell, Stamford; Geo. L. Brown, Esq., New-York; Dr. H. M. Humphrey, Stamford. For particulars, address HENRY LEONARD, A. M., Principal.

MRS. PLUMB'S ACADEMY OF PHYSICAL CULTURE—No. 59 West 14th-st., for ladies, gentlemen, and children. Light gymnastics, with late improvements; also, a new system of vocal gymnastics, taught by Mrs. PLUMB and her brother, Mr. C. J. ROBINSON.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL RECEIVES pupils above seven years, preparing them for business, college, West Point and Naval Academy. 7th-av. cars pass the school.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—The fifty-second Semi-annual Session will commence Nov. 2. For particulars apply to
D. S. ROWE, A. M., Principal.

YOUTHS' HOME BOARDING SCHOOL.—On a farm, near Hackensack, N. J., twelve miles from New-York by railroad from foot Chambers-st. Terms $120 to $140 per year. For circulars, address A. B. WINANT, Principal.

JAMES D. CLARK'S (LATE CLARK & BROWNELL'S) classical and English School, No. 38 Congress-st., near Clinton, Brooklyn. Winter term begins Nov. 20. Boys prepared for college or for business, and received at any time.

WOODBURY INSTITUTE WILL OPEN Dec. 15, 1863. The Principal may be seen at Nos. 84 and 86 Chambers-st., New-York, till Dec. 7. Address, for Circulars, P. B. HULSE, Principal, Woodbury, Conn.

AMENIA SEMINARY, AMENIA, N. Y.—Rev. A. J. HUNT, A. M., Principal. Winter Term of fourteen weeks begins Dec. 17. For catalogues or information, address the Principal.

FRENCH CLASS.—MME. BONDON'S FRENCH Class for Children will commence at 10½ o'clock on SATURDAY, Dec. 12, at No. 44 West 24th-st.

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TO TEACHERS.—WANTED, GENT. FOR CLASSICS and German, in Boarding School; Principal for Select School in Delaware—"must be good Union man;" Episcopalian Gent. for Select School near N. Y.; Mathematical tutor for College—Episcopal an preferred; Principal for N. Y. Academy—income $1,000; Principal for Ohio Public School, salary $1,000; also one for N. Jersey, same salary; male Teacher for small District School, salary $400; Gent. for English, Brooklyn, salary $600 to $800; English and Vocal Music, N. Y. City, salary, $750; Prof. of Nat. Sciences, N. England; Gentleman for English and penmanship, N. Y. City. The following Female teachers are wanted, for January 1st, Methodist for Piano and Singing; English, Drawing and Painting; French, Drawing and Painting; experienced English teacher for City Family; French (native) for City; also one for Philadelphia; Mathematics and Vocal Music, near City; Finishing teacher of Piano and Singing, in a Music School; Piano and Guitar in Female Academy—the place is very desirable; Episcopalian for Maths. and Drawing; Maths and Nat. Sciences—salary liberal; also several other teachers wanted who can teach music, with other branches.

Circular explaining terms and giving first-class business and educational references, sent when applied for.

J. W. SCHERMERHORN, Educational Agent,
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AS RESIDENT GOVERNESS.—A GERMAN lady of superior education, desires a reengagement as resident governess, in this City. Her course of instruction comprises the English branches, French, music and drawing; unexceptionable City reference. Address A. Z., Box No. 1,125 Post-office.

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A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 204 5th-av., New-York.
No. 137 Montague-st., Brooklyn.
NEW-YORK CLASSES—Mondays and Thursdays or Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Children at 4. Gentlemen at 8 P. M.
BROOKLYN CLASSES—Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 P. M. for children, at 8 P. M. for gentlemen.
Pupils can commence at any time.
For terms, &c., see Circular.

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BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

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supplies the blood with its
VITAL PRINCIPLE, OR LIFE ELEMENT, IRON,
thereby infusing STRENGTH, VIGOR and HEALTH into the weak and debilitated system.

Testimonials from eminent physicians, clergymen and others sent free.

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NEW STYLES,
AT KELTY'S,
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LAWYER.—I TAKE GOOD CASES AND HAVE no fee until I have gained the case. Advice free.
M. BOWES, Attorney and Counselor,
No. 78 Nassau-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—FAUST.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—GIANT BOY AND GIRL, LILLIPUTIAN KING, MOVING WAX FIGURES, &c., at all hours—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES, GHOST, THE CHILD OF THE REGIMENT, at 3 and 7½ o'clock P. M.

WALLACK'S—ROSEDALE; OR, THE RIFLE BALL.

WINTER GARDEN—KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN—THE YOUNG ACTRESS.

BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE—(No. 485 Broadway)—EQUESTRIAN PERFORMANCES.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—MORAL EXHIBITION AND EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.

HOPE CHAPEL—STEREOSCOPTICON.

GALLERIES—(No. 625 Broadway)—ARTIST'S FUND SOCIETY.

GOUPIL'S—(No. 772 Broadway)—"MERCY'S DREAM."

SNEDECOR'S—(No. 768 Broadway)—"THE SIGN OF PROMISE."

OLYMPIC THEATRE—AUNT CHARLOTTE'S MAID—THE MOTTO, I AM ALL THERE.

PARK THEATRE—(Brooklyn)—THERESE—JENNY LIND.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—THE FAIRY CIRCLE—CUSTOMS OF THE COUNTRY—PAT'S BLUNDERS.

GEORGE CHRISTIE'S MINSTRELS—(No. 585 Broadway.)

THEATRE FRANCAIS—Every Tuesday and Saturday.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The news from Chattanooga, this morning, is of great interest, although the details are so blind in many respects that no clear idea of the operations can be obtained. The movement which took place on Monday, the 23d inst., looks very much like a very heavy reconnoissance for the purpose of developing the enemy's position and intentions. The divisions of Gens. Wood and Sheridan, of Granger's corps, were engaged. Gen. Hazen's brigade, supported by Gen. Willich's, attacked the enemy and drove him from his rifle-pits, capturing 200 prisoners, and occupying Orchard Ridge, the only high ground between our position and that of the enemy. The whole movement was completely in view from the lines of both armies. One dispatch says that deserters reported that the rebels were falling back on Chickamauga Station, and closes by asserting that hard fighting is inevitable to-morrow, unless the rebels fall back during the night. A later and special dispatch from Washington brings the cheering intelligence that fighting was going on all day yesterday, and that our troops had forced the enemy back at all points. No particulars are given.

An important letter from Solicitor Whiting, of the War Department, relative to the difficulties surrounding the subject of the exchange of prisoners, has been made public. Mr. Whiting intimates that the correspondence between the Commissioners, as published, does not really relate to the true difficulties which exist—which are, sending into service many of the unexchanged Vicksburgh captives, and the peremptory refusal by the enemy to exchange colored soldiers and their white officers upon any terms whatever. Mr. W. further gives the assurance that the faith of the Government is pledged to protect these men, and it will not abandon them. The President has ordered the stern law of retaliation enforced to avenge the death of the first Union soldier, of whatever color, whom the enemy shall in cold blood destroy or sell into Slavery.

From the Army of the Potomac we learn that several of the corps have changed positions. Lee's army stretches from Madison Court-house to the line of the Richmond and Fredericksburgh Railroad. One division of Ewell's corps occupies Fredericksburgh. Lee is said to be preparing to go into Winter quarters.

There is nothing additional from Gen. Burnside. A telegram from Cincinnati speaks of cannonading being still heard—probably at Cumberland Gap—though it don't say so.

Viâ Fortress Monroe we have some scattering dispatches from the Richmond papers of the 20th and 21st. Bragg telegraphs on the 20th that Gen. Wheeler's rebel cavalry had repulsed the National cavalry near Knoxville, and captured 300 prisoners on the 19th. The Charleston dispatches say that twelve shells had fallen into the city, but no damage was done. In North Carolina the Conservatives claimed to have elected eight out of ten members of Congress. The radical peace men got the largest majorities. *Viâ* Mobile the rebels report a victory over Franklin's force at Opelousas, the particulars of which have already been published.

Gen. Butler and staff, accompanied by his wife and daughter, arrived at Newbern on the 20th.

GENERAL NEWS.

At a meeting of the Supervisors, yesterday, a petition was received from the principal hotel-keepers, asking that policemen be detailed to their hotels, to protect them from "hotel thieves." Messrs. Purdy, Stewart, Shook and Roche, were appointed a Committee to confer with the Police Commissioners on the subject. By resolution, the Clerk was directed to warn all election officers of the penalties for any kind of neglect of their duty. This step is taken to prevent, if possible, the mixing up of matters in making out returns. A resolution was adopted thanking Gov. Seymour for promptly appointing a State Assessor for this end of the State, to fill the place of the late Thomas Addis Emmett. Mr. Blunt reported a resolution to appropriate $277,248 64 from the riot damages indemnity fund, to pay the regular and special militia employed to restore and maintain order during and subsequent to the riot. The resolution also provides compensation for personal injuries to the Police. It was adopted. Adjourned to Monday next, at noon.

Fernando Wood spoke last evening, at a supper given by the Democracy of Bergen County, N. J., to celebrate the triumph of Copperheadism there at the late election. Mr. Wood, in this speech, took stronger ground in favor of immediate, unconditional peace than he has ever done before. He said, in so many words, that if any State Executive had had the nerve to resist Federal authority when men were called for to prosecute the war, our troubles would have been over long ago. He also declared that no Democrat should vote one man or one dollar to enable the present Administration to carry on the war.

Last evening the Workingwomen's Union held a meeting at No. 187 Bowery, for the purpose of advancing their interests as far as possible in the matter of an increase of wages. The meeting was addressed by Mr. Moses S. Beach, Mr. Walford, Mr. McKellar, and several of the women present. After some discussion, it was determined to appoint a committee of twelve gentlemen, in conjunction with the subscribers to the Union Fund, in order to frame a constitution and by-laws, when the meeting adjourned.

The Richmond *Whig*, of the 18th, announces the death of Brig.-Gen. Posey, who died at Charlottesville on Sunday, from a wound received during the late fight at Bristoe Station. He was interred at Charlottesville with military honors. Gen. Posey was formerly Colonel of the Forty-eighth Mississippi regiment, Featherston's brigade, and when that officer was transferred from the Army of Virginia to the West, Gen. Posey was commissioned to succeed him.

The attending physician of James B. Clay, at Montreal, writes a note to the Montreal *Gazette*, to deny the statement of the Times' correspondent at Toronto, that Mr. Clay was engaged in the late rebel conspiracy. He has been confined to his bed for two months.

Another contractor, C. W. Hall by name, has just been convicted at Cincinnati of defrauding the Government in the purchase of horses, and fined $10,000, with six months' imprisonment thrown in.

Hon. F. W. Lincoln has been renominated for Mayor of Boston by the Republicans.

In the town election in Hartford, Conn., on the 23d, the Democratic ticket was successful by 300 majority.

There is very little doing in the City Law Courts, and very little will be done until the political world has finished incubating on the December election, and hatched something from its biennial mare's-nest.

The price of Gold fell 2@2¼ ₩ cent. yesterday closing 150¼@½. Money fairly active at 7 ₩ cent. The Railway Shares were lower.

Business was much restricted yesterday. The rain-storm checked operations. The depression in Gold had an unfavorable effect. Breadstuffs were quiet, though buyers had any existing advantage. Provisions and Groceries were less active, yet quoted firm. Whisky was freely purchased by speculators at irregular prices. Tallow was in less demand. Linseed and Linseed Oil were brisker and dearer. Hemp was attracting more attention at higher rates. Spices were in moderate request. Wool was active and buoyant. The freight market was quiet. Other branches of trade presented no important alteration.

The Live Stock Markets are not as well supplied with animals this week, but owing to Thanksgiving, when poultry supplants meat, there is no lack in any department. A holiday of this kind is calculated to lessen the demand for meat about one-third, as it generally takes two days to consume the turkeys and "pick the bones." A falling off from 62,100 to 53,500 live animals is therefore no more than the diminished time of regular meat eating calls for, and prices have not advanced any more on one sort than they have fallen off on others. Beeves number 5,179, which is 1,300 less than last week. The 3,721 yarded at Allertons' were mostly sold on Monday, and for the best cattle an advance of ½c. is quoted. More cattle brought 11c. ₩ lb. than have been sold at that price for several weeks past. One reason was because there were more fat cattle in market, and another was that there was a real advance on this kind, owing to a demand for choice animals for holiday beef. Medium and thin steers sold quite as low as last week. The market averaged about 8¾c., and everything was sold off clean.....Sheep and lambs amount to only 10,618 for the week, against over 18,000 one week ago. Still there is no advance, but on the contrary a slight decline, 5½c. securing prime fat sheep, and 5c. fair stock. Rainy weather hurts the sale of sheep. Several droves remain unsold....Live hogs foot up 36,925 for the week. They have been selling as fast as received up to Tuesday, when larger arrivals and bad weather left some on the market unsold. Prime, heavy corn hogs are worth 5¾c.—one small lot of extra fat hogs were reported at 7c.

Who Repents the War?—A Difference Between Rebels and Loyal Men.

Among the many home-truths told by John M. Botts, in his letter to the Richmond *Examiner*, he said: "There is not one of those who aided to bring this war on, that would do it, if, with their present experience, it had to be gone over again, or if they could have foreseen what has followed." This is literal fact. There is not a rebel of any responsibility whatever who dare tell Mr. Botts that he here says the thing which is not. Every man of them knows in his heart that the calculations upon which the rebellion was started have utterly failed, and that nothing but the fact that they are in the fight keeps them to the fight. Could things be put back to the condition they were in on the week when Abraham Lincoln was elected President of the United States, the rebel conspirators, from Jeff. Davis down, would sooner walk straight into their graves than have knowingly encountered the misery and the humiliation which this war is entailing upon them and the people which trusted them. It is not in human nature, unless when stark mad, to plunge into such a sea of calamity and disgrace, with a knowledge of its real character.

Here is an essential difference between the supporters of the rebellion and the supporters of the Government. Among the millions of the latter—of course we mean the genuine supporters of the Government, and not Copperheads—there is not a man who regrets that the war came when it came and as it came. They all feel that as much was done to avert it as could be done without an utter abandonment of character—that there was a forbearance almost abject, offers of concession almost craven. As they now look back upon that period of trembling entreaty, their only shame is that it lasted so long, and their greatest glory is that just as soon as their ears caught the sound of the cannon against Sumter, they so instantly straightened into their original manhood, and leaped to the grapple. It is true that the contest has cost the North great treasure and blood—that anxiety and care, and toil, and trial, and affliction have come from it, which no human power can gauge. But all that brings no regret. Could it all have been foreseen—nay, had it proved twenty times worse than has been actually experienced—that grand uprising would still have occurred, and now still would have been looked back to as the best day in the annals of the Republic. The progress of the war, notwithstanding all the sacrifices it has imposed, has only endeared the cause all the more to the great body of the Northern people. They fight not because the fight is upon them, but because duty commands it, and because they are assured that by fighting, and that only, will their country be saved. As it was in the beginning, so still—it is the flag which inspires them; and with it they have neither repinings nor misgivings. Such language as Mr. Botts sends to the rebel Capital, challenging denial, it would be morally impossible for him or anybody else to address to any of the authorities in Washington. The man who should attempt it would be set down at once as bereft of his senses.

Of course, we don't imagine that this essential difference between the two parties to this conflict, in respect to their repentance for its beginning, is going to make any essential difference in the tenacity with which it will be maintained. Regret for the past does not at all hinder desperation in the present, but, in fact, rather promotes it. Every day's observation in common life testifies how often it is that no men are more reckless than those who are most dissatisfied with themselves. We take it for granted that, bitterly as Jeff. Davis and his crew may rue their having "precipitated the South into revolution," they will yet fight to the very last to maintain that revolution. They will give up only when compelled to do so by sheer exhaustion. The loyal part of the country has got to put forth its strength accordingly. Whatever the changes in the spirit that come over the Confederate dream, the stubborn fact remains that the Confederate body will fight as long as it can stand, and that there is no possible way of getting rid of it but by crushing it. It is under that conviction, and for that object, that our President has sent out his call for three hundred thousand more men. Let them be furnished in the same high spirit of Duty that has hitherto sustained the war; and this desperation, now so defiant, will be very speedily pushed to the step beyond, which is Despair, and to the step beyond that, which is Death.

Another Battle in Georgia.

We have news that the battle between the armies of Grant and Bragg, which has been threatened for some days, was opened yesterday morning, and lasted all day. The fighting was immediately in front of our position at Chattanooga, in the valley which forms a sort of *cul-de-sac* between Missionary Ridge and Lookout Mountain, some six or eight miles northwest of the late battle-ground of Chickamauga. It is here that the body of the rebel army has been planted. We suppose that undoubtedly our army was the attacking party, and that Gen Grant ordered the assault. An attack was designed for a week ago last Sunday, but for good reason it was ordered to be temporarily postponed. The forces mentioned as having been engaged are those of Gens. Thomas and Sherman. If this statement is literally accurate, it indicates that Gen. Sherman's column, which was previously reported as moving in the direction of East Tennessee for the relief of Gen. Burnside, had been quickly wheeled round and down to Chattanooga, at the order of Gen. Grant. Hooker, too, will, doubtless, have a hand in the affair. We hardly suppose that the rebel column of Longstreet, which has been fighting Burnside up at Knoxville, has had time to join itself to the army of Bragg, though it was reported a day or two ago that it had withdrawn from Gen. Burnside's front.

The telegraph characterises the news received in Washington as "most satisfactory." We are glad to get the assurance, and do not doubt that the battle will end even more satisfactorily than it has opened.

The Military Manœuvring in Tennessee.

It would be a great comfort if the persons to whom we are indebted for the dispatches from Chattanooga would write in a way not to be utterly unintelligible. The country is really very much interested to know what takes place at that important theatre of military operations; but it is very hard to form any correct idea of the late transactions from any accounts thus far received. It appears that previous to the battle reported this morning, Bragg had been falling back from the line he till lately held in the immediate front of Chattanooga, and had begun a retrograde movement back of Chickamauga Station. There is nothing, however, to show whether this action was in consequence of an offensive demonstration on the part of Gen. Grant, or whether it was voluntary on the part of Bragg, and in execution of a previously formed design. A reconnoissance on the 23d revealed the rebels as occupying the position at Missionary Ridge and the intervening heights. Thereupon Gen. Thomas pushed forward a part of Gen. Gordon Granger's corps, consisting of the divisions of Wood and Sheridan; two important knolls, half way between our line and Missionary Ridge, were carried by a brilliant charge, and the whole position up to the foot of that ridge was gained. A battle was stated to be imminent yesterday, "unless the rebels should withdraw during the night," and it is the engagement that was thus foreseen and preannounced that is now reported to be in progress.

There is every probability, however, that Bragg had designed a retreat, dictated by the military elements of the situation as they have been affected by late events. The success of the action which gave Gen. Grant possession of Lookout Valley and the direct line of river communication with Bridgeport, made it no longer an object for the rebels to hold a line close up to our front at Chattanooga. And while it was no longer an object in a military point of view, their position in Chattanooga Valley was a very uncomfortable and embarrassing one, being nine miles from the railway station, and involving the wagoning of supplies over that distance by execrable roads. On this head, a writer in the Savannah *Republican* makes the following sensible observations:

> "The question of subsisting the Federal army in Chattanooga this Winter is solved, and there is no longer any doubt about the ability of its commander to obtain all needful supplies unless we dispossess him of the railroad. To do this we shall have to fight another battle, and overcome difficulties of a serious character. The truth is, Lookout Mountain is very much in our way. If we make Lookout Valley the battle-ground, we interpose the mountain between us and our base of supplies, and expose our flank and rear to a movement either from Chattanooga or Bridgeport; and if we do not go into the valley we cannot dislodge the enemy. Why, then, should we remain longer in the mud and water in Chattanooga Valley?"

In addition to these suggestions comes the important consideration of the situation of Longstreet's column. Hardly had his expedition against Gen. Burnside got well under way, for the purpose of carrying out Jeff. Davis' threat to "drive the Yankees out of Tennessee," than the arrival of Gen. Sherman's column put into the hands of Gen. Grant the means of sending a powerful force to operate on Longstreet's communications, without subtracting a man from the force held in hand to watch the action of Bragg's main force in his immediate front. Bragg must have immediately seen the faulty position in which he was placed by this division of his force; at least, if *he* did not, there are military heads at Richmond acute enough to do so. The best course in this turn of affairs was to fall back on the railroad—a movement which would have the double advantage of bringing him to his line of supplies and enabling him to cover the withdrawal of Longstreet's column for the purpose of forming a junction with his own force.

Repeated experience has made Bragg a thorough adept in the art of retreating, but he has been too well watched this time to play his part quite as well as he has hitherto done. According to his usual custom, he had begun by sending off the heavy part of his *materiel*, with siege guns, etc.; but the reconnoissance in force of Thomas seems to have caught the retreating rebels in *flagrante delicto*, and brought them suddenly to a stand. In the meantime it is most gratifying to be able to believe that the turn of affairs thus far will relieve Gen. Burnside's force from a very perilous position, while it also gives promise of a grand success at Chattanooga.

Peace and Disunion.—A Copperhead festival was held in Bergen County, N. J., last night, at which the principal orator was Fernando Wood. His voice is still for peace. "There can be no such thing as rebellion in this country." "Suppose," said he, "New-York chose to secede, who dare attempt to prevent her; and Virginia has the same right as New-York." He believed that "when the President called for troops, if but one State Governor had done his duty, the war would have been stopped; for with 100,000 under Lee threatening Washington, neither Stanton nor Lincoln would have had courage enough to turn round and face the fire they would have felt in the rear." *We* suppose that if New-York were to attempt to break up the Government, it would be apt to get into the same kind of difficulty that Virginia has got itself into; and we suppose that if Gov. Seymour had threatened the rear of Stanton and Lincoln while Lee was threatening their front, the rear of Gov. Seymour would have been attended to by the people of New-York. The whole thing is perfectly simple, as Mr. Wood will perceive.

A long series of short toasts was given—some of which were intended to be funny—a ghastly sort of funniness; others of which were traitorous, others pious, and others ridiculous. After the toast to Wood, came "The State of Illinois—the Star of Hope in the West." What does this mean? If there be one State devoted to the Union more than another—one State more determined than another to prosecute to the end the war for the Union—one State which has better than another proven its purpose by its works—it is Illinois. With perhaps one exception, she has a larger population of her able-bodied men in the field than any State in the Union. She is a star in the Union galaxy, but certainly not in that of rebellion or Copperheadism.

This speech is undoubtedly intended to foreshadow Fernando Wood's position and programme in the forthcoming Congress. His following there will certainly be small.

Amusements.

Academy of Music.—To-night Gounod's "Faust" will be produced for the first time in New-York. It is a grand romantic opera, involving in its interpretation all the resources of the Academy. Mr. Maretzek has spared no expense, and has been prodigal of labor in the bringing out of this very important work. Gounod is a French composer, who, in "Faust" at least, has won a success which Europe has not been slow to indorse. Since the days of Meyerbeer's "Robert le Diable," there has been no opera that combines inspiration and learning in so remarkable a manner. "Faust" has created a popular and artistic sensation in all the cities where it has been played. If it fails to do so here it will not be the fault of Mr. Maretzek, who has been liberal in all that can contribute to the success of the *mise en scene* and music. There is, however, no ground for apprehension. The composition is beautiful, and to-night will witness one of the memorable successes of the age. The following artists are in the cast: Miss Clara Louise Kellogg, Mlle. Sulzer, Miss Stockton, Signor Mazzoleni, Signor Biachi, Signor Yppolito, and Signor Colletti. Mr. Max Maretzek presides in the orchestra.

The Menagerie.—Divers attempts have heretofore been made to establish a menagerie on Broadway, but have invariably failed because of the absence of all proper arrangements, and the preponderance of discomfort to visitors, and of the odors of sawdust, and musty, antiquated animals. The menagerie opened at Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway is successfully in advance of all previous efforts. The capacious building has been remodeled, admirably and elegantly arranged, and visitors will find a novelty in the absence of all the unpleasantnesses which have marked similar exhibitions. The animals are superior to any seen on this Continent before, and among them is the most superb specimen of the few giraffes ever exhibited in this country. As a whole, in the arrangement of the building, in the rare animals, in the thrilling feats of Langworthy with the lions, panthers, &c., and in the performance of the wonderful elephant, *Tippoo Saib*, the Broadway Menagerie has no rival on either Continent.

THE WAR IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Arrival of Gen. Butler at Newbern—The Peace Men Elect Eight Out of Ten Members of Congress in North Carolina.

Newbern, N. C., Friday, Nov. 20.

Maj.-Gen. Butler arrived here this morning from Fortress Monroe *via* Morehead City, accompanied by his Staff, his wife and daughter, and Rear Admiral Lee.

The *Raleigh Standard* claims that the Conservatives have elected eight members out of ten to the rebel Congress. Those of them who announced themselves in favor of peace on any terms, and who were most severe in their condemnation of the rebel Administration, received the largest majorities. The Conservative candidates also received a majority of the soldiers' votes.

The cargoes of seven large steamers which ran the blockade off Wilmington in one night, are advertized in the rebel papers for sale.

THE ARABIA OFF CAPE RACE.

Two Days Later from Europe gone to Halifax.

St. Johns, N. F., Tuesday, Nov. 24.

The steamship *Arabia*, from Liverpool on the 14th *via* Queenstown on the 15th of November, passed Cape Race *en route* to Boston, at 5 o'clock last evening.

The dates per the *Arabia* are two days later than those already received.

The high gale prevailing at the time the *Arabia* passed precluded the boarding of the *Arabia* by the newsboat of the Associated Press.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

EVERYTHING QUIET YESTERDAY

POSITION OF THE REBEL FORCES.

Successful Fight with Guerrillas in Loudon County.

DISPATCH TO THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Washington, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

We have news from the Army of the Potomac up to 3 P. M. Absent officers may be interested to know that several changes of position of army corps have been made.

The Fredericksburgh Heights are held by one division of Ewell's corps, which is the extreme right of the rebel army. Lee's left rests near Madison Court-house, on this side of the Rapidan. His force is mostly cavalry. The rebel army seems to have no faith at all that we will advance and fight before May, 1864, for it is manifestly preparing to go into Winter quarters at or near Gordonsville. At present it is stretched from that place to some point on the Richmond and Fredericksburgh road, probably Hanover Junction.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Washington, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

Passengers, who arrived to-night from the Army of the Potomac, represent our forces as occupying the same position they have held for week a past. It rained there last night and this morning.

Nothing of special interest has been received through the special messenger.

Yesterday Col. Lowell, in his pursuit of guerrillas in Loudon County, Virginia, came up with a much larger force than usual, and giving them battle, succeeded in damaging them most essentially, capturing a large number of prisoners, horses, accoutrements, &c.

A Storm Succeeded by Fine Weather—The Roads—Winter Quarters—Gen. Buford—J. M. Botts Gives a Dinner—More Prisoners—Red Tape.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Army of the Potomac, Sunday, Nov. 22, 1863.

A rain-storm prevailed all day yesterday and most of last night. Early this morning the storm clouds were swept away by a change of wind, and the sun is now shining in all its splendor: While the roads in this vicinity are easily rendered impassable by rain, they as quickly dry again when the genial rays of "Old Sol" shine forth. The weather, to-day, is all that anyone could wish; the air is bracing enough to make every one feel well, and therefore ready for any emergency.

There is no news—except that of a contraband character—worth communicating. I may say, however, *en passant*, that the fears expressed by some of the cotemporaries of the Times, that Gen. Meade was preparing to go into Winter quarters, have no foundation whatever in fact. Nothing of the kind has yet been considered. The campaign has by no means ended; this army has yet an important duty to perform, and the officers and men alike have both the will and the nerve to perform that duty—successfully, I hope and believe.

Gen. Buford, who commands the First cavalry division, left for the North, yesterday, on a sick-leave of absence. He is suffering from rheumatism, superinduced by exposure in the field. His compulsory absence is a source of regret to the whole command, as they have the utmost confidence in his ability and skill as a commander. Gen. Merritt, of the Regular brigade—an accomplished cavalry officer—succeeds to the command.

John Minor Botts dined a number of Major-Generals at his residence near Brandy Station yesterday. Among the number was the Commanding-General. This probably will give fresh cause of offence to the Richmond junta.

A large number of prisoners were brought into camp yesterday, gathered up by our cavalry pickets. They will be forwarded to Washington to-day.

Another life has probably been sacrificed to red tape. Thomas Killan, of Co. I, Ninety-third New-York Volunteers, died in camp yesterday morning, from chronic diarrhœa. His attending surgeons, Drs. Wilcox and Smith, had tried in vain to obtain permission to send him to the North as the only means of saving his life. His remains were escorted to their last resting-place yesterday, attended by his company, commanded by Capt. Johnson, and all of the officers of the company in camp. The deceased formerly resided in Albany, and was about forty years of age.

E. A. PAUL.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Washington, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

CONCERNING THE NATIONAL FINANCES.

There is nothing decisive about issuing any one-year Treasury-notes at present. Of the two-years notes, only the fifty millions negotiated with the Banks will be prepared. No new financial measure of any character is now contemplated by the Government. In the various financial acts passed during this Administration, there is not discoverable any positive provision requiring the payment in gold of the principal of bonds issued by the Government, with the exception of the provision in the law of March, 1863. Under this law no bonds have yet been issued. The Secretary of the Treasury, however, has never yet directed the payment of any portion of the funded debt otherwise than in coin. And this, it is confidently asserted by those who have the best opportunities of knowing the Secretary's opinions upon the subject, will continue to be his policy, unless prevented by circumstances beyond his ability to control.

THE WAR DEPARTMENT ESTIMATES.

The War Department, to-day, sent its estimates for the next fiscal year to the Treasury Department. This completes the estimates of all the Departments on which the report of the Secretary of the Treasury will be based. The utmost caution is used to prevent any possible premature publication of the figures.

THE LABOR AND WAGES QUESTION.

It being represented that the increased prices of provisions and of necessaries render it proper and just that there should be an increased rate of wages for mechanics, laborers and other employes, whose compensation is not fixed by law, it has been ordered that the heads of the respective Bureaus of the War Department make inquiry and report a just and reasonable rate of advanced wages to be paid by the Government at the present time.

THE IRON-CLAD SANGAMON.

Statements having been made that the iron-clad *Sangamon*, on the eve of her departure upon an important mission, was found to be in a sinking condition, and a suspicion of treason having been mentioned in this connection, a correspondent, of whom the *National Intelligencer* speaks as "an esteemed friend in the Washington Navy-yard," sends to that paper a communication, saying:

> "There was no disaster on Saturday night, and there is no mystery connected with the very ordinary operation of sending the yard engine to do what the ordinary hand-pump of the vessel could have done had it been in order. There was no defect in the engine to be repaired. The boilers were filled twice and a half for the purpose of discovering leaks, and the water from these boilers was indiscreetly let into the vessel. This brought her down so much that water came in at the junction of the overhang and the body of the vessel. The ordinary hand-pump being out of order, the fire-engine of the yard was sent down to the vessel, and used all the steam that could be got on her engine."

THE STARTING-PLACE OF THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

It is understood that the President, in compliance with the terms of the law of the last Congress, decided that the Northern Pacific Railroad shall start from a point on the Missouri River, nearly opposite Council Bluffs, in connection with the Mississippi and Missouri and the Rock Island Roads.

A CASE OF CONSCIENCE.

Some conscience-stricken man in New-York has sent to the Treasury Department $65, which he says belong to the Government, and desires an acknowledgement of the receipt to be made in one of the New-York papers. The note is written in Roman capital letters, in order to prevent all traces of authorship. The money has been placed in the Treasury, and publicity is given to this fact in the hope that the good example may be followed.

THE FURLOUGHS TO VETERAN RECRUITS.

The order recently issued that volunteers now in the service who reënlist as veteran volunteers, shall have a furlough of at least thirty days previous to the expiration of their original enlistment, secures this privilege to the volunteers, either by ordering all so enlisting, with their officers, to report in their respective States, through the Governors, to the Superintendent of the recruiting service for furlough and reorganization, or by granting furloughs to the men individually. Commanding Generals of Departments and armies are authorized to grant these furloughs within the limit of time fixed in compliance with this order, as the demands of the service will best permit, reporting their action to the Adjutant-General of the army. In going to and from their respective States and homes, the veteran volunteers furloughed will be furnished with transportation by the Quartermaster's Department. When three-fourths of a regiment or company reënlist, the volunteers so enlisted may be furloughed in a body for at least thirty days to go home with their officers to their respective States and districts to reorganize and recruit; and the individuals of the regiments or companies who do not reënlist, shall be assigned to duty in other companies or regiments until the expiration of their term of service.

PEACE DEMOCRATS' FESTIVAL.

Speech of Hon. Fernando Wood

HIS FIRST SINCE THE RIOTS.

The Copperheads of Bergen County New-Jersey, Jubilant.

Last evening, the Peace Democracy of Bergen County, N. J., gave a supper at Bergen, in honor of their successes thereabouts at the late election. Hon. Fernando Wood was the guest of the evening. After the removal of the cloth, the following toasts were given, the first drank standing, in silence; others were heartily applauded:

TOASTS.

The Union and the Constitution—God defend them from every foe.

Our Distinguished Guest—Hon. Fernando Wood.

The State of Illinois—The star of hope in the West.

The State of New-Jersey—The only spot of dry land in the deluge.

The County of Bergen—The Banner County of Democracy, which has not such a non-descript as a War Democrat within its borders.

"Blessed are the Peacemakers."

The last Man and the last Dollar—May the one be an Abolitionist, and the other a shinplaster, and may they both perish in the *last ditch* together.

State Rights—May they not be forgotten in delirious and bloody triumph of State wrongs.

Things we Remember—*Habeas Corpus* and trial by Jury.

To the First Governor—Who shall have the virtue and courage to keep his oath of office, and protect and defend the Constitution, laws and sovereignty of his State and the rights of its citizens.

The Light of Other Days—When Liberty wore a white face and America was not a negro.

The Democratic Party—As it was, before cowardice, treachery, shoddy and greenbacks had demoralized its councils.

The Abolition War for Disunion—Let those who think it is right go to it, and those who think it is wrong stay at home.

May those who say we shall never have the Union as it was, follow the example of their brother traitor Judas Iscariot, who died and went to his own place.

The War Democrat—A white man's face on the body of a negro.

The Only Possible Remedy for Secession and the Only Hope of the Union—Peace, mutual concession, and compromise.

Hon. Fernando Wood responded to the toast in his own honor:

Mr. Wood, who was received with great enthusiasm, acknowledged the compliment paid him, and in return congratulated the State of New-Jersey on the exalted position which she had attained in the eyes of the world by her considerate devotion to the principles of free government, and the unqualified sentiments she had ever expressed in favor of peace. He felt sure that had the precepts she had advocated been adopted, and the example she had set been followed, the Union would long ere this, have been restored. He did not propose, on this occasion, to enter into any discussion of the great principles at issue before the American people. His views on these questions were fully known. In a few days he would be called on in another place to give free expression to his opinions, and to give at least an intelligent version of the duty of the Democracy at this crisis. We have fallen, he said, on evil times. The war is defended by some, because it is said to be the only way of restoring the Union; others again sustain it because they think it will crush out Slavery; and, again, others hound on the fight because it creates an unnatural expansion of the currency and conduces, as they think, to their individual interests. With the motives of men I have nothing to do. Whatever may be the secret or avowed grounds on which a prosecution of this war would justify his course, rest assured, my friends, it leads to a result that will engulf all alike in one common maelstorm of destruction. I care not whether it is prosecuted for patriotic purposes or not; the objects of men or of the Government are nothing in view of the fact that the effect, tendency and catastrophe will of necessity be fatally disastrous. It is folly to prate of motives, however high and ennobling they may ostensibly appear, when the results which accrue from those motives are destructive and debasing. It may be as well said that a man is justified in jumping from an eminence, a fall from which is certain to break his neck, because he did not design doing any injury to himself. Whatever his intentions may have been he perishes in the act. So with this war. Whether we will or no, its continued prosecution is certain destruction. There is no such thing as rebellion under the institutions upon which the Government of this country is founded. Suppose New-York chose to secede, who dare attempt to prevent her? Virginia had the same right as New-York. War is disunion and disintegration. No man in his senses disputes this. Every man who favors it, directly or indirectly, favors the dissolution of the American Union—promotes the establishment of a centralized despotism, and advances the fortunes of the most desperate and unscrupulous knaves that ever cursed a country. The advocates of the war may well be classed as the "evil disposed" and the "simpleminded." These two classes comprehend the whole war party of the country. The Democracy cannot follow either. What if the late elections do look as if the people favored war. Admitting it, rely on it, this apparently popular verdict can, if honestly analyzed, be found to be nothing more than a temporary estrangement. The real patriotic sentiment of the country will yet declare itself in thunder tones against it. But if it be true that the people are in favor of the war, let the War Democrats remember that the Democratic party will not be trusted with power to prosecute it. Therefore, let the Democracy remain true to itself and its time-honored principles, and, if it falls, let it die battling for the ever-living truths proclaimed by the fathers of the Constitution. Persistency and consistency in politics, if founded in justice, law and right will sooner or later assert its power and be triumphant. Let us, therefore, adhere closely to the theory of Government upon which the Union was originally founded. The present delusions must subside. Like the French Revolution, the dreadful era of carnage and fanaticism must run its course and have its termination. All civil wars founded on social or moral ideas have produced the same excitements, been pregnant with the same popular outbreaks, and culminated as this will, in the downfall and extinction of the men or party which advocated them. Rely on this: History will repeat itself in this instance as it has in a thousand others—our nature has not been changed; men are now as in the days of Robespierre and Cromwell—bloody, treacherous, fanatical, selfish and unpatriotic. Mr. Wood did not mince matters with the war Democracy. He said the Democratic party to which his hearers belonged must discard all aid and assistance from and affiliation with these War Democrats; they must accept neither their friendship, influence or votes. He believed that when the President called for troops, if only one State Executive with brain and nerve had done his duty under the Constitution, the war would have been stopped before now. With 100,000 under Lee threatening Washington, neither Stanton nor Lincoln would have had courage enough to turn and face the fire they would have felt in the rear. It is the duty of the people now to refuse to give another man or another dollar for the purpose of carrying on the war. A reference made by the speaker to Mr. Vallandigham was received with the most boisterous applause.

Ex-Gov. Price, of New-Jersey, followed Mr. Wood. He indorsed all the most ultra demonstrations of Copperhead doctrineism enunciated by his New-York exemplar. He believed the only salvation of the country lay in the restoration to power of the Democracy, and he was not very scrupulous as to the means by which the Democracy secured the necessary lease of power.

Other speeches were made by C. Chauncy Burr, Judge Van Loon and others, and a letter from Hon. J. P. Singleton, of Illinois, was read.

[Advertisement.]

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

At a very large outlay of money and at no small amount of trouble, the proprietor has brought together in one exhibition, and for a few days only,

THREE ENORMOUS LIVING GIANTS,

each EIGHT FEET HIGH. Contrasted with them is a beautiful MINIATURE GENTLEMAN, but 22 inches in height. Such a practical illustration of

BROBDINGNAG AND LILLIPUT,

the world never saw before. It is worth going 100 miles to see. Besides these there are half a million of other animate and inanimate "wonders of the world," all to be seen for 25 cents.

This is a grand gala week, and it is no wonder that the Museum is thronged day and night with Ladies and Gentlemen, and delighted Children, for never before were so many truly instructive, interesting and amusing works of nature and art concentrated and presented at one time to an admiring public.

For further particulars see the regular Museum advertisement.

Valuable to the Soldiers.—BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES will be found invaluable to the soldier in camp, exposed to sudden changes—affording prompt relief in cases of coughs, colds, &c. For Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving Irritated Throats, and will render articulation easy. *As there are imitations, be sure to* OBTAIN *the genuine.*

Morton's Gold Pens are now sold at the same prices as before the commencement of the war; this is entirely owing to the Manufacturer's improvements in machinery, his present large Retail Business and Cash-in-Advance System; for, until he commenced advertising, his business was done on Credit and *strictly with the Trade.*

The Morton Gold Pens are the only ones sold at old prices, as the makers of all other gold pens charge the Premium on the Gold, Government Tax, &c.; but Morton has in no case changed his prices, Wholesale or Retail.

Of the great numbers sent by mail to all parts of the world during the past few years, not one in a thousand has failed to reach its destination in safety; showing that the Morton Gold Pen can be obtained by any one, in every part of the world, at the same price, postage only excepted.

Reader, you can have an enduring, always ready, and reliable Gold Pen, exactly adapted to your hand and style of writing, which will do your writing vastly cheaper than Steel Pens; and at the present almost universal High-Pressure Price of everything, you can have a Morton Gold Pen cheaper, in proportion to the labor spent upon it and material used, than any other Gold Pen in the World. If you want one, see "The Pen is Mightier than the Sword," in another column.

Mrs. M. G. Brown, Metaphysical Physician, Professor on the Eye, Ear and Throat, will be at her room to see patients, at No. 25 Bond-st., on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, and until 2 o'clock on FRIDAY.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.
Extract of the

Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by Druggists generally.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York

---

Chloasma, or Moth Patches.

Blemishes on the face, called Moth, are very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion, as the discolored spots on the skin show more strongly on blondes than on brunettes, but they contribute greatly in marring the beauty on either, and anything that will remove Moth Patches without injuring the skin in texture or color, would no doubt be considered a great achievement in medical science. Dr. B. C. PERRY, having devoted his whole time and attention to Diseases of the Skin, will guarantee to remove Moth Patches, Freckles, and other discolorations from the face without injury to either texture or color of the skin. His success in this, as in other branches of his specialty—DISEASES OF THE SCALP and LOSS OF HAIR—will warrant him in guaranteeing a CURE IN EVERY CASE. For full particulars address, inclosing stamp for a circular, DR. B. C. PERRY, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York.

All consultations FREE.

Catarrh.

Startling accounts of this terrible disease are daily portrayed in long advertisements proffering advice, remedies and cures for all catarrhal affections.

While thousands have testified to the fact that a single box of DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF has not only instantly relieved, but has permanently cured more of THESE DISEASES than any other remedy in the world.

Sold by our first-class druggists, 25 cents per box.

Batchelor's Hair Dye,

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated Premium Sewing Machines for sale at No. 495 Broadway, near 22d-st. Also Embroidering, Quilting, Braiding and every description of machine sewing done in the best manner on the Grover & Baker machine.

Gold Pens.

FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory No. 160 Broadway.

Sewing-machines to Rent.

And for Sale—New.
V. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 486 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st., up stairs.

Corns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints and all diseases of the feet cured without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 760 Broadway.

Purchase at White's, No. 216 Broadway.—The best and most stylish HATS for gents; the most superb FURS for ladies. Also, a great variety of MILITARY GOODS at lowest prices.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder-braces, &c. A lady attendant.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50c.—Black or Brown. Instantaneous, reliable. Depot No. 1 Barclay-st. Sold by all Druggists. Inimitable Hair Cutting, No. 1 Barclay-st.; shaving, 10c.

Defiance Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, also SIDEBOARD and PARLOR SAFES for silver plate, &c., at No. 63 Murray-street, corner of College-place. ROBERT M. PATRICK.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor.) N. Y.; also Philadelphia and Boston. Only houses of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Bogle's Hyperion Fluid Restores and dresses hair. BOGLE'S Electric Hair Dye, best in use, try. Be convinced. Sold everywhere.
W. BOGLE, Boston.

Illusion Wigs and Toupees. Japonica of the Société Hygienique, for restoring and beautifying the hair. General Depot at L. BASTET, No. 385 Broadway.

Newcombe's "Gold Seal" Smoking Tobacco.—For sale everywhere. Wholesale depot, No. 523 Broadway, under St. Nicholas Hotel.

For the Hair, Barry's Tricopherous.—The best and cheapest article. Sold by all Druggists.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 605.—Nov. 24, 1863.
18, 45, 16, 35, 25, 3, 70, 66, 55, 76, 5, 40, 43.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 606.—Nov. 24, 1863.
30, 39, 57, 5, 66, 60, 53, 69, 51, 58, 13, 25.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

LADIES' FINE GOLD BRACELETS, NEW STYLES.—EIGHT, TEN, TWELVE, FIFTEEN, TWENTY-FIVE, to ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

DEAFNESS,
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
IN THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE, CURED,
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to

BY

DR. VON EISENBERG,

Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,

NO. 816
BROADWAY.

AGAIN NEW TESTIMONY.

READ.

HARLEM, July 30, 1863.

I have been deaf for over TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, and Dr. VON EISENBERG operated on both of my ears without the slightest pain—a thing that I could not believe could be done. I now *hear* well, and feel as I never felt for the last twenty years. The dexterity and skill with which the operation was performed evince the highest practical ability. I *hear perfectly*. It is now over a month since the operation, and I continue to feel as well as ever.

WILLIAM LIDDLE,
Harlem, 126th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

CATARRH CURED.

NEW-YORK, Aug. 23, 1863.

I have been suffering for the last three years from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery and very painful. My nostrils were continually obstructed with a pouring of fluid. I have had frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, generally attended with spitting, often with a fullness of my throat, together with a soreness and a dropping. Dr. VON EISENBERG has cured me of all these disagreeable sufferings. I now feel a new life. The treatment of Dr. VON EISENBERG is as skillful as it is successful; it is impossible to overrate the benefit I have received at his hands. I heartily recommend any one suffering like myself to place themselves under Dr. VON EISENBERG'S care, with a certainty of being *speedily* cured. I give this with gratitude and pleasure. I cannot forbear again saying that my voice, which was hoarse and thick when I applied to Dr. VON EISENBERG, is now clear and good; indeed, I feel abundantly satisfied.

JAMES LITTLE,
No. 245 7th-st., New-York.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 8.

I have been suffering for years past from a severe Catarrh, with a great heaviness over my eyes, with a severe depression, great uneasiness, and pain in my head, great difficulty in breathing, and a continual accumulation in my nostrils, which gave me restless nights for several years. I have consulted several physicians, who pronounced me to be consumptive. What I suffered for so long a time is indescribable. My system was entirely disarranged and greatly debilitated. I not only felt weak, but I had a cloud continually before my eyes, and my ears were so affected that I was threatened with a total loss of hearing. I must say, I think, I was guided by Providence to come to Dr. Von Eisenberg, who not only cured me of my Catarrh by removing an astonishing quantity of disagreeable matter from my head, but he restored me to perfect health, a blessing I have not enjoyed for many years. Now I enjoy a good night's rest, and pursue my business with comfort. I must acknowledge that Dr. Von Eisenberg's mild and scientific treatment for Catarrh deserves the highest commendation, as the principle which directs his system of curing Catarrh is such as to render success certain.

JAMES FURLONG, No. 556 2d-av.

NO. 134 ALLEN-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain.

JOHN TAYLOR.

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1862.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a *total loss of hearing*. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with coagulated blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. It is with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.

CARROLL J. POST, No. 28 South-st.

SIGHT RESTORED.

JUNE 25, 1863.

My daughter brought me to Dr. VON EISENBERG almost completely blind in both eyes. I could not bear the pain nor the light. I am completely cured by Dr. VON EISENBERG, and called now to express my gratitude to the Doctor for his skill and unremitting attention, by which I recovered one of the most precious senses to me after being deprived of it for four years. It is only due to Dr. VON EISENBERG to state that I have tried several physicians in vain. I shall be happy to bear personal testimony to Dr. VON EISENBERG'S unrivaled success to any lady or gentleman who will call on me.

HUGH GILLON,
No. 76 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.
READ.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1862.

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of a cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, as he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him so great a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I do most sincerely recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once to Dr. Von Eisenberg with a certainty of being cured."

FREDERICK WEBER, No. 560 6th-st.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.

The undersigned stockholders in the New-York Central Railroad, feeling deeply interested in a reform of the management of said Road, respectfully recommend all holders of stock who cannot be themselves present at the ensuing election of Directors, to send their proxies to Thomas W. Olcott, Albany. John E. Williams and George F. Tallman, of New-York, or either of them, to be voted upon by them at that election.

At some time previous to that day a meeting will be called of all the stockholders who may thus send them their proxies, for the nomination of a Board of Directors, or whom their votes will be cast.

The undersigned respectfully suggest that the interest of stockholders will be better secured by thus placing their proxies in the hands of disinterested and well known gentlemen, such as those named above, than by submitting them to the present officers of the Road, to be used in securing their own reëlection.

(Signed,)

SPOFFORD & TILESTON,	GEORGE BARCLAY,
ELISHA RIGGS,	JOHN Q. JONES,
JOHN DAVID WOLFE,	JOHN P. MOORE,
HUGH WHITE,	LEONARD W. JEROME,
JOSEPH BATTELL,	P. M. BRYSON,
M. DELANO,	E. B. WESLEY,
ANDREW BRYSON, U. S. N.,	ROBERT B. CAMPBELL,
M. H. B. WHITE,	CHAS. O. BACKUS,
H. A. JOHNSON & CO.,	JAMES W. COBB,
CLINTON L. MERRIAM, (of Merriam & Bell,)	J. G. HAMILTON,
WM. TILDEN,	JOSIAH RICHARDS,
WM. M. BURR,	RUSSELL SAGE,
	And others.

FORM OF PROXY FOR ELECTION OF DIRECTORS, 9TH DECEMBER, 1863.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.

The undersigned stockholder in THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, hereby appoint THOMAS W. OLCOTT, JOHN E. WILLIAMS and GEO. F. TALMAN, or either of them attorney and proxy for and in name to vote for Directors of the said Company, and for Inspectors of Election, at the annual election for the said officers, to be held at the office of the said Company, in the City of Albany, on the second Wednesday of December, 1863, or at whatever other time and place such election may be held, and for and in name to act at such election, and in any meeting or proceedings which may then take place, as fully as could do if personally present, with full power of substitution and revocation to them or either of them. All previous proxies being hereby revoked.

Witnesses:

The above is a correct form of proxy for those who desire to give one for the next election. The signature should be witnessed by two witnesses, and a *ten cent stamp attached.*

REMOVAL.

ON WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO SHIVERING HUMANITY.

THE PATENT METALLIC WEATHER-STRIP COMPANY,

Sole proprietors of Browne's Metallic Weather-Strips and Window Bands, will remove from No. 212 to their spacious wareroom, No. 644 Broadway, corner of Bleecker-st., over the Manhattan Savings Bank.

PEREGO'S RICH SILK SCARFS,
FOR GENTLEMEN,
NEW HOLIDAY STYLES
JUST OPENED.
ALSO,
GLOVES,
UNDERGARMENTS,
HOSIERY, &c., &c.,
AT LOW PRICES.
IRA PEREGO & SONS, NO. 85 NASSAU-ST.,
Two doors south of Fulton, N. Y.

UPHAM'S HAIR DYE.

ONLY 50 CENTS A BOX.

Gray, Red or Flaxen Hair can be changed in a few seconds to a natural Black or Brown, by using UPHAM'S LIQUID HAIR DYE, the best and cheapest in the world. Each box of UPHAM'S HAIR DYE is warranted to contain more than others sell for $1. Try it. It will not injure the gloss of the most delicate hair. Sold by J. J. KROMER, No. 403 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia, and by all respectable druggists in the United States and British Provinces. Ask for "UPHAM'S HAIR DYE," and take no other. New-York Agency, HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE, No. 594 Broadway.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Has been used with the most astonishing success for nearly
HALF A CENTURY,
FOR ALL COMPLAINTS
OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST.
OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST.
OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST.
OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST.
OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST.
OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST.
OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST.

None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper. For sale by J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway, New-York; S. W. FOWLE & CO., No. 18 Tremont-st., Boston, and by all Druggists.

ARTISTS' FUND.
EXHIBITION,
including the
GREAT PICTURE
of the
HORSE FAIR,
BY
ROSA BONHEUR.
NO. 625 BROADWAY.

THE HOLIDAYS ARE APPROACHING,

And we are reminded of pleasant family gatherings with happy parents, laughing children, and no end of HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

Among the most useful, pleasing and durable, may be named rich silver-plated COFFEE URNS, TEA SETS, ICE PITCHERS, CAKE BASKETS, BUTTER DISHES, CASTORS, WAITERS, KNIVES, FORKS, SPOONS, ETC., ETC., for sale at Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip, foot of John-st., by LUCIUS HART & CO.

A 1 FURNITURE.
$150,000 WORTH OF FURNITURE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
BY DEGRAAF & TAYLOR,
No. 87 BOWERY.

Offer their entire stock at lower rates than any other establishment in the City
FOR CASH.
Consisting of
ROSEWOOD PARLOR AND CHAMBER FURNITURE.
In Brocatel, Delaine and Plush,
MAHOGANY, WALNUT AND IMITATION
FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
All goods warranted as represented.

CABINET FURNITURE
AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
$100,000 WORTH OF FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE.

In consequence of the falling off in our whole business, we offer our own manufactured goods to the public at the lowest prices.

Consisting of Parlor, Library, Dining and Bedroom suites, made of selected material, and in the latest fashionable styles. All goods warranted.

PLEASE examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. WEIL & BRAUNSDORF,
125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Essex and Norfolk. Grand, Essex and Houston-st. stages pass close by.

FURNITURE.

OF NEW DESIGNS AND SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP,

all my own manufacture, which I will sell at wholesale or retail at very low prices for Cash.

In the Stock will be found

ROSEWOOD AND WALNUT PARLOR AND BEDROOM SUITES,

of new and beautiful styles, which for good taste in design cannot be surpassed.

Call and examine my assortment before purchasing elsewhere. FREDERICK KRUTINA,
Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st.,
between Bowery and 2d-av.

SILVER WATCHES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.—FIFTEEN, EIGHTEEN, TWENTY, TWENTY-FIVE, THIRTY-FIVE, FORTY-FIVE, FIFTY, to SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS each. For sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

GOLD WATCHES—FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—Forty, Forty-five, Fifty, Sixty, Seventy-five, Eighty-five, One Hundred, Two and Three Hundred Dollars each—some with diamonds on the outside. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st. Formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

FINE GOLD SLEEVE-BUTTONS, NEW STYLES, SEVEN, TEN, TWELVE, FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS a pair.
For sale by G. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

POLITICAL.

UNION RATIFICATION MEETING.

A GRAND MASS MEETING
OF THE
CITIZENS AND TAXPAYERS OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK
WILL BE HELD AT
UNION HEADQUARTERS,
Corner of Broadway and 23d-st.,
ON
WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOV. 25,
at 7½ o'clock,

To Ratify the Nomination of

ORISON BLUNT,
THE UNION CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR.

The following speakers have been invited and are expected to be present to address the meeting:

HON. FREDERICK A. CONKLING,
GEN. LEW. WALLACE, of Indiana,
HON. MORTON S. WILKINSON, of Minnesota,
WILLIAM E. DODGE, Esq.,
HON. HENRY J. RAYMOND,
RUFUS F. ANDREWS, Esq.,
HON. HORACE GREELEY,
PARKE GODWIN, Esq.,
HON. E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
WILLIAM FULLERTON, Esq.,
WM. CURTIS NOYES, Esq., and others.

BENJAMIN F. MANIERRE, Chairman.
HENRY H. RUSLAY, Secretary.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER
DEMOCRATIC RATIFICATION MEETING,
will take place at
COOPER INSTITUTE,
On SATURDAY EVENING next, 28th inst.,
Under the auspices of the
CONSTITUTIONAL UNION PARTY,
JOHN L. NOYES, President.
GERMAN CENTRAL ORGANIZATION,
ADOLPHUS BERCKMANN, MAX GOEPP, } Presidents.
NEW-YORK DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION,
JOHN McKEON, Chairman.

Further particulars, with a list of speakers, will be announced in Thursday's paper.

REGULAR UNION NOMINATION.

XIVth Aldermanic District, XVIIIth Ward,

For Alderman.

JOHN D. OTTIWELL.

REGULAR UNION CANDIDATE
FOR POLICE JUSTICE.
VIth District, XVIIIth and XXIst Wards,
FRANCIS C. SPEIGHT.

To the Citizens of the XVIIIth and XXIst Wards:

At the election to be held on the 1st day of December, 1863, a Police Justice for this district is to be elected.

We, the undersigned, take great pleasure in recommending Capt. FRANCIS C. SPEIGHT as a suitable person to fill this important position.

His great experience in the Police Department, good judgment, and the fearless manner in which he has always discharged his duties, preëminently qualify him to perform the duties of the office.

Edwin D. Morgan, United States Senator.
William F. Havemeyer, Ex-Mayor.
William V. Brady, Ex-Mayor.
Francis R. Tillou, Ex-Recorder.
Lewis B. Woodruff, No. 10 West 29th-st.
L. W. Hoffman, No. 33 East 29th-st.
Rev. Dr. Houghton, No. 1 East 29th-st.
Rev. H. E. Montgomery, No. 115 East 38th-st.
Daniel Sanford, No. 50 West 37th-st.
William F. Carey, No. 249 5th-av.
Naham Sullivan, No. 6 East 29th-st.
R. A. Witthaus, No. 31 West 34th-st.
George V. Collins, Jr., No. 17 East 38th-st.
William F. George, No. 107 East 18th-st.
D. B. Turner, No. 245 5th-av.
Walter Magee, No. 36 East 29th-st.
John Foster, No. 149 East 18th-st.
Willett Seaman, No. 404 4th-av.
Andrew Campbell, No. 404 4th-av.
Charles Yates, No. 4 East 33d-st.
George A. Peters, M. D., No. 20 West 29th-st.
Ross Wood, No. 2 West 29th-st.
Hugh Auchincloss, No. 15 East 29th-st.
Sullivan, Randolph & Budd.
Smith Clift, No. 15 West 29th-st.
George Elliott, Jr., M. D., No. 18 West 29th-st.
C. Delmonico, 14th-st. and 5th-av.
Phillip Caswell, Jr., 5th-av. Hotel.
Charles H. Kerner, Clarendon Hotel.

UNION NOMINATION,
FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT,
Xth, XVth and XVIIth Wards.
For Civil Justice,
GEORGE F. STEINBRENNER.

REGULAR UNION NOMINATIONS.
FOR COUNCILMEN OF THE SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT,
(IXth, XVth, XVIth and XVIIIth Wards.)
DAVID R. JAQUES,
GEORGE McLEAN,
WILLIAM S. OPDYKE,
JEREMIAH PANGBURN,
JAMES GALWAY,
WILLIAM HEPBURN.

NINTH WARD UNION NOMINATIONS—SCHOOL OFFICERS.

For Commissioner of Common Schools, JACOB C. BOGERT; for Inspector of Common Schools, GEORGE F. MERKLEE; for Trustees, WM. H. GEDNEY, H. P. LEE.
C. C. CRANE, Chairman Nominating Convention.
W. IRVING ADAMS, Secretary.

VIIIth AND IXth WARDS—THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Vote for JAMES M. MURRAY for Police Justice.

☞ Mr. Murray has been a resident in the District for 45 years, and for the past 25 years has been Chief Clerk of our Police Court. His friends now ask the electors of the District to promote him to the position he so justly deserves.

FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT,
VIIth, XIth and XIIIth WARDS.
Tammany, McKean, Union, Constitutional Union and People's Nominations.
FOR CIVIL JUSTICE
FREDERICK W. LOEW.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC, McKEON AND UNION NOMINATION.
FOR POLICE JUSTICE—THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT—VIIIth AND IXth WARDS,
JAMES M. MURRAY.

NINTH WARD.—AT THE CONVENTION OF DELEGATES of the Democratic Association School Convention, held Nov. 16, 1863, the following persons were unanimously nominated:

For Commissioner—HELMUS M. WELLS.
For Inspector—ABRAHAM DEMAREST.
For Trustees—JAMES WEBB, CHAS. H. HALL.

COMMITTEE.

PHILIP W. ENGS, No. 76 West 14th-st.
WM. COOPER, No. 88 Hammond-st.
ISAAC ODELL, No. 824 Greenwich-st.
ROBERT GIBSON, No. 817 Washington-st.
W. A. GUEST, No. 128 West 14th-st.
JOHN BANTA, No. 58 4th-st.
A. G. BOGERT, No. 33 Bank-st.
J. SICKELS, No. 604 Greenwich-st.
JOHN MILLS, No. 64 Bank-st.
JAS. McMURRY, No. 98 West 13th-st.
A. A. PHILLIPS, No. 67 Downing-st.
H. N. GALLUP, No. 33 Bank-st.
DAVID EARL, No. 40 Hammond-st.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.—THE MEMBERS of the Bar of the City of New-York having assembled together this day, at Windust's Hotel, for the purpose of nominating a suitable candidate for the office of Justice of the District Court of the City of New-York, for the First Judicial District, Hon. THOMAS STEWART, the present incumbent, was unanimously selected as a candidate for reëlection. Judge STEWART has served as Justice for the past term, and, in the performance of the duties of his office, has acted with strict integrity and impartiality.

He is possessed of all the necessary qualifications of legal ability and experience, which are so necessary to the proper performance of the duties of the office. Believing that the office of Justice of the District Courts is an important one, and that efficient and competent persons should be elected to the position, we call upon the people of the First District to rally and use all efforts within their power to secure his election.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 24, 1863.
J. W. CULVER, Chairman.
HORATIO F. AVERILL, ROBERT W. ANDREWS, } Secretaries.

AT A MEETING OF THE PEOPLE'S Union Judiciary Convention, held at No. 921 Broadway,

RICHARD KELLY

was nominated as Police Justice for the Sixth District, XVIIIth and XXIst Wards.
B. F. MANIERRE, Chairman.
B. B. CHAPPELL, Secretary.

Which nomination was unanimously ratified by the Union Central Committee.
IRA O. MILLER, Chairman.
WASHINGTON MULLEN, Secretary.

THIRD WARD CITIZENS AND UNION SCHOOL TICKET.—For School Commissioner—THEODORE CONKLIN. For School Inspector—THOS. D. WINCHESTER. For School Trustees—JOSEPH F. GRAHAM, DAVID L. ROBINS.
W. H. COHEN, Sec'y. O. H. KOPP, Chairman.

EIGHTH AND NINTH WARDS—THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT—National Democratic, McKeon, Union and People's nominations.
FOR POLICE JUSTICE,
JAMES M. MURRAY.

SIXTH JUDICIAL UNION CONVENTION—Comprising the Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards, have unanimously nominated for Civil Justice WILLIAM BOLES. S. V. BAGLEY, Chairman.

POLITICAL.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the EIGHTEENTH WARD UNION ASSOCIATION, held on the evening of the 24th ult., the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The Delegates to the Union Police Justice Convention elected by the Union Association of the XVIIIth and XXIst Wards have failed to make a nomination, the vote being equally divided between Francis C. Speight and Richard Kelly; and, whereas, the Convention has adjourned without day; therefore be it

Resolved, That this, the Union Association of the XVIIIth Ward do hereby nominate and indorse RICHARD KELLY as their cadidate for Police Justice for the VIth District.

WILLIAM LAIMBEER, Jr., President.
WILLIAM DRUMMOND, Secretary.

UNITED DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.
(MOZART AND McKEON.)
SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, XVIIIth AND XXIst WARDS.
FOR CIVIL JUSTICE,
GEO. C. BARRETT.

F. H. CHURCHILL,	GIDEON J. TUCKER,
Chairman McKeon Con.	Chairman Mozart Con.
P. H. McDONOUGH, Sec.	MARTIN A. KELLY, Sec.

TENTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.
FOR ALDERMAN,
GEORGE A. JEREMIAH.

McKeon organization.	Tammany Hall.
Dr. W. MURPHY, Chairman.	I. H. BROWN, Chairman.
WM. H. MURPHY, Sec'y.	ED. COOPER, Secretary.

Citizens' Association of XVIIth Ward.
DR. WM. HIBBARD, Chairman.
GILBERT E. UNDERHILL, GEORGE KELSEY, } Secretaries.

TAMMANY HALL.
SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT,
XVIIIth and XXIst Wards.
FOR POLICE JUSTICE.
JAMES MAHONY.
FOR CIVIL JUSTICE.
ROBERT D. LIVINGSTON.
FORBES HOLLAND, Chairman.

REGULAR INDEPENDENT DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.
For Police Justice Eighth Judicial District, XVIth and XXth Wards,
DAVID LEVY.

REGULAR PEOPLE'S UNION NOMINATION.
For Police Justice 8th District, 16th and 20th Wards,
JOHN QUACKENBUSH.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC UNION NOMINATION.
For Alderman XIXth Ward,
ROBERT McGINNIS.

SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.
XVIIIth and XXIst Wards regular Democratic Nomination,
For Police Justice,
W. DRAKE PARSONS.

REGULAR UNION NOMINATION.
THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT,
VIIIth and IXth WARDS.
For Civil Justice,
WM. E. SMITH.

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT—VIIIth AND IXth WARDS.
FOR POLICE JUSTICE,
JAMES M. MURRAY.
The people's candidate.

EIGHTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT,
VIIth, XIth and XIIIth WARDS.
REGULAR NOMINATION FOR ALDERMAN,
WILLIAM L. ELY.

UNANIMOUS UNION NOMINATION.
FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONER,
XXth Ward,
JAMES L. HASTIE.

UNION NOMINATION FOR MAYOR,
ORISON BLUNT.

TWELFTH WARD UNION NOMINATIONS FOR SCHOOL OFFICERS.—For Commissioner—JAMES C. WILLET; For Inspector—LEWIS H. MINER; For Trustees—DAVID H. KNAPP, JOHN SCALLON. (Signed)
JOHN M. REED, Chairman Convention.
A. M. W. BUMB, Secretary.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.—XIIth, XIXth and XXIId WARDS. Regular Union Nomination for Police Justice,
Capt. JAMES BRYAN.

JAMES H. WELSH FOR RE-ELECTION as Police Justice—XIIth, XIXth and XXIId Wards, Seventh Judicial District.

A WORD TO CLERGYMEN.

The high character, scholastic attainments, erudition and social qualifications of American Clergymen, are in strong contrast with the narrow prejudices and limited resources which have marked the history of other nations, and of earlier periods of the world. Coming directly in contact with the theories of the most enlightened minds, as well as the customs of common life, they are better calculated to judge of popular opinion and current ideas, than any other class of men. Their influence is unbounded. Their opportunities for directing practical reforms and progressive developments impose many obligations. In acknowledgment of the many complimentary indorsements and favors which DR. DRAKE has received from Clergymen in behalf of his PLANTATION BITTERS, he has directed his Agents, Messrs. BARNES & CO., No. 202 Broadway, N. Y., to present a bottle *gratis*, to every Clergyman who may personally call during the remainder of this year, 1863.

Quite to his surprise, he has ascertained that many persons, sharing in a natural prejudice against supposed nostrums, have classed this with other useless articles, and are yet entirely ignorant of its pure character and wonderful effects.

Dr. DRAKE seeks no confidence not founded upon evidences of skill and fair, open dealing; relying upon the intelligence of the people, he makes a medicine of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Dandelion, Cascarilla Bark, Camomile Flowers, Lavender Flowers, Anise, Clove Buds, Orange Peel, Carraway, Chinnuafilla, Snake Root, &c., &c., preserved in pure St. Croix Rum—and tells them so. Physicians have to indorse him.

With this recipe before the community, and evidences of effects meeting them on all sides, the success of Dr. DRAKE stands founded upon the rock of truth. Every Parish—almost every family—has some case of suffering which the PLANTATION BITTERS will alleviate and cure. Their effects in cases of lassitude, enervation, loss of appetite, constipation, sour stomach, fœtid breath, pain after eating, headache, dyspepsia, liver complaint, general debility, &c., are most remarkable. For aged persons and delicate females they are worth their price in gold.

Let every Clergyman improve this opportunity, and armed with a bottle of PLANTATION BITTERS, dispense healing without money and without price.

NEW-YORK COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE,
OFFICE, No. 240 BROADWAY.

30,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

☞ The following are the pecuniary inducements offerred:

COUNTY BOUNTY, cash down	$300
STATE BOUNTY	$75
UNITED STATES BOUNTY to new recruits	302
UNITED STATES BOUNTY additional to veteran soldiers	100—$477
Total	$777

GEORGE OPDYKE, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller,
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor,
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor,
County Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!

We have added to our establishment a salesroom for RETAILING SKATES only, where we offer at reasonable prices a very complete assortment for men, women and children. PATTERSON BROTHERS,
Importers of Hardware,
No 27 Park-row.
Illustrated Price List furnished on application.

GOLD
AND
SILVER,
DIAMONDS AND WATCHES,
Bought by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway.

THE PRIVATE GALLERY OF MODERN Pictures belonging to JOHN WOLF, Esq., will open on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 25th inst., at the Dusseldorf Gallery, 548 Broadway, for the benefit of the Woman's Hospital and Child's Nursery. This collection contains choice original oil-paintings and water-color drawings by the most distinguished masters of the English, French, German, Flemish and American schools. Admission 25 cents. Season tickets $1. Open from 9 A. M. until 10 P. M.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY, CORNER 4TH-AV. AND 27TH-ST. } Nov. 23, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE holders of the spurious stock, fraudulently issued by late Transfer Agent, Robert Schuyler, that the Company are now prepared to deliver the certificates for the newly-issued shares, pursuant to the compromise recently agreed upon. E. S. ABERNETHY, Secretary.

FANS.—LADIES' FANS—NEW STYLES—FROM PARIS.—TWO, THREE, FIVE, SEVEN, TEN, TWELVE, FIFTEEN TO TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

FINE GOLD EAR-RINGS AND PINS, NEW STYLES.—SEVEN, TEN, TWELVE, FIFTEEN, TWENTY, TWENTY-FIVE, to ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS a set. For sale by G. C. ALLEN.
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

IVORY SLEEVE BUTTONS AND STUDS—Red, White and Black, with intitials, for ladies and gentlemen, 75c per pair, sent free on receipt of the price. For sale by WM. M. WELLING, Manufacturer of Ivory Goods, No. 207 Centre-st., New-York, sign of the Golden Elephant. Pearl Buttons and Studs, $1 per set each.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

LETTERS TO THE JONESES,

By TIMOTHY TITCOMB, in 1 vol., 12mo.
Uniform with "Lessons in Life," "Letters to Young People, &c., in 1 vol. 12 mo., cloth, $1 25; in cloth, full gilt, $1 75; in half calf, $2 50; in Turkey extra, $3 50.

"Dr. Holland has exhibited great ability in introducing into his works, and managing with unusual skill, numerous characters essentially different, and yet each an admirable specimen of its kind—every one acting his part naturally, and all contributing to the interest of the book, and to its value as a work of art. Wit, pathos, satire, exquisite descriptions of nature, and delineations of character, sterling common sense, an elevated tone of morals, beautiful imagery, a polished style, keen observation, creative power, a mastery of the passions, and fertility in suggesting thoughts to the reader, all combine to make his writings of marked power and interest."

Now ready: New Editions of
TIMOTHY TITCOMB'S WORKS.

I. LETTERS TO YOUNG PEOPLE. 1 vol.	$1 25
II. LESSONS IN LIFE. 1 vol.	$1 25
III. GOLD FOIL. 1 vol.	$1 25
IV. MISS GILBERT'S CAREER. 1 vol.	$1 25
V. THE BAY PATH. 1 vol.	$1 25
VI. BITTER-SWEET. 1 vol.	$1 00

Copies sent by mail, POST PAID, on receipt of price.
Just published, by C. SCRIBNER, No. 124 Grand-st., New-York.

READY THIS MORNING,
EDWARD EVERETT'S GREAT HISTORICAL ORATION ON THE BATTLE-FIELD OF GETTYSBURGH.

BAKER & GODWIN, Printers and Publishers, have just issued in a neat octavo pamphlet, the great Oration of Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, at Gettysburgh. To which is added very full and interesting reports of the ceremonies of the Consecration of the National Cemetery; descriptions of the battle-field, details and incidents of the battles, &c.

This is perhaps the most interesting contribution yet made to the history of the war, and should be in the possession of every citizen.

Price, in paper covers, 25 cents; in limp cloth, 50 cents. A liberal discount made where quantities are ordered. Sent by mail upon receipt of price. Address
BAKER & GODWIN, Printers and Publishers.
Printing-House-square, New-York.

READY THIS MORNING:
ANOTHER NEW EDITION.
Of IK MARVEL'S
MY FARM OF EDGEWOOD.

A Country Book. In 1 vol. 12mo, $1 50; in Beveled Boards, $1 75; in Half Calf, $2 75; in Turkey Antique, $3 75.

A new and fresh supply of this popular Book just received from the bindery. Orders which have accumulated will be promptly attended to, and there will be no further delay in filling orders.

Ready on Saturday, 28th inst., new editions of

I. REVERIES OF A BACHELOR.
II. DREAM LIFE.

In neat pocket size, on tinted paper, and bound in vellum cloth, $1 25 each; full gilt, $2; in Turkey morocco, $3 each.

Copies sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price.

"It presents the versatile abilities and accomplishments of its author in an unaccustomed point of view, nor will the warmest admirers of his former productions be disappointed in the fruits which he has gathered from these 'fresh woods and pastures new.'"—*From Review in N. Y. Tribune.*

THE FOURTH EDITION
OF
BAYARD TAYLOR'S CAPITAL NOVEL,
HANNAH THURSTON,
A
STORY OF AMERICAN LIFE,
WILL BE READY ON
SATURDAY, NOV. 28,
WHEN 600 BACK ORDERS WILL BE SUPPLIED.

⁂ Judge Kelley, in his lecture at the Cooper Institute quotes Bayard Taylor's heroine, Hannah Thurston, as demanding for her sex "education, employment and reward." How this is to be accomplished is portrayed in glowing terms, and the striking and truthful phases of American life "are depicted with a master's hand."

"HANNAH THURSTON" WILL BE A GREAT SUCCESS.

One Neat 12mo Volume. $1 50.

G. P. PUTNAM, Publisher,
No. 441 Broadway.

CHOICE COPIES
OF
THE ARTIST'S SPLENDID EDITION
OF
IRVING'S SKETCH BOOK

are now ready, and may be had of the booksellers who have secured copies of the first volume. The booksellers' orders have absorbed all of this edition, but any who have failed to obtain copies, can be supplied with specimen books to take orders from their customers for the second impression, which will have some improvements, and be ready in January.

G. P. PUTNAM, Publisher,
No. 441 BROADWAY.

WHEN MR. PARTON WROTE TO GEN. BUTLER that he was about writing a history of his administration in New-Orleans, and asking information, Gen. Butler, after furnishing the most free access to official and unofficial papers continued thus: "One thing I beg shall be understood between us, however, (as I have no doubt it would have been without this paragraph,) that while I will furnish you with every possible facility to learn everything done by me in New-Orleans and elsewhere, it will be upon the express condition that you shall report it in precisely the manner you may choose, without the slightest sense of obligation 'aught to extenuate' because of the source from which you derive the material of your work; and further, that no sense of delicacy of position in relation to myself shall interfere with the closest investigation of every act alleged to have been done or permitted by me. I will only ask that upon all matters I may have the privilege of presenting to your mind the documentary and other evidences of the fact."

PARTON'S GENERAL BUTLER IN NEW-ORLEANS is now ready. $2. Published by MASON BROTHERS, No. 7 Mercer-st.

PERHAPS NO MAN BUT GEN. BUTLER ever gave to the English language a new word, or a new application of an old one, which was universally understood and accepted wherever the language is spoken as soon as uttered, and which at the same time solved a difficulty so great that it was perplexing a nation. Gen. Butler did this when he used the word "contraband" with a new meaning. See PARTON'S BUTLER AT NEW-ORLEANS. ($2,) now ready. Published by MASON BROTHERS.

THE SURPASSING INTEREST OF ITS subject, and the peculiar ability of its author for works of this class, unite in making Mr. Parton's "BUTLER AT NEW-ORLEANS" a work of great fascination as well as permanent historical value. Now ready. $2. Published by MASON BROTHERS, Nos. 5 and 7 Mercer-st., New-York.

DIARIES FOR 1864.

Daily Journals, Expense Books, Family and Gents' Waste Books for sale by the Publishers,
FRANCIS & LOUTREL, No. 45 Maiden-lane.

THANKSGIVING SERVICE.—THE SERVICE, as appointed by the Bishop of New York, to be used on Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 26, can be found on sale at No. 5 Cooper Union. Price 4c. each—$3 50 per 100.

MANY BRILLIANT FEATS OF ARMS have been performed in the present war, but none more so, none which sent a deeper thrill of joy and pride through the country than the capture of New-Orleans, when the fleet so dashingly accomplished almost impossibilities. Those who have read Mr. Parton's graphic account of the defence of New-Orleans by Andrew Jackson, will expect a thrilling description of the recent capture of that city in the same author's "GEN. BUTLER AT NEW-ORLEANS." Ready to-day. $2. Published by MASON BROTHERS.

THERE IS NOTHING THE WORLD IS more ready to believe than that any man who has had a fine opportunity to make money, though not quite honorably, has made it. Many people judge others by themselves. It is widely believed that Gen. Butler made countless millions at New-Orleans. Mr. Parton tells how much he made and how he did it. See PARTON'S BUTLER AT NEW-ORLEANS, now ready. $2. Published by MASON BROTHERS.

MR. PARTON HAS WRITTEN NOTHING which the public have not eagerly bought and unanimously pronounced deeply interesting. His "Life of Burr," "Life of Andrew Jackson," &c., are among the most interesting of American biographies. In his new work, "GEN. BUTLER AT NEW-ORLEANS," he has a subject of more absorbing interest than any which has before engaged his pen. $2. Published by MASON BROTHERS.

GEN. BUTLER'S ORDERS AND OFFICIAL PAPERS are unlike most documents of the kind. There is a covert humor in them which forced many a grim smile from even New-Orleans itself. See "GEN. BUTLER IN NEW-ORLEANS." By JAMES PARTON. Published by MASON BROTHERS.

For other New Publications see Eighth Page.

FINANCIAL.

FIVE-TWENTY BONDS.
OFFICE OF FISK & HATCH.
U. S. FIVE-TWENTY LOAN AGENTS,
NO. 38 WALL-ST.

The Government are now delivering the FIVE-TWENTY BONDS so rapidly that *we shall hereafter be prepared to fill orders without the delay heretofore experienced.*

We shall endeavor to keep a supply of all denominations on hand for *immediate delivery.*

We also buy and sell at market rates:

U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS of '81.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS, and all GOVERNMENT issues.

BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS and investors will find us prepared at all times to furnish desirable lots of these Securities in large or small amounts.

DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made of favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
In GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 38 WALL-ST.

VERMILYE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 44 WALL-ST.,

Will continue to furnish

U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,

as long as issued by the Government, at par and interest.

To Banks and Bankers the usual Commission allowed.

The Department at Washington having filled all back orders for these Bonds, are now prepared to furnish them without the delay heretofore experienced.

6 PER CENT. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

7-30 TREASURY NOTES.

6 PER CENT COUPON BONDS, of 1881.

For sale at market rates.

The Coupons for November interest on Five-Twenty Bonds received, and credited at Market rate of Gold.

VERMILYE & CO.

AGENCY FOR THE SALE OF U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,
Office of
PARKE & BOWDOIN,
No. 76 Wall-st., corner of Pearl-st.
U. S. 5-20 6 PER CENT. BONDS

In all denominations constantly on hand, and ready for immediate delivery, at PAR and interest. To Brokers and Bankers the usual commission allowed.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission at the Brokers' Board; Mercantile Paper and Loans negotiated.

NOTICE.

To the Stockholders of the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company:

The increasing business of the Company and anticipated connections with other Railroads render it expedient forthwith to extend the double track from its present terminus at Williams Bridge to Chatham Four Corners, and to complete the road from that place through to Albany.

For the purpose of meeting the necessary outlays attending such constructions, and to defray the expenses incident to the extensions of the City Railroad already authorized, the Board of Directors have resolved that it is expedient to increase the Capital Stock to such amount, not exceeding the limitation of the Charters, as may be sanctioned by the requisite vote of the Stockholders, and to issue the increased stock from time to time as may be required for the purposes of completing such double track and extensions and procuring the necessary additional rolling stock.

The amount of the Capital Stock, as limited by the charter and amendatory acts, and including both the Common and Preferred Stock, is eight millions of dollars, of which two millions one hundred and thirty-nine thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars remained unissued.

The Board of Directors propose that the Capital Stock be increased to its full amount.

A meeting of the Stockholders for the purpose of acting upon such resolution of the Board of Directors and of concurring in the increase of the Capital Stock to the full amount authorized by the Charter and the several acts of the Legislature amendatory thereof, will be held at the Office of the Company, at the corner of 26th-st. and 4th-av., on TUESDAY, the first day of December next, at 12 o'clock noon of that day.

For the purpose of ascertaining the Stockholders who shall be entitled to vote at such meeting, the Books of Transfer will be closed, as required by law, on Saturday, the 7th day of November inst., the day of the first publication of this notice.

The Books will be open on Tuesday, the 10th day of November inst.

Dated, New-York, Nov. 6, 1863.
By order of the Board of Directors.
C. VANDERBILT, President.
WM. H. EMERSON, Secretary.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Commissioners selected at a meeting held at the Fifth-avenue Hotel on the evening of Oct. 21 last, for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the capital stock of a National Bank, with a capital of $5,000,000, hereby give notice that the books of subscription to the capital stock of said Bank will be opened on MONDAY, the 23d day of November inst., at the office of the United States Trust Company, No. 48 Wall-st., in this City, and remain open during the business hours of each day until the 1st day of December, inclusive.

Five per centum of the amount of each subscription will be required to be paid at the time of subscribing, and the balance in installments as may be called for by the Directors, in accordance with the act of Congress, which requires at least thirty per centum to be paid in before the Bank commences business, and the remainder in installments of ten per centum every two succeeding months thereafter.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 9, 1863.

PETER COOPER,
GEORGE OPDYKE,
FREEMAN CLARKE,
DAVID DOWS,
JOSEPH STUART,
HENRY W. T. MALI,
BENJAMIN H. HUTTON,
Commissioners.

LEAVENWORTH & SANDERSON,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 19 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, AMERICAN AND FOREIGN SPECIE AND UNCURRENT MONEY.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Boards on Commission. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada.

Interest allowed on deposits.

VAN VLECK & TUCKER, BANKERS,
No. 8 Broad-st., near Wall,
REDEEM
MARINE BANK, Chicago, Ill.,
MECHANICS BANK, Hardin, Ill.,
BANK OF ILLINOIS,
at one-half per cent discount.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

EDWARD KING

offers his services at the Board of Brokers for the purchase or sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

NO. 4 HANOVER-ST.

OFFICE OF LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
AGENTS FOR THE U. S. FIVE-TWENTY LOAN,
No. 34 WALL-STREET, N. Y.

READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY, FIVE-TWENTY SIX PER CENT. BONDS in all denominations at par; a commission allowed to banks, brokers and others purchasing for resale.

U. S.
Bonds of all issues.
Six per cent. Certificates of indebtedness,
7 3-10 Treasury-Notes,
Quartermasters checks and vouchers,

and American gold purchased and for sale by
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
Bankers and dealers in U. S. Securities.

OFFICE OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY R. R. CO.,
M. K. JESUP & CO., Transfer Agents,
No. 59 Exchange-place, corner Broad-st.,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 13, 1863.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RAILROAD COMPANY will be open at this office on MONDAY, the 16th instant. Stockholders desiring to place their stock on the New-York books are requested to forward their certificates (power of attorney at the foot of each, duly signed) to C. H. BOOTH, Treasurer, Dubuque, Iowa, who will issue and mail to them transit certificates, upon the surrender of which New-York certificates will be issued.

M. K. JESUP & CO.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE KNICKERBOCKER BANK.—Notice is hereby given that a final dividend of thirteen per cent. and interest, which is in full for all established claims, will be paid to the creditors of the Knickerbocker Bank, by the United States Trust Company of New-York, Receiver of said Bank, at their office, No. 48 Wall-st., on and after Monday next, the 16th inst. JOHN A. STEWART, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 13, 1863.

NOTICE.—A GENERAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Central Coal Mining and Manufacturing Company will be held at the Company's office, No. 51 Trinity Building, in the City of New-York, at 12 o'clock M., on the 12th day of December, for the purpose of electing nine Directors for the ensuing year.

F. P. WHITE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 14, 1863.

STOLEN—ON THE 20TH INST., A PROMISSORY NOTE for $5,000, dated the 17th inst., at 3 months, payable at the Albany City Bank, and indorsed by John F. Rathbone, but unsigned by the drawer. All persons are cautioned against any negotiation of the same, as it is of no validity, and any drawer's name attached will be a forgery.

JOHN R. MURRAY & CO.,
No. 39 Nassau st., corner Liberty-st., New-York,
BANKERS AND STOCK BROKERS,
Dealers in Government and other Securities on Commission.

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
Bought and sold at Board of Brokers,
By A. G. HEMINWAY & CO.,
No. 53 Exchange-place.

"**ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.**"—Coupons on the Bonds of this Company will be paid on presentation by McANDREW & WANN, No. 12 Pine-st.

WANTED—A FEW HUNDRED DOLLARS OF the Receiver's Certificates of the People's Bank of Paterson, New-Jersey. Apply to WM. MARSTON, No. Wall-st.

CONNECTICUT STATE 6's OF VARIOUS DENOMINATIONS FOR SALE, BY A. H. ALMY, No. 7 Nassau-st., Continental Bank building.

FINANCIAL.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

CARD.

OFFICE OF THE NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INS. CO.,
No. 6 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 24, 1863.

Parties who have received circulars from this Company, on which the postage was unpaid, are hereby informed that the stamps were affixed in every instance, and have doubtless been detached during their progress through the mail. All such instances will be promptly rectified, and the postage refunded on application at this office.

R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.

SIMONSON & BROWN

offer their services at the Board of Brokers, for the purchase or sale of Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold.

No. 39½ EXCHANGE-PLACE.

STOLEN.—THE FOLLOWING U. S. FIVE-Twenty Bonds, Nos. 67,626 and 67,627 for $1,000 each. No. 38,579..............for..............$500

All of the second series.

All persons are cautioned against negotiating these Bonds or their coupons, as payment has been stopped. Any information in regard to them may be sent to

F. J. KINGSBURY,
Cashier Citizens' Bank, Waterbury, Conn.

WATERBURY, Nov. 20, 1863.

OFFICE FULTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 172 Broadway, corner Maiden-lane,
New-York, Nov. 24, 1863.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders, for the election of Directors of this Company for the ensuing year, will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 7th of December next. Polls open from 1 to 2 P. M. WM. A. COBB, President.

INSURANCE SCRIP FOR SALE.—WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st., offers for sale in sums to suit purchasers, scrip of various dividend-paying Marine Insurance Companies, including COMMERCIAL, MERCANTILE, NEW-YORK, ORIENT, PACIFIC, SUN and UNION.

$500 TO $5,000 TO LOAN ON BOND and Mortgage—EDWARD A. FRASER, Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public, No. 303 Broome-st., N. Y.

$20,000 TO LOAN IN SUMS REQUIRED.—No commissions. Apply to FRED'K E. WESTBROOK, No. 83 Nassau-st.

DIVIDENDS.

MERCHANTS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Nov. 25, 1863.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Three and One-half (3½) Per Cent., (free of Government Tax,) payable at the Banking Office, on and after Dec. 1.

The Transfer Books will be closed from Nov. 26 to Dec. 1. J. D. VERMILYE, Cashier.

OFFICE "PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY,"
NEW-YORK, Nov. 10, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. out of the net earnings of the last three months, payable at the office of the Company on WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst. at 10 A. M. By order of the Board of Directors.

THEODORE T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

In the Circuit Court of the United States, District of Indiana, November Term, 1863.

Robert L. Cutting vs. the President and Directors of the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad Company, et al.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the 15th day January, A. D. 1864, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the Court-house, in the city of Indianapolis, County of Marion, and State of Indiana, the undersigned, the Marshal of the United States of the District aforesaid, by virtue of a certified copy of the decree rendered and made by the Court in the above entitled cause, issued by the Clerk of said Court, will sell at auction and public outcry, the following described property and rights of the said Peru and Indianapolis Railroad Company, to wit:

The Peru and Indianapolis Railroad, running and extending from Peru, in the County of Miami, and State of Indiana, through the Counties of Miami, Howard, Tipton, Hamilton and Marion, to the City of Indianapolis, in said County of Marion; and all and singular the land and real estate of which the said Railroad Company was, on the 5th day of March, 1856, or now is seized or possessed, together with all the land under and on each side of the track, to the whole width and extent that the said Company was or is seized or possessed of the same, together with the superstructure, tracks and rails thereon, and the bridges, viaducts, fences, depot grounds, and buildings thereon, engines, cars, tools, materials, machinery, and all the personal property, rights thereto or interest therein of the said Company, and also all that certain piece of land extending from the termination of the said Railroad at Peru to the Lake Erie, Wabash and St. Louis Railroad, acquired or to be acquired by said Company, and the road built or to be built thereon, with the superstructure and rails placed or to be placed thereon, and all the depot grounds acquired or to be acquired, and all other property, real or personal, acquired or to be acquired by said Company; and also all the tolls, rents, and income to be had or levied from the said Railroad extending from Peru to Indianapolis, and the extension thereof to the Lake Erie, Wabash and St. Louis Railroad, now called the Toledo and Wabash Railway Company, and all franchises, rights, and privileges of the said Peru and Indianapolis Railroad Company of, in, to, or concerning the same and any and every part thereof.

The rents and profits of said property will first be offered for sale, and, upon failing to realize a sufficient sum to satisfy the demand due upon said decree, I will, at the same time and place, in like manner offer for sale the fee simple of the property, effects, rights and franchises above described, ordered to be sold as the property of the said Peru and Indianapolis Railroad Company in the above-entitled suit.

The sale will be made without relief from the valuation and appraisement laws of the State of Indiana; and said property, &c., will be sold as an entirety, and subject to the prior and paramount lien of the deed of trust or mortgage executed by said Company on the 1st day of July, 1852, to James Winslow, as Trustee, to secure the payment of the bonds of the Company, amounting to $600,000, and interest thereon, which interest, unpaid on the 1st day of July, 1863, amounted to $69,314 17, and also subject to the rights and claims of the judgment recovered by the Madison and Indianapolis Railroad Company against said Peru and Indianapolis Railroad Company, in the Fall of 1855, in the Circuit Court of Marion County, Indiana, for $37,527, and which judgment has been assigned to Francis B. Cutting. The purchase money must be paid at the time the property is struck down, and upon default the property may again be offered and sold, the purchaser so failing to pay being responsible for any loss upon the reoffering.

DAVID G. ROSE, U. S. Marshal.

Wm. Henderson, Hendricks & Hord, Attorneys for complainant.

Nov. 13, 1863.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
COTTON.
DAN'L H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
By BURDETT, JONES & CO.

BY VIRTUE OF ORDERS OF SALE TO JAMES C. CLAPP, United States Marshal, directed by the Honorable District Court for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell by public auction, from

LAIMBEER'S STORES, ATLANTIC DOCKS, BROOKLYN,
ON TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1863,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, M., as follows:

Cargo Schooner MARTHA JANE—
69 round bales Sea Island Cotton.
13 half bales Sea Island Cotton.
Cargo Schooner SEA BIRD—
10 bales Upland Cotton.
Cargo Steamer MAIL—
92 bales and packages Sea Island Cotton.
90 bales and packages Upland Cotton.
6 barrels Spirits Turpentine.

Catalogues, and samples of Cotton, at the office of BENNER & BROWN, No. 113 Wall-st.

THOMAS W. CLAPP,
Deputy United States Marshal,
Southern District of Florida.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

CARRARA MARBLE STATUARY, FOUNTAINS, VASES AND GROUPS, FOR PARLORS AND GARDENS, MOSAIC TABLES, PEDESTALS, BUSTS, &c., just landed per ship *Favorceten*, from Leghorn.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, at 11 o'clock, at the store No. 648 Broadway, next to corner of Bleecker-st., a very large and choice collection of Carrara marble statuary, viz.: The Four Seasons, for garden; the Water Carriers, celebrated Bust of Madonna, by Galli; Madonna of Tenerani, full size: "Prayer," "Innocence," "Psyche," "Bacchus," "Group of Education," Bust of Washington, and other choice subjects.

Also, a very elaborate fountain, with three basins, for garden, to which the attention of the public is particularly called. Garden vases of various designs and size.

Also, a large assortment of marble and alabaster works of art for the decorations of parlors, consisting of pure white groups and figures, of which more full particulars may be had from catalogues; vases, copied from the ancients, "Roman" Hebe, Egyptian, Gothic, Florentine, &c. Tazzas, card receivers, and a full assortment of marble and alabaster goods.

The above are the importations of Signors Giovannoni & Zannoni, and are far superior to any offered at previous sales.

Catalogues at the store, or at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.
CORNICES, BANDS, PINS, ROSETTES, ETC.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 25, at 11 o'clock, at our salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st.,

CORNICES, BANDS, PINS, ROSETTES, ETC.

TO THE TRADE AND UPHOLSTERERS,—9 cases freshly imported cornices, bands, pins, &c., of the latest designs and styles, many of which are elaborate. They will be positively sold without reserve for account of whom it may concern, in lots to suit the trade.

Also, at 1 o'clock, a collection of rare and valuable old coins and medals, consisting of "Martha Washington Half Dime," "Libert s Americana," "Liverpool halfpenny," "Washington Grate Cent," &c., all to be sold without reserve.

ALBERT C. HAYWOOD, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) Nov. 25, at 11 A. M., at the private residence No. 123 East 10th-st., a few doors west of Broadway, all the elegant household furniture, consisting of dining-room, parlor and bedroom furniture, all first-class and made to order. Also, fine French plate mantle mirror and one first-class rosewood piano-forte. Those wanting furniture will find this a rare opportunity to supply themselves. The entire stock valued at $16,000.

AUCTION SALES

RECEIVER'S SALE
OF REAL ESTATE IN THE STATE OF IOWA,
Formerly belonging to the Artisans' Bank,
By order of Henry C. Tanner, Receiver of the Artisans' Bank.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers, will sell at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, at 12 o'clock noon, on the 15th day of December, 1863:

A 1-acre lot corner of 11th and Prairie sts., in the City of Dubuque.

One ½-acre lot southeast corner of 11th and Prairie sts., in the city of Dubuque.

The west corner of lot No. 738 on Julian-av., City of Dubuque, 172.1 feet east and west by 271 feet north and south.

Part of lot No. 438 on Couler-av., in the City of Dubuque, 200 feet east and west by 100 feet north and south, with 2-story brick dwelling, 20x15, and outbuildings.

Lot No. 4 in Kelly's subdivision, fronting on Julian-av., City of Dubuque, 185⅓x50 feet, with small frame dwelling.

Lots Nos. 6 and 7 of Farley's subdivision, fronting on 11th st., City of Dubuque, with double brick 2-story and basement dwelling 20x70, brick barn, &c.

Lot No. 819 of McDaniel's subdivision, fronting on 14th-st., City of Dubuque, with brick 1½-story and basement cottage built dwelling—porches, verandahs, &c.

The right, title and interest only in Banking House and Lot No. 310 on Main-st., City of Dubuque.

Parcels of 45 acres in section 28, township 89, east of 5th P. M.; 27.83 acres in section 27, township 89, north of range 2, east; 31.05 acres in sections 15 and 16, township 89, north of range 2, east of 5th P. M.; 7.35 acres in sections 22 and 23, township 89, north of range 2, east of 5th P. M.; 50.80 acres in section 4, township 88, north of range 2, east; 80 acres in section 18, township 88, north of range 2, east. All in Dubuque County, close by the City of Dubuque.

Also Mineral Lot 375, containing 21.20 acres in section 15, township 89, north of range 2, east, in Dubuque County, close by the City of Dubuque, and ½ of Mineral Lot No. 194 in Dubuque County, part of which lies in the City of Dubuque, containing 17.70 acres; 256 acres in Clayton County, in the south part of township 91, north of range 1, west of 5th P. M.

4,440 acres in Calhoun County.
1,920 acres in Buena Vista County.
12,160 acres in Pocahontas County.

All of which lies on the line of the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad, (average seven miles distant,) now rapidly being completed to Sioux City.

For further description see New-York *Herald* of Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week; also Dubuque *Herald* of Tuesdays, and Dubuque *Times* of Wednesdays in each week.

Schedules and maps can be had at the office of E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., and of H. C. TANNER, No. 50 Wall-st. Terms, ten per cent. and Auctioneers' fees, on day of sale. Balance on delivery of deed on the 26th day of December, 1863.

SCRANTON COAL AT AUCTION.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 12, 1863.

This Company will hold their tenth regular monthly auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of November, 1863, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Office of the Company, No. 35 William-st., at which time they will offer, by SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer,

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND TONS OF FRESH MINED SCRANTON COAL,

embracing all the usual sizes, and deliverable at their Depot, Elizabethport, N. J., after the 1st of December next. They will repeat such auction sales on or about the 20th of each month, during the year 1863.

The sale will be positive. Each lot put up will be sold to the highest bidder; no bids, in any form whatever, being made for account of, or on behalf of the Company.

Fifty cents per ton, in bankable funds, to be paid at the time and place of sale, and the balance, in like funds, on receiving the order for the coal, which must be called for within ten days thereafter, and the coal taken away within thirty days from the day of sale, unless navigation is obstructed. Buyers who wish, however, can have an additional thirty days for taking the delivery of their purchases, by making a further deposit of 50 cents per ton within the ten days above specified. Interest, at 7 per cent. per annum, will in such case be charged on the balance, from the time stipulated for payment until paid; and 25 cents per ton to cover the expense of stocking the coal—both to be paid on delivery of order.

The other conditions of sale will be substantially those hitherto accepted by all purchasers, by private contract, of coal deliverable at Elizabethport, so far as applicable. The coal will be delivered direct from the cars on their arrival from the mines when practicable—otherwise from the stock. These conditions will be modified to meet the wants of ocean steamers, whose arrival cannot be definitely fixed.

The room in which previous sales have been held being appropriated to other purposes, attention is called to the fact that the sale now announced will be held at the office of the Company. JOHN BRISBIN, President.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

MAGNIFICENT SALE OF
STATUARY,
REAL BRONZES,
REAL BRONZE CLOCKS,
BRONZE GROUPS AND STATUETTES,
SEVRES VASES,
FRENCH DINNER SETS,
TOILET SETS,
SILESIAN GLASS,
BISQUET STATUETTES,
and other magnificent French Goods, just landed, ex ship from Havre.

To be sold at auction by EDWARD SCHENCK,
At his Salesroom,
NO. 577 BROADWAY,
THIS DAY, at 11 O'CLOCK.

Also, an elegant assortment of the richest
SILVER PLATED WARE.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

TO THE MARBLE TRADE AND OTHERS.
CARARA MARBLE FOUNTAINS AND FIGURES FOR GARDENS AND PARLORS.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) at the store No. 648 Broadway, next to corner of Bleecker-st.:

An elaborately carved Carara Marble Fountain, with three basins, the finest ever imported; also, four figures, "The Seasons," together with a very rare collection of statues and busts, for the decorations of parlors and gardens.

The above are the direct importation of Signors Giovannoni and Zanoni, ex ship Favoreeten, from Leghorn, and will be positively sold without reserve.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

AUCTION NOTICE.

We will sell THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) Nov. 25, at 10 o'clock, by catalogue for cash, a general assortment of Birmingham, Sheffield, German and American

HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GUNS,

in lots to suit City and country buyers. Catalogues ready, and goods open for inspection early this morning.

J. E. HALSEY & CO, Auctioneers.
No. 10 Barclay-st.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, BILLIARD TABLE, GAS CHANDELIERS, FIXTURES, &c.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, Nov. 27, 1863, at 11 o'clock at the mansion, No. 189 2d-av., next to corner of 12th-st., the entire elegant furniture, &c., contained in said house, consisting in part

DRAWING ROOMS.

elaborately carved rosewood parlor furniture in rich flowered satin; elegant rosewood etageres, with mirrors; fine marqueterie secretaire; carved rosewood centre tables; superb ormolu and bronze clocks, with candle branches to match; fine French plate mirrors, richly decorated vases, elegant flowered satin curtains, very rich Axminster carpets.

LIBRARY.

Fine rosewood lounges, Turkish easy chairs, side chairs, elaborately carved walnut library bookcase, very large size, library table, secretaries, rich curtains, velvet carpet.

DINING ROOM.

Very heavily carved solid oak extension table, elegant oak buffet, marble top, fine arm and side dining chairs in leather, cloth window curtains, a fine assortment of French China and glass ware, rich velvet carpet.

BED CHAMBERS.

Elaborately carved rosewood and walnut French bedsteads, amoires-a-glace, marble top dressing bureaus, lounges, easy chairs, book etageres, side tables, enameled cottage suites, spring beds, curled hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, satin bed spreads, blankets, sheets, quilts, rich satin and brocatel curtains, velvet and Brussels carpets, matting, &c.

HALLS AND STAIRWAYS.

Elegant rosewood hall stand, large size, French plate mirror back, hall chairs, &c.

ALSO,

all the elegant bronze and gilt chandeliers, brackets and fixtures throughout the house; fine rosewood billiard table, Phelan's patent; balls, cues, &c., complete, together with the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON 5TH-ST., NEAR THE BOWERY.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, Nov. 27, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Buildings, by order of Wm. E. Dodge, Esq., executor of estate of the late Anson G. Phelps, deceased:

FIFTH-ST.—The valuable plot of ground with the buildings thereon, on the south side of 5th-st., 113 feet 9 inches east of the Bowery, being 46 feet 3 inches front, 51 feet 6 inches rear, by 96 feet 2 inches, east side 128 feet 3 inches, west side being an irregular line. Maps may be had at the Auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

J. BOGART, Auctioneer.

BY S. & J. BOGART, THIS DAY, AT 10½ o'clock, at the auction rooms No. 1 North William-st., household furniture, sofas, tables, chairs, large gas chandeliers, bureaus, Brussels carpets, feather beds, mahogany French bedsteads, paillasses, woolen blankets, &c.

ALSO,

at 11½ o'clock, a large quantity of flannel and knit shirts, Canton flannel drawers, muslin shirts, 200 pair pantaloons, overcoats, large lot of woolen blankets, boots and shoes, hosiery, one piece of farmers satin, shawls, lot Windsor soap, &c., &c.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

WAGONS, ROCKAWAYS, HARNESS, SLEIGHS, &c.—CLINTON B OSGOOD will sell at auction at the salesroom, No. 83 Cedar-st., THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) Nov. 25, at 12 o'clock, top buggies, light road wagons, coupe rockaway, nearly new, second hand coach, four seat rockaway, sleighs, harness, &c.

CAMELIAS, AZALEAS AND LEMON trees, &c., at auction on WEDNESDAY, 25th inst., at 10½ o'clock, at No. 9 John-st., a number of large specimen plants of the above, together with a choice assortment of other greenhouse plants. Sale peremptory.

MATRIMONIAL.

A LADY AGED NINETEEN, AN ORPHAN and stranger in this City, takes this method of forming the acquaintance of a gentleman of means and refinement, with a view to matrimony. Call on or address ESTEL SINCLAIR, No 85 West 36th-st.

MACHINERY.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A STEAM ENgine of 60 to 100 horse-power, of approved construction, in good running order and on reasonable terms. Apply to E. WHITNEY, New-Haven, Conn.

FOR SALE—ONE FIFTEEN FEET COUNTER with ten drawers, suitable for the hardware trade. Apply at No. 99 William-st., opposite Platt-st.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION.

OFFICE OF THE DEPOT QUARTERMASTER,
FORT LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, Oct. 28, 1863.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on the 10th day of December, 1863, for the transportation of military supplies during the years 1864 and 1865, on the following routes:

Route No. 1.—From Forts Leavenworth, Laramie and Riley, and other depots that may be established during the above years, on the west bank of the Missouri River, north of Fort Leavenworth, and south of latitude 42° north, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the Territories of Nebraska, Dakotah, Idaho and Utah, south of latitude 44° north, and east of longitude 114° west, and in the Territory of Colorado, north of 40 north. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds for 100 miles, at which they will transport said stores in each of the months, from April to September, inclusive, of the years 1864 and 1865.

Route No. 2.—From Forts Leavenworth and Riley, in the State of Kansas, and the town of Kansas, in the State of Missouri, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the State of Kansas, or in the Territory of Colorado, south of latitude 40° north, drawing supplies from Fort Leavenworth, and to Fort Union, N. M., or other depot that may be designated in that Territory, to Fort Garland, and to any other point or points on the route. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds for 100 miles, at which they will transport said stores in each of the months, from April to September, inclusive, of the years 1864 and 1865.

Route No. 3.—From Fort Union, or such other depot as may be established in the Territory of New-Mexico, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in that Territory, and to such posts or stations as may be designated in the Territory of Arizona and State of Texas west of longitude 105° west.

Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds for 100 miles, at which they will transport said stores in each of the months, from June to November, inclusive, of the years 1864 and 1865.

The weight to be transported each year will not exceed 10,000,000 pounds on Route No. 1, 15,000,000 pounds on Route No. 2, and 6,000,000 pounds on Route No. 3.

No additional percentage will be paid for the transportation of bacon, hard bread, pine lumber, shingles, or any other stores.

Bidders must give their names in full, as well as their place of residence; and each proposal must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more responsible persons, guaranteeing that in case a contract is awarded for the route mentioned in the proposal to the parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said parties, in accordance with the terms of this advertisement.

The amount of bonds required will be as follows

On Route No. 1	$100,000
On Route No. 2	200,000
On Route No. 3	60,000

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder and person offered as security will be required.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Army Transportation on Routes No. 1, 2, or 3," as the case may be, and none will be entertained unless they fully comply with all the requirements of this advertisement.

Parties to whom awards are made must be prepared to execute contracts at once, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the same.

Contracts will be made subject to the approval of the Quartermaster-General, but the right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may be offered.

Contractors must be in readiness for service by the first day of April, 1864, and they will be required to have a place of business or agencies at or in the vicinity of Forts Leavenworth and Union, and other depots that may be established, at which they may be communicated with promptly and readily.

L. C. EASTON,
Major and Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW AND GRAIN.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, FORAGE DEPARTMENT, Seventh-st. Wharf,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16, 1863.

Written proposals are invited for furnishing HAY, STRAW, OATS and CORN for the use of this depot, to be delivered at the railroad depot, or at any of the Government wharves in this city.

The proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and they should state the quantity and grade of each article offered, also the price and the date of delivery.

Proposals will be received for five thousand (5,000) bushels of Corn or Oats, and fifty (50) tons of Hay or straw, and upward, unless it should be for the interest of the Government to contract for a less amount.

All grain to be put up in good sacks, of about two (2) bushels each, which are to be furnished at the cost of the contractor.

The Hay and Straw to be securely baled.

All Grain and Hay offered to be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector.

Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidders, as the interest of the service may require. Good security will be required for the faithful fulfillment of any contract made under this advertisement.

Payment to be made at the completion of the contract.

S. L. BROWN, Captain and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 18, 1863.

TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS INCLOSED in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M., Saturday, Nov. 28, 1863.

For flagging Fifty-fourth-street, between Second and Third avenues.

For flagging Fifth-avenue, between Forty-fourth and Forty-sixth streets.

For flagging Fourth-avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-fifth and One Hundred and Twenty-seventh streets.

For flagging Fifty-first-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

For flagging Fifty-first-street, between Eleventh-avenue and Hudson River, and south side, between Broadway and Eighth-avenue.

For curb, gutter and flag Twenty-fifth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

For regulating and grading One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, between Third-avenue and Harlem River.

For regulating and grading Forty-third-street, between Second and Third avenues.

For regulating and grading Eighty-second-street, between Eighth and Tenth avenues.

For regulating and grading Sixty-fourth-street, between Eighth-avenue and Hudson River.

For regulating and grading curb, gutter and flag Eleventh-avenue between Fifteenth and Twenty-sixth streets.

For regulating and grading curb, gutter and flag Fifty-eighth-street between Second-avenue and East River.

For regulating and grading curb, gutter and flag Seventy-first-street, between Eighth-avenue and Broadway.

For regulating and grading curb, gutter and flag Sixty-fifth-street, between Eighth-avenue and Hudson River.

For flagging opposite to Nos. 126, 128 and 130 Franklin-street: also, Nos. 2, 4, 6 and 8 Varick-street.

Filling sunken lots between One Hundred and Twelfth and One Hundred and Fourteenth streets, and First and Second avenues.

Filling sunken lots west side First-avenue between One Hundred and Twenty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-second streets.

For steam fire-engine and tender for Company No. 15.

For steam fire-engine and tender for No. 1.

Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.

Dated Street Department, New-York, Nov. 18, 1863.

CHARLES G. CORNELL,
Street Commissioner.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 23, 1863.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, M., on Saturday, the 28th inst., for furnishing, by contract, at the depot of army clothing and equipage in this city,

PACKING BOXES,

the specifications for which can be seen at this office. Deliveries to commence within five days from the date of the award.

Bidders will state the number they wish to furnish, and how many they can deliver daily. A proper guaranty must accompany each bid for the faithful performance of a contract.

The United States reserves the right to reject all bids deemed objectionable.

Proposals will be indorsed "Proposals for furnishing Packing Boxes," and addressed to

Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
Deputy Quartermaster-General.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON DEPOT, Nov. 17, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived at the office of Capt. C. H. Tompkins, A. Q. M., U. S. A., at the corner of 22d and G sts., in this city, until Monday, Dec. 21, 1863, at 12 o'clock M., for the sale of all the manure now on hand, or that may be produced at stables and corrals of this Depot within the next twelve months succeeding the date of the letting of the contract.

The manure will be awarded to the highest bidder or bidders, who will be required to take it away at his or their own expense. The quantity now on hand to be taken away within six months from the date of contract, and that which may accumulate, within six months from the date at which it may be produced.

Bids must be made at so much per cubic yard.

Bids will be received for the quantity on hand, and the subsequent product at each stable and corral, separately, or for the whole together.

If a bid is made in the name of a firm, the names of all the parties must appear, or it will be considered as the individual proposal of the party signing it.

The full name and post-office address of the bidder must appear in the proposal.

Proposals must be addressed to Capt C. H. Tompkins, A. Q. M., U. S. A., Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Manure."

Payment will be required to be made in Government funds, at the end of each month, for the manure removed during the month.

An oath of allegiance will be required from each successful bidder.

Good and sufficient bonds, in the sum of ($1,000) one thousand dollars, will be required of each successful bidder for the faithful performance of his contract.

The Quartermaster reserves the right to reject all bids that may be deemed to the interest of Government not to accept.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier-General and Chief Quartermaster,
Depot Washington.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 6 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 23, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this Office until 12 o'clock M. on the 4th of December next, for the carting of all Government stores in the City of New-York. Every person bidding for this work must state explicitly the terms on which he proposes to do it. The City ordinance fixing the rates of cartage authorizes certain prices for carting, a load of 1,500 pounds varying according to distance. Bidders will be required to state their prices for carting the same number of pounds to the load the distances as mentioned in the ordinance above referred to. The party to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to have in readiness at all times a sufficient number of teams to perform the required service, and to keep them at work, when required, nights and Sundays, without extra compensation, and to be present, in person or by a competent agent, at all times to receive and execute all orders which may be given for work to be done.

No proposals will be considered unless coming from responsible persons known to the undersigned, or who will be vouched for by responsible parties. Each proposal must be indorsed by two responsible persons, setting forth their willingness to go security in the sum of $20,000 that said proposal, if accepted, will be faithfully carried out. Each proposal must be indorsed, "Proposal for carting Government Stores."

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS.

ARMOR PLATES.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Nov. 21, 1863.

The Department will, until the 21st day of December next, receive proposals for the delivery at each of the Navy-yards at Portsmouth, N. H.; Charlestown, Mass.; Brooklyn, N. Y., and Philadelphia, of the following described side armor, stringers and deck-plating for one vessel at each yard. The proposition may be separately for the side armor, stringers and deck-plating, and may be for one or more vessels, but it must embrace the whole of each description of iron for a vessel: that is, the deck-plating, the stringers, or the side armor may be bid for separately:

DECK ARMOR.

Eleven hundred (1,100) wrought iron plates, more or less, ten (10) feet long, thirty-two (32) inches wide, and one and one-half (1½) inch thick.

A portion of these plates will be sheared to suit the curvature of the side line of the vessel; also to fit around the turrets and hatches, for which plans will be furnished to the contractors. To be of the best iron, ends and edges square, straight, and planed true to the sizes given. The whole to be delivered within ten (10) months from the date of contract.

WROUGHT IRON STRINGERS.

Three thousand and twenty (3,020) lineal feet of iron stringers, eight (8) inches square, except at the stern and stem, where they will taper one way for the length of about forty (40) feet on each end of the vessel to about three (3) inches. These stringers to be in length twenty-three (23) feet six (6) inches, the ends to be fitted together with a proper scarph one (1) foot long; one-half of the scarph to be taken from the end of each. There will be four ranges of these stringers on each side of the vessel. To be made of the best iron, ends and edges square and straight, true to the sizes given. The whole to be delivered in eight (8) months from the date of the contract.

SIDE ARMOR.

One hundred and forty-six (146) plates of wrought iron, three (3) inches in thickness, of the following lengths and widths, viz.:

1 plate 18 feet long by 39 inches wide.
23 plates 15 feet long by 39 inches wide.
1 plate 10 feet 6 inches long by 33 inches wide.
24 plates 15 feet long by 3 inches wide.
2 plates 16 feet 2 inches long by 6 inches wide.
1 plate 16 feet 2 inches long by 39 inches wide.
54 plates 7 feet 7 inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 6¾ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 6½ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 6¼ inches long by 45 inches wide.
2 plates 7 feet 6 inches long by 45 inches wide.
2 plates 7 feet 5¾ inches long by 45 inches wide.
2 plates 7 feet 5½ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 5¼ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 5 inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 4½ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 4 inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 3½ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 3⅜ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 3¼ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 3 inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 2⅝ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 2¼ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 2 inches long by 45 inches wide.
2 plates 7 feet 1¾ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 1½ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 1¼ inches long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet 1 inch long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet ½ inch long by 45 inches wide.
1 plate 7 feet ¼ inch long by 45 inches wide.
10 plates 7 feet long by 45 inches wide.
2 plates 10 feet long by 26 inches wide.
1 plate 10 feet 2 inches long by 32 inches wide.

The whole of the side-armor to be made from the best iron, ends and edges to be square and straight, and planed true to the sizes given. To be delivered in nine (9) months from the date of the contract.

The whole of the iron to be of a quality that will bear a tensile strain of twenty-two (22) United States tons to the square inch.

No bids will be received except from parties having establishments capable of doing this work, and their establishments will be examined before a contract will be awarded.

Particulars will be given on application to the commandant of the Brooklyn, New-York, Navy-yard.

The contract will embrace the usual conditions, and the Department reserves the right to reject any or all the proposals that may be made under this advertisement if, in its opinion, the public interests require.

The proposition must state the price per pound for which each class of the iron will be delivered in the respective Navy-yards, and must be accompanied by a guarantee that the parties will execute a contract if awarded to them.

PROPOSALS FOR LEAD.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, Nov. 17, 1863.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 4 o'clock P. M., on the 15th of December next, for the delivery of 2,000 or more tons of pure soft lead, suitable for ordnance purposes.

The lead is to be of approved quality, and to be delivered at any time within ninety days from the acceptance of the bid or bids. It is to be delivered at the United States Arsenal, Governor's Island, New-York, and at the United States Arsenal, St. Louis, Mo., 1,000 tons or more at each place, free of all charge for transportation or handling, and will be paid for in regular certificates of inspection and receipt, by requisition on the Treasury Department, in the usual form.

Bids will be received for any portion of the quantity not less than 100 tons.

Bids, with approved sureties, will be required for the fulfillment of any contract that may be made in pursuance of this advertisement.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if not deemed satisfactory for any cause.

Proposals will be addressed to "Brigadier-General George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.," and will be indorsed, "Proposals for Lead."

GEORGE D. RAMSAY,
Brigadier-General, Chief of Ordnance.

OFFICE CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
CINCINNATI, Nov. 13, 1863.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, Nov. 25, 1863, for furnishing this department, by contract, with:

Kersey, S. B., ¾, Standard.
Kersey, S. B., 6-4, Standard.
Uniform Cloth, D. B., ¾, Standard.
Uniform Cloth, D. B., 6-4, Standard.

Of which samples may be seen at the Inspection Rooms.

Parties offering goods must in all cases furnish samples, and must distinctly state in their bids the quantity of goods they propose to furnish, the price, and the time of delivery. A guarantee, signed personally by two responsible parties, and agreeing that the bidder will furnish the supplies if an award is made to him, must accompany each proposal.

Bids will be opened on Wednesday, Nov. 25, 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Inspection Rooms, and bidders are invited to be present.

Goods must be delivered in good new packages, at either one of the Inspection Depots in this city, free of charge.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

By order of Col. THOMAS SWORDS.

C. W. MOULTON,
Captain and A. Q. M.

CAVALRY BUREAU,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 15, 1863.

PROPOSALS FOR HORSES.—PROPOSALS are solicited and will be received at this office for the furnishing of cavalry horses, to be delivered at Pittsburgh, Penn., Philadelphia, Washington City, Syracuse, N. Y., or Indianapolis, Ind.

Proposals will be considered for the furnishing of horses in lots of not less than twenty-five (25.) The horses to be from fifteen (15) to sixteen (16) hands high, from five (5) to nine (9) years old, well broken to the saddle, compactly built, in good flesh, and free from all defects.

The ability of the bidder to fulfill his agreement must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.

Proposals must be addressed to Lieut.-Col. C. G. SAWTELLE, Chief Quartermaster, Cavalry Bureau, and be indorsed on the envelope "Proposals for Horses."

C. G. SAWTELLE,
Lieutenant-Colonel, and Chief Quartermaster, Cavalry Bureau.

OFFICE OF THE GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD,
CHICAGO, Nov. 20, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of this Company until Dec. 15, 1863, for $200,000 seven per cent. bonds of this Company, to be for the construction of the draw-bridge across the main channel of the Mississippi River at Clinton.

The bonds will be $1,000 each, redeemable Jan. 1, 1884, after the entire bonded debt of the Company is canceled by the sinking funds, and are a lien upon the whole revenues of the road.

The interest will be payable Jan. 1 and July 1, in each year: principal and interest payable at the American Exchange Bank in New-York.

The Company will reject all bids which are not satisfactory and will not entertain any for less than par. Payment for the bonds awarded will be required from the 1st to the 15th January next in funds par in New-York.

Proposals should be plainly marked "Proposals for Bonds," and addressed to "W. M. Larrabee, Secretary, Chicago, Ill."

W. H. BROWN, President.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION,
CORNER OF GRAND AND ELM-STS.,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 24, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived at this office until the 10th day of December next, at 3 o'clock P. M., at which time said proposals will be considered, for supplying the Public Schools, under the jurisdiction of the Board of Education, with Books, Stationery, and other articles required for the use of said Schools, for one year, commencing on the 1st of January, 1864.

A List of Articles will be furnished on application to the Clerk of the Board of Education.

TIMOTHY BRENNAN,
SAMUEL B. H. VANCE,
JOHN N. HAYWARD,
DANIEL SLOTE,
JOHN A. McLAUGHLIN,
Committee on Supplies.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the School Officers of the XIXth Ward, at the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until Wednesday, the 2d day of December next, at 12 o'clock at noon, for the chairs, desks, settees, &c., necessary for furnishing the new Grammar School on 42d-st., near 3d-av., in said Ward. Plans and Specifications for said furniture are on file and can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-street, and the proposals must be in accordance therewith. Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named.

The School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

CHARLES H. LYONS,
THOMAS CRIMMINS,
WILLIAM HITCHMAN,
Committee.

Dated New-York, Nov. 16, 1863.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF MATCHED MULES, alike in color and size, 15½ hands high, 6 years old, kind and sound in every respect. For particulars, address WM. R. BROWN, No. 90 Front-st., Newburgh, New-York.

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES.

DR. HUMPHREYS, AUTHOR OF HUM- [illegible]

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.

Fifth Collection District State of New-York,
7th, 10th, 13th and 14th Wards of the City of New-York.

Pursuant to the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, and to pay interest on the public debt," approved July 1, 1862, notice is hereby given to all persons liable to pay duties or taxes under said Act in the Fifth Collection District of the State of New-York, that the Collector of said District has received from the Assessor thereof his annual collection list for the year ending April 30, 1864: That the duties and taxes assessed by said Assessor have become due and payable; That the said Collector will attend to receive the same at his office, No. 561 Broadway, in the City of New-York, daily, (Sundays excepted,) from the sixteenth day of November, A. D. 1863, until the sixteenth day of December, A. D. 1863, between the hours of nine o'clock A. M. and three o'clock P. M., and that all persons who shall neglect to pay the duties and taxes so as aforesaid assessed upon them, to the said Collector within the period of time above specified, shall be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof.

Dated NEW-YORK, Oct. 29, 1863.

JOSEPH HOXIE,
Collector Fifth District, State of New-York.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given, to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

For resetting curb-stones in Fifty-fourth-street, between Third and Sixth avenues.

For building a sewer in Fourth-street, from Bank to West Twelfth-street.

For fencing vacant lots on the south side of Fiftieth-street, between First and Second avenues.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on both sides of Fifty-fourth-street, between Third and Sixth avenues; also, all the lots, pieces and parcels of land situated on both sides of Fourth-street, from Bank to West Twelfth-street; also, the lots known as ward numbers forty-four to forty-nine, both inclusive, in block number one hundred and sixty-five, at the southeasterly corner of Fiftieth-street and Second-avenue.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections, in writing, to one of the undersigned at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

CHAS. McNEILL,
JACOB F. OAKLEY,
WM. A. DOOLEY,
Board of Assessors.

Office Board of Assessors, New Court-house, 14th November, 1863.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

For paving with trap-block pavement Thirty-second street, from Eighth to Ninth avenues, Forty seventh-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenues, and Jay-street, from Greenwich to Washington-streets.

The limits embraced by such assessment, include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on both sides of Thirty-second-street, from Eighth to Ninth-avenues, also all the lots on both sides of Forty-seventh-street from Fifth to Sixth avenues, and upon the easterly side of Sixth-avenue, and upon the westerly side of Fifth-avenue to the distance of one hundred feet north and south of Forty-seventh-street; also all the lots on both sides of Jay-street, between Greenwich and Washington streets.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections, in writing, to one of the undersigned at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement new Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

CHAS. McNEILL,
JACOB F. OAKLEY,
WM. A. DOOLEY,
Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, November 18, 1863.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS will meet every day, until further notice, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are respectfully invited to attend.

Alderman TERENCE FARLEY,
Alderman PETER MITCHELL,
Alderman JOHN T. HENRY,
Alderman F. I. A. BOOLE,
Alderman JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
Councilman WM. JOYCE,
Councilman SAMUEL WEBSTER,
Councilman JOHN McCONNELL,
Councilman ALEX. BRANDON,
Councilman JOHN G. HAVILAND.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC BUILDINGS, of the Board of Aldermen, will meet every TUESDAY, in Room No. 8 City Hall, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of considering all papers referred to such Committee. All parties interested will please attend without further notice.

PETER MASTERSON,
JOHN FOX,
LEWIS R. RYERS,
Committee on Public Buildings.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Aldermen, will meet every SATURDAY, at two o'clock, in the City Library Room, City Hall.

JOHN McCOOL,
PETER MITCHELL,
LEWIS R. RYERS,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH of the Board of Aldermen will meet in Room number twelve, City Hall, on TUESDAY of each week, at two o'clock P. M., until further notice. All persons interested in papers awaiting the action of the Committee are requested to attend.

TERENCE FARLEY,
JACOB M. LONG,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON POLICE OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 8, City Hall, for the purpose of investigating all papers referred to them. All persons interested are respectfully requested to appear before the Committee without further notice.

PETER MASTERSON,
GEO. A. JEREMIAH,
CHAS. H. HALL,
Committee on Police.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every FRIDAY, at two o'clock P. M., in Room number twelve, City Hall. All persons interested in matters pending the action of the Committee, are invited to attend.

TERENCE FARLEY,
JACOB M. LONG,
PETER MASTERSON,
Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON SEWERS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every WEDNESDAY, at two o'clock P. M., in Room number eight, City Hall. Parties interested in any matter before the Committee will have an opportunity of being heard.

GEORGE A. JEREMIAH,
TERENCE FARLEY,
CHARLES H. HALL,
Committee on Sewers.

THE COMMITTEE ON ASSESSMENTS of the Board of Councilmen will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

CHARLES RILEY,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
WILLIAM JOYCE,
Committee on Assessments.

THE COMMITTEE ON LAMPS AND GAS of the Board of Councilmen will meet EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M., until further notice, in Room No. 5 City Hall, for the purpose of investigating all papers referred to them. All persons interested are respectfully requested to appear before the Committee without further notice.

ALEX. BRANDON,
JAMES MURRAY,
RICHARD O'BRIEN,
Committee on Lamps and Gas.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—THE UNDERsigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the name of McKIM, BROS. & CO., for the prosecution of a general banking, exchange and commission stock business, to be conducted in the City of New-York.

HASLETT McKIM,
JOHN H. McKIM,
ROBERT McKIM.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 4, 1863.

McKIM, BROS & CO. have this day opened their offices at No. 61 Wall-st., where they offer their faithful services for any business in their line that may be intrusted to them.

They propose to buy and sell Domestic and Sterling Exchange.

Government Securities, including Quartermasters' Vouchers and Checks, one year Certificates of Indebtedness, &c.

The Stocks and Securities of this market they will buy and sell on Commission only, and in this branch of their business they will be represented by Mr. CHARLES A. FISHER, a member of the Stock Board.

Collections promptly made on all accessible points of the United States and Canada.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 19, 1863.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between GEORGE F. TYLER, C. NICHOLS BEACH and WILLIAM E. STONE, under the name of TYLER, STONE & CO., is dissolved. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by GEORGE F. TYLER and C. NICHOLS BEACH, who will continue the business under the name of TYLER & CO., at No. 328 Walnut-st., Philadelphia, and Trinity Building, New-York.

GEO. F. TYLER,
C. NICHOLS BEACH,
WM. E. STONE.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17, 1863.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firms of JESSUP & COLE, and R. COLE & CO., was dissolved on the 16th inst., by mutual consent. Either of the partners are authorized to sign the name of the firms in liquidation of the debts. All persons having claims against said firms will please present the same for payment.

SILAS H. JESSUP,
RHOADES COLE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of SCHOENER & EDWARDS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued at Nos. 135 and 137 William-st., by R. T. EDWARDS, who is authorized to settle the business and sign the name of the late firm in liquidation.

J. B. SCHOENER.
(per R. T. EDWARDS, Att'y.)
R. T. EDWARDS.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 19, 1863.

I HAVE THIS DAY TAKEN R. L. CUTTING, Jr., into partnership with me, and will continue the stock business under the firm of R. L. CUTTING & CO.

R. L. CUTTING.

Nov. 23, 1863.

LOST AND FOUND.

$200 REWARD — FOR THE RETURN OF EIGHT $100 5-20 BONDS, lost Nov. 3, payable to M. H. Henry, and not indorsed: Nos. 61,809 to 61,816 inclusive; payment is stopped. Apply to GEO. RAPHAEL, No. 105 William-st.

MEDICAL.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS!
Prepared from a Prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D.
Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever, and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution. To married ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, mercury, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps inclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail. Sold by all druggists.

JOB MOSES, No. 27 Cortlandt-st., New-York,
Sole United States Agent.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by Dr. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and expense than any one can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No 50 Lispenard-st., the only place. Call, send for a circular, or write.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, thereby speedily cured. The men to consult, Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840. Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

AFFLICTED RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES UNMASKED!—Highly important to both sexes, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, 75th edition, over 400 pages, nearly 100 figure Illustrations upon Mental and Nervous Debility, Urinary Deposits, Involuntary Loss of Semen, Impotency, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Genito-Urinary Diseases and their Consequences, the Anatomy of the Sexual Organs of the Male and Female, Latest Researches in Physiology: European Hospital Practice; Quacks, their Recipes and Specifics; the Author's unequaled Paris and London Treatment, &c. Mailed free, for $1, closely sealed. All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with Mercury, Copaiba, Injections, Cauterizations, Quack Specifics, Antidotes, Instruments, &c., should purchase the original work of R. R. LANDON, No. 88 Lake-st., Chicago, Ill.; E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey; or consult the Doctor, No. 647 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York, from 12 M. to 6 P. M., daily.

We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work.—*Courrier des Etats Unis, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 22 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weaknesses, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured. N. B.—Dr. C. is a qualified physician and surgeon, and a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New-York.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st., New-York.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will, in fifteen minutes after being taken, make the recipient as vigorous as if nature had never been retarded or debilitated. To the unmarried or single, in every physical exigency, this unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended as a complete restorative of the nervous system where manhood has been impaired. Procured of Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st. Call or send for circulars.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES WHO are suffering from irregularity, stoppage, or suppression, &c., &c., from whatever cause, can rely with safety and certainty on the Infallible Female Monthly Pills to restore them in a few days. For sale at No. 127½ Liberty-st., or sent by mail. Price $1, with full instructions.

SUFFERERS FROM SELF-ABUSE, FEMALE weakness, spermatorrhœa, and all sexual diseases can be cured without paying fees to anybody, by sending their address on a post-paid envelope to Box No. 1,647, Boston, Mass.

SULPHUR AND VAPOR BATHS—ESTABlished in 1820. The only genuine baths in the United States, at No. 1 Carroll-place, Bleecker-st., corner of Laurens, for cure of rheumatism, mercurial affections, &c. Given daily by Dr. A. L. TIMOLAT & CO.

HUNDREDS ARE RUINED BEYOND redemption in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first; he has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has cured no less than fifty thousand cases. His remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Dr. HUNTER is in constant attendance from 8 o'clock in the morning until 10 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, Dr. Hunter's Red Drops, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment, and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. It is $1 a vial, with a medical work on *Human Frailty, Nervous Debility, Early Indiscretion*, and consultation gratis.

DENTISTRY.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.
ANÆSTHETIC NITROUS OXIDE.

Teeth positively extracted without pain, by Dr. HOYT, Inventor and sole manufacturer of ANÆSTHETIC NITROUS OXIDE, (not Laughing Gas,) but a strictly anæsthetic agent, entirely free from exhilarating effects, and perfectly harmless, causing a quiet sleep, with pleasing sensations and perfect insensibility to pain, during which I extract teeth without the knowledge of the patient. Teeth filled, and artificial teeth of every description inserted. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Dr. HOYT, Dentist, No. 907 Broadway, near 20th-st.

COLTON
DENTAL ASSOCIATION

First introduced and now use the nitrous oxide gas. Dr. Colton, the original demonstrator, administers it. Office No. 22 Bond-st. G. Q. COLTON, JOHN ALLEN & SON.

N. B. GRIFFIN & BROS., NO. 258 GRAND-st., New-York, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are extracting Teeth positively without pain, by the use of nitrous oxide gas. No charge for extracting when artificial teeth are to be inserted. They are also inserting full sets of Teeth on Gold, $25; Platina, $[illegible]; Silver, $10; Rubber, $10. Partial sets on gold, $3; silver, $1. Extracting, 25 cents.

SHIPPING.

GALWAY LINE.
THE
ATLANTIC IRISH ROYAL MAIL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

ADRIATIC, 1,200 Horse-power, 4,800 Tons.
HIBERNIA, 1,000 Horse-power, 3,000 Tons.
COLUMBIA, 1,000 Horse-power, 3,000 Tons.
ANGLIA, 1,000 Horse-power, 3,000 Tons.

The magnificent side-wheel Steamship
ANGLIA,
Capt. PROWSE,
will sail from BOSTON, for GALWAY and LIVERPOOL, on TUESDAY, Dec. 1, to be followed by the COLUMBIA, from NEW-YORK, Dec. 15.

Rates of passage, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency:

First Cabin........................$80
Intermediate........................40
Steerage............................30

Passengers forwarded also to London, Paris, Hamburg, Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at lowest rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Galway to New-York and Boston, $30, $40, $85, $105.

For passage, apply to
SABEL & SEARLE,
No. 23 Broadway.

For freight, and other information, apply to
LAWRENCE, GILES & CO.,
No. 11 South William-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CHINA, ANDERSON, leaves New-York Wednes'y, Nov. 18.
ASIA, SHANNON, leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 25.
PERSIA, LOTT, leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 2.
ARABIA, STONE, leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 9.
SCOTIA, JUDKINS, leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 16.
CANADA, MOODIE, leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 23.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..............$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.............80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..............$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.............65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM COMMUNICATION TO LIVERPOOL.

The undersigned will dispatch one of the undermentioned or other first-class full powered British built steamers from
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
calling at Queenstown to land passengers and latest
TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
LOUISIANA	2,866	Brooking.	Friday, Dec. 4.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Grace.	Friday, Dec. 18.
CAROLINA	2,978	Roberts.	Friday, Jan. 1.

These steamers have been all built under the inspection of the Chief Surveyor to the Liverpool Underwriters' Registry of Iron Ships, they have extra water-tight compartments, and classed first-class for 25 years.

They are fitted up for first, second, and third-class passengers, which are charged at the following rates:

First Cabin........ $90 / 75 / Steerage 35 — Payable in Currency.

Dietary and accommodation unsurpassed by any other line of steamers.

For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL— Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF LONDON..........Saturday..........Nov. 28
CITY OF BALTIMORE.......Saturday..........Dec. 5
CITY OF NEW-YORK........Saturday..........Dec. 12

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin	$80 00	Steerage	$30 00
First Cabin to London	85 00	Steerage to London	34 00
First Cabin to Paris	95 00	Steerage to Paris	40 00
FirstCabin toHamburg	90 00	Steerage toHamburgh	37 00

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer
NORTH AMERICAN,
carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Quebec next
SATURDAY, Nov. 28.

Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $87 and $72. Steerage, found with good provisions, $32 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 23 Broadway, New-York.

SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

FOR HAVANA, via NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's New Steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on

MONDAY..........................7th December.
MONDAY..........................4th January, 1864.
Passage money—To Nassau, N. P...........$45
Passage money—to Havana..................50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

☞ No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-Green.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States Mail side-wheel steamship,
EAGLE,
RICHARD ADAMS, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 25, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Havana direct. All letters must pass through the Post-office. No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND,
IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
TAPSCOTT, BROS. & CO.,
NO. 86 SOUTH-ST., N. Y.,

Continue to sell Drafts available in all parts of Great Britain and Ireland at the lowest rates. Parties about remitting money to the old country or sending for their friends should apply as above.

FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS.—TO sail on SATURDAY, Nov. 28, at 3 o'clock P. M., the new side-wheel United States Mail steamship MORNING STAR, J. M. COURTENAY, Commander, will sail as above from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st. N. B.—The steamship EVENING STAR will sail for Havana and New-Orleans, SATURDAY, Dec. 12. For freight or passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, 161 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.—THE UNIted States Mail Steamship CREOLE, JOHN THOMPSON, Commander, will leave Pier No. 13 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 25, 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for New-Orleans direct. No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing. For freight or passage apply to LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO., No. 115 Broadway.

U. STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway. Passports issued through J. B. NONES.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT OFFICE.— Passports from the Department of State furnished by A. C. WILLMARTH, U. S. Court Buildings, No. 41 Chambers-st.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.

Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7¼.

Leave Flushing at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7¼ P. M.

N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M., and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:30 P. M.	10:57 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 5:22 P. M., from 30th-st.

Tickets may be procured at any of the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn, and baggage checked at the house to all points on the road, and to Saratoga Springs.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS

7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo.
4 P. M.—Way, for Otisville, Newburgh and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua and principal stations. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
7 P. M.—Emigrant.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, commencing Nov. 12, 1863,—Leave James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M., and on FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Also, for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Hamptons, &c., stopping at all stations. For Islip, at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Syosset, at 9 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Jamaica and Hempstead, at 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday excursion trains to Islip, at 9:15 A. M., from 34th-st., stopping at all stations.

Fare for this train at excursion rates.

For Syosset, (on Sundays,) at 9:45 P. M., stopping at all stations. A. REASONER, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—Increased accommodations. Trains for Albany, Troy, the North and West, leave 26th-st. Depot at 10 A. M. and 4:25 P. M.

Sunday trains leave New-York for Albany at 4:25 P. M., and Albany for New-York at 9:15 A. M.

JOHN BURCHILL, Superintendent.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.— Trains leave Jersey City at 5:10 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 1:15 P. M., 4:20 P. M., and 6:05 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:20 run to Monsey.

Oct. 12, 1863. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY, FOOT OF BARCLAY-STREET.—Through Mail trains for Hackettstown and intermediate stations leave New-York at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. Morristown Express at 5 P. M. J. E. BASSINGER, Superintendent.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 5, first floor, over Park Bank.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—THE OPERA.

Director..............................MAX MARETZEK
LAST WEEK OF THE SEASON.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, Nov. 25, at 7½ o'clock,
TWENTY-THIRD SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT.
FIRST NIGHT OF
FAUST.
GRAND OPERA IN FIVE ACTS BY GOUNOD.

ACT I.—Faust and Mephistophiles—The Compact.
ACT II.—The Kermesse.
ACT III.—The Garden.
ACT IV.—Repentance.
ACT V.—Death.

No opera ever, in the short space of four years, obtained the celebrity now attached to the "Faust" of Maestro Gounod. This work was composed in the year 1859, and was produced in Paris the following Winter. In London it was brought out at Her Majesty's Theatre, and became so successful that the management at Covent Garden (Royal Italian Opera) was forced to put "Faust" in rehearsal, to the exclusion of "La Forza del Destino," by Verdi, a promising attraction. In Paris "Faust" has been performed already over seven hundred times. Milan witnessed it simultaneously with London, and in each Capital the public evinced the most remarkable appreciation of the merits of the work, whether musical, dramatic or artistic. Throughout the whole of Germany the opera has occasioned a profound sensation, and is regarded by managers as a never-failing attraction.

FAUST
will be produced with
NEW AND BRILLIANT COSTUMES,
NEW SCENERY AND APPOINTMENTS,
and the following very complete cast:

Margherita.................Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG
Siebel.....................Mlle. HENRIETTA SULZER
Faust......................Sig. FRANCISCO MAZZOLENI
Mephistophiles.............Sig. HANIBAL BIACHI
Valentin...................Sig. G. YPPOLITO
Wagner.....................Sig. D. COLETTI
Martha.....................Miss FANNY STOCKTON
Conductor..................MAX MARETZEK

NOTICE.—The overture will commence at 7¾ o'clock precisely.

As the intermission between the first and second acts is of very short duration, the audience is respectfully requested not to leave their seats.

The following new scenes have been painted expressly for this opera by Mr. Minard Lewis:

ACT I.—Faust's Study.
ACT III.—Margherita's Garden—Moonlight.
ACT V.—Prison Scene—Spirit of Margherita borne from earth by angels.

TO-MORROW, THANKSGIVING DAY,
THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 26, at 8,
LAST GRAND EXTRA NIGHT.
POSITIVELY LAST APPEARANCE OF
MME. JOSEPHINE MEDORI,
when will be presented Verdi's grand Opera of
MACBETH.

ON SATURDAY NEXT, Nov. 28, at 1,
GRAND FAREWELL MATINEE.

The sale of secured seats and admission tickets for any of the above-named performances will commence this morning at the box-office of the Academy, at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and down town at Root & Anthony's, stationers, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—THE OPERA.

Director..............................MAX MARETZEK
LAST NIGHT BUT ONE OF THE SEASON.
POSITIVELY LAST APPEARANCE OF
MME. JOSEPHINE MEDORI.
On THURSDAY (Thanksgiving Day,) Nov. 26, at 8,
LAST EXTRA NIGHT.
Grand extraordinary performance of Verdi's
MACBETH,
With new Costumes, Appointments, Military Band, Ballet, &c.,
And the following complete cast:

Lady Macbeth...............Mme. J. MEDORI
Macbeth....................Signor F. BELLINI
Macduff....................Sig. LOTTI
Banquo.....................Sig. D. COLLETTI
Malcolm....................Sig. REICHARDT
The Doctor.................Sig. MULLER
Lady Macbeth's Attendant...Miss MILLNER
Fairies, Witches, Soldiers, Assassins, Attendants, &c.
Conductor..................Signor J. NUNO

PRICES OF ADMISSION AS USUAL.

Tickets and secured seats may now be obtained at all the principal ticket offices.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

SPLENDID DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT.
THANKSGIVING NIGHT.
THURSDAY, Nov. 26, 1863,
WILL BE OFFERED
The model emotional drama of the age,
EUSTACHE BAUDIN;
OR,
LOVE AND PRIDE,
in which the talented and popular artist,
C. W. CLARKE,
will appear in the
THREE GREAT CHARACTERS,
EUSTACHE, THE POSTILION,
THE STATE COURIER,
AND
THE UNKNOWN.
EUSTACHE BAUDIN,
in point of interest and effects, pathos and humor,
HAS NO EQUAL ON THE STAGE.
Also, will be performed the powerful play of
THE DRUNKARD;
OR,
THE FALLEN SAVED.

No play has had such a successful run as the "Drunkard." Wherever it has been acted it has created an unparalleled furore, attracting
THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS
of the most respectable persons.
THE MORAL, RELIGIOUS AND REFINED
portions of society crowded the auditorium.
THE PRESS AND THE CLERGY
GAVE IT THEIR SANCTION.
PARENTS TOOK THEIR FAMILIES TO SEE IT,
and mothers bade their husbands and sons to heed its warnings.

MR. CLARKE
will play his original part of
EDWARD MIDDLETON, THE DRUNKARD,
sustained by a strong and efficient company, including
Harry Chapman..............as..............Bill Dowton
By permission of G. L. Fox, Esq.
Miss Hawthorne.............as..............Mary Wilson
Musical Director...........................D. Braham

Tickets, 50 cents. Reserved Seats, 25 cents extra. Family Circle, 25 cents.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC—THE OPERA.

Director..............................MAX MARETZEK
LAST GRAND OPERA NIGHT.
Mme. JOSEPHINE MEDORI
In her unapproachable character of Norma.
Positively her only appearance.
SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 28, at 7¾,
will be presented Bellini's grand Opera of
NORMA,
with its incomparable New-York cast.

The sale of secured seats and tickets commences THIS MORNING at the box office of the Academy, Brooklyn, and at Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine sts., New-York.

NOTICE.—Stockholders purchasing seats are requested to show their tickets at the Academy.

BROOKLYN ATHENEUM.
THANKSGIVING EVENING.
MR. THEODORE THOMAS
WILL GIVE A
GRAND POPULAR INSTRUMENTAL AND VOCAL CONCERT,
assisted by the following artists:
Miss LUCY SIMONS,
whose debut at L. M. Gottschalk's concerts, at Irving Hall, was so eminently successful—her first appearance here,
Mrs. MARIE ABBOTT,
Mr. S. C. CAMPBELL,
WITH
FULL ORCHESTRA,
Selected from the best performers in New-York.

Mr. THEODORE THOMAS......................Conductor
Sig. ABELLA, Mr. ABBOTT,..................Accompanyists

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

Numbered Reserved Seats, without extra charge, at the Ticket Office of the Atheneum, and at Pyle's drug-store, corner Fulton and Pierrepont sts., till 5 P. M., on evening of concert.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
GERMAN OPERA.

The undersigned begs to inform subscribers and the public generally that the next season of the German Opera will positively commence on MONDAY, Nov. 30. Books for new subscriptions are now open till FRIDAY, Nov. 27, at the music-store of
MESSRS. BEER & SCHIRMER,
No. 701 Broadway,
from 9 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M., for series of either 12 or 24 nights, at the option of subscribers. The price of the subscription will be either $12 or $24, payable in advance. Subscribers are entitled to a reserved seat for each ticket, which may now be selected at the above store, but have the privilege of using as many of their tickets for one evening as they may choose. The tickets received must be exchanged for the regular reserved seat tickets before 12 o'clock noon, the day previous to the performance. With the opening of the season the regular price will be $1 50 for a reserved seat. Further particulars will be published in due time.

CARL ANSCHUTZ.

A GRAND ORGAN CONCERT
By the American Organist,
JOHN K. PAINE,
will be given at the
BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH,
corner Broadway and 34th-st., THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 3. Tickets 50c. each. Full particulars in future advertisements.

HUNTINGTON'S NEW PICTURE,
"MERCY'S DREAM,"
On exhibition at GOUPIL'S, No. 772 Broadway.
Admission, 25 cents.

STEAMBOATS.

NOVEMBER.
SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH,
SANDY HOOK, HIGHLANDS, PORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S AND BROWN'S DOCK, FAIRHAVEN AND RED BANK.
The steamer META, CAPT. H. B. PARKER,

LEAVES NEW-YORK.		LEAVES RED BANK.	
Thursday, Nov. 19,	2 P.M.	Wednes'y, Nov. 18,	12 M.
Saturday, Nov. 21,	2½ P.M.	Friday, Nov. 20,	1 P.M.
Monday, Nov. 23,	2½ P.M.	Monday, Nov. 23,	6½ A.M.
Tuesday, Nov. 24,	2½ P.M.	Tuesday, Nov. 24,	7 A.M.
Wednes'y, Nov. 25,	2½ P.M.	Wednes'y, Nov. 25,	7 A.M.
Thursday, Nov. 26,	3 P.M.	Thursday, Nov. 26,	7 A.M.
Saturday, Nov. 28,	9½ A.M.	Friday, Nov. 27,	8½ A.M.
Tuesday, Dec. 1,	11 A.M.	Monday, Nov. 30,	10 A.M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, MERIDEN AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamboat and Railroad Connection. The CONTINENTAL leaves Peck-slip, East River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 3:15 P. M. The Steamboat Train leaves the wharf at New-Haven on the arrival of the boat for all way stations. NIGHT LINE.—The ELM CITY leaves for New-Haven at 11 o'clock.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—DAILY LINE.—THE steamer BRIDGEPORT leaves Pier No. 25 East River, daily at 12 o'clock noon, arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with the Naugatuck, Housatonic, New-Haven and Hartford Railroads; also the Shore Line to Saybrook and New-London.

AMUSEMENTS.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S
MAMMOTH MENAGERIE,
GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION
AND
EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.

H. FROST..............................MANAGER.
Nos. 539 and 541 BROADWAY,
Between Prince and Spring sts.
Admission to all parts of the house 25 cents.
No half price. Doors open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Performances at 11½ A. M., 3 and 8½ P. M.

VAN AMBURGH & CO., in calling the attention of the public to this, the most
SPACIOUS, ELEGANT AND STUPENDOUS
building ever constructed, beg leave to state that they are now enabled to present to the citizens of New-York, in unexampled splendor, a zoological building in keeping with the enterprising spirit of the great American public. The abovenamed premises have been completely rebuilt, remodeled and reconstructed, decorated, carved, embellished and ornamented, so as to adapt them for an exhibition of Zoological Wonders, and arranged in a style of
GRANDEUR AND GORGEOUS MAGNIFICENCE,
unequaled by any building for zoological purposes in the known world. Even the far-famed
GOVERNMENT ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS
of Europe, upon which hundreds of thousands of dollars are spent annually, fail to present such a grand and beautiful view as the visitor beholds on entering this
PALACE OF ZOOLOGICAL WONDERS,
so constructed, that from the most remote portions of the immense galleries can be seen at one glance nearly all the myriads of animals and birds there congregated, and, at the same time, view the splendid performances in the lower portions of this, the
EXCELSIOR ZOOLOGICAL BUILDING OF THE WORLD.

The New-York public, especially the rising generation, have long felt the necessity of a first-class exhibition of this kind, where instruction and amusement are harmoniously blended in one, and where natural history could be studied from the living animals themselves.

THE GREAT STUDY OF NATURAL HISTORY
is capable of yielding innumerable subjects for both moral and religious study. Its chief tendency ought to be, to lead us from the admiration of the works to the contemplation of their Author, to teach us to look through Nature up to Nature's God. It is a study which terminates in the conviction, the knowledge, and the admiration of that Merciful Being, to whose goodness alone we are indebted for every happiness that we enjoy. VAN AMBURGH & CO., with a laudable desire to increase the general fund of human knowledge, and seeing the great benefits the community would derive from an extensive first-class collection of
LIVING WILD ANIMALS,
sent energetic and trusty agents to every available portion of the known world, from which the finest animals and birds are obtained, with instructions to procure none but the most beautiful of their kind. The result of which has been the collection of myriads of animals and birds fresh from their native clime, and superior to any that have ever been seen on this continent, and constituting the only
COMPLETE FIRST-CLASS MENAGERIE
ever exhibited to the citizens of New-York.

The great beauty of these animals over any other that have ever been exhibited, at once attracts and astonishes the beholder. Science is deeply indebted to
THE GREAT VAN AMBURGH HIMSELF
for the rich and enviable services he has rendered. Through his extensive knowledge of the nature and habits of the various animals, he has been enabled to place before the American public an exhibition of such superior excellence and great beauty, as was never before presented in any
ZOOLOGICAL INSTITUTE
IN THE KNOWN WORLD.

The performances,
MORNING, AFTERNOON, AND NIGHT,
of Prof. Langworthy, with Lions, Tigers, Leopards, Pumas, Panthers &c., are astonishing to behold. Prof. Nash exercises and performs the
ELEPHANT, TIPPO SAIB.

No language can convey an accurate description of all the beauties and graces displayed by this Miracle of Sagacity. Trick Ponies, Comic Mules, and Educated Monkeys will also appear at each performance.
POSITIVELY NO FREE LIST.

BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE—NO. 485 BROADWAY.

L. B. LENT..............................Manager
THIS AFTERNOON,
THIS AFTERNOON,
THIS AFTERNOON,
THIS AFTERNOON,
A GRAND DAY-ENTERTAINMENT,
when all the resources of the Amphitheatre will be called into requisition to furnish an entertainment of the utmost attractive power, and one especially calculated to
DELIGHT THE RISING GENERATION.
Doors open at 2; to commence at 2½ o'clock.

THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING
will be presented, a most brilliant array of diversified
SCENES IN THE CIRCLE,
introducing
ALL THE GREAT RIDERS AND ACROBATS
attached to the unequaled Circus Troupe.

PRICES—Dress Circle and Parquet, 50c.; Children under ten, 25c.; Family Circle, 25c., without distinction of age; Orchestra Chairs, 75c.; Private Boxes, $4. Box-office open from 10 to 4.

TIME—Doors open at 7. Grand entrée at 7¾.
TO-MORROW, THANKSGIVING DAY,
TO-MORROW, THANKSGIVING DAY,
THREE PERFORMANCES,
THREE PERFORMANCES,
commencing at 10½ A. M., 2 and 7½ P. M.

GRAND COMBINATION.

Dr. COLTON
And the celebrated
"EXCELSIOR OLD FOLKS,"
will give a Grand Combination entertainment of
LAUGHING GAS,
with a
GRAND CONCERT,
AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE,
THURSDAY (Thanksgiving) EVENING, Nov. 26.

The celebrated "Excelsior Old Folks" will appear in "ye ancient costume" of 60 to 100 years ago, and introduce the entertainment by singing a selection of those quaint songs which have rendered their names so popular throughout the country.

"AUNT RACHEL,"
will wear her "MAMMOTH WEDDING BONNET," built in 1750; also the "CONNECTICUT WEDDING DRESS" of 1798, and will "Jine in the singin" on this occasion.
"COUSIN JONATHAN"
will sing his famous "EVACUATION" song, &c., &c.
After which, Dr. COLTON will introduce the
LAUGHING GAS,
and administer it to TWELVE GENTLEMEN, the novel developments of which will occasion as much laughter as it would be safe to indulge in. Dr. C. will explain and demonstrate the anæsthetic powers of the gas, by which the COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION extract scores of teeth daily (at No. 33 Bond-st.) without the slightest pain.

Tickets 15 cents. Two tickets 25 cents.
Doors open at 6¾. To commence at 7½ o'clock.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

TO LET, WITH BOARD,
THE ELEGANTLY FURNISHED SUITE OF ROOMS
On parlor floor—with private table, if desired—
At No. 62 University-place.

BOARDING—FURNISHED PARLOR AND BEDrooms on second floor, suitable for gentlemen and and wife; dinner at 6. Apply at No. 34 West 29th-st.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN, WIFE, little girl, aged 12 years, infant, 10 months, and nurse, with a private family; a parlor and two or three bedrooms required; price $100 to $150 per month for satisfactory accommodation; reference required. Address, with full particulars, W. W., Box No. 127 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, between 20th-st. and Central Park, by a gentleman, wife, child and nurse; a respectable family wishing to reduce their expenses during the Winter may address N., Box No. 1,330 Post-office.

BOARD AND ROOMS.—WANTED IMMEDIately, first-class rooms with board, for gentleman and lady, no children. Location above 14th-st., and in an elegant suite of rooms, on second floor; a liberal price will be paid. Address D., Box No. 1,295 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND wife, in a genteel private family, in a central location, with parlor and bedroom. Address PHILADELPHIA, Madison-square Post-office.

BOARD WANTED.—A LADY DESIRES BOARD where there are few or no boarders, in Brooklyn preferred; best of reference given. Address, with terms, Mrs. F., Box No. 176 *Times* Office.

TO LET WITH BOARD—THREE ROOMS, with board, in a private family, one mile from Newburgh, N. Y. Views, roads and neighborhood unsurpassed. Furnace in the house. Address B., Box No. 122, Newburgh, N. Y.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.—WANTed, on the 1st of December, three or four furnished rooms on second floor, for a small family, location below 4th-st. and near Broadway, rent about $20 monthly, in advance. Address H. C., Box No. 163 *Times* Office.

FURNISHED ROOMS—WANTED IMMEDIately by two gentlemen—parlor and bedroom; location between 8th and 26th sts. and 4th and 6th avs. Address W., Box No. 4,530 Post-office.

TO LET, WITH BOARD.—A SUITE OF ROOMS on third floor, may be obtained, with good board, in a private family, by a party of gentlemen or gentleman and wife, at No. 19 7th-av.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO CAPITALISTS.—A PARTY WHO IS worth $100,000, and who has had much experience in the cash dry goods business, proposes to invest $50,000 in cash, and desires to associate with one or two other parties (either as special or general) who will contribute a like sum, making a cash capital of $100,000, for the purpose of starting a cash dry goods jobbing business on or about the 1st of January next. Satisfactory references will be given and required, and all communications will be considered as confidential. Address MERCHANT, Box No. 133 *Times* Office.

A GOOD CANVASSER WANTED IN EVERY town to introduce the Universal Clothes Wringer, which sells rapidly wherever offered. Every family will have one. It is the only Wringer with the patent cogwheel regulator which positively prevents the rolls from breaking or twisting on the shaft. Liberal inducements offered and exclusive sale guaranteed.

R. C. BROWNING, No. 347 Broadway, New-York.

$3,000.—A PARTNER WANTED IN A manufacturing business, established over twenty years—the half interest. The present partner is desirous of leaving the City of New-York. Address FRANCIS & CO., Box No. 145 *Times* Office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH FROM $300 to $500 in a light manufacturing business that will pay handsomely, and something perfectly staple. Address O. M., Box No. 127 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—A PORK, MEAT, POULTRY AND vegetable store, No. 691 8th-av., corner of 48th-st. The best stand on the avenue. Apply on the premises today.

DRUG-STORE FOR SALE CHEAP—EIGHT miles from the City, doing a good business; no drugstore within a circle of a mile; 5,000 inhabitants. Inquire No. 381 Broadway, for 3 days.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

THE GREATEST WONDERS OF THE WORLD.
THREE ENORMOUS GIANTS.
THE ARABIAN GIANT,
born in the City of Jerusalem, 21 years old,
EIGHT FEET HIGH, AND WEIGHS 475 POUNDS.
One of the most splendid men ever seen.
ANNA SWAN,
the Nova Scotia
GIANT GIRL,
GIANT GIRL,
GIANT GIRL,
17 years old, weighing 379 pounds and stands
EIGHT FEET ONE INCH HIGH!
and still growing; the tallest girl ever known.
In fact, her COLOSSAL PROPORTIONS are such that she really seems to
BELONG TO ANOTHER RACE OF BEINGS.
The
GIANT BOY,
GIANT BOY,
only 18 years old, and
EIGHT FEET HIGH.
In contrast with these tall wonders, may be seen
THE LILIPUTIAN KING,
THE LILIPUTIAN KING,
14 YEARS OLD, ONLY 22 INCHES HIGH,
AND
WEIGHS BUT 17 POUNDS!
NEVER WAS SUCH A CONTRAST
of humanity seen on the face of the globe.
SPLENDID DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES.
EVERY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock, and
EVERY EVENING at 7½,
at each of which will be produced
THE MAGNIFICENT DRAMA,
THE SHADE;
OR,
THE BOND OF DEATH,
in which will be introduced
THE GREAT GHOSTAL SPECTRE,
also, the admired Musical Comedietta,
THE ROUGH DIAMOND,
in which Mr. and Mrs. WILLIAM GOMERSAL, appear in the leading characters.
MISS DORA DAWRON,
THE DOUBLE-VOICED SINGER,
also appears in a favorite double-voiced duet.
THE WONDERFUL ALBINO FAMILY.
Three Splendid Groups of
MOVING WAX FIGURES,
representing the
DYING SCENE OF A SPANISH CHIEFTAIN,
THE MAID OF SARAGOSSA,
KING CHARLES THE SECOND
and
NELL GWYNNE.
TROPICAL COLORED FISH,
THE LIVING MONSTER PYTHON,
THE GREAT DRAGON OF THE EAST,
AUTOMATON WRITER,
The GRAND AQUARIA, Learned Seal, Sea Lion, Monster Bear, Living Anacondas, Wax Figures, &c.
Admission, 25 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.
POSITIVELY NO FREE LIST.
NO MORE DEADHEADS; POSITIVELY NO FREE ADMISSION UNDER ANY PRETENCE.

HOPE CHAPEL, NO. 718 BROADWAY.

EVERY NIGHT.
THE NEW SENSATION OF THE DAY.
THE MAMMOTH STEREOSCOPTICON,
OR MIRROR OF THE UNIVERSE.

This splendid Entertainment, which is nightly attracting crowds of our best citizens, enables them to make the tour of the world in fancy, without the risk and expense of actual travel. The most beautiful
SCENERY, ARCHITECTURE and STATUARY,
OF ALL LANDS AND AGES,
are presented in a series of superb views, taken by that
GREATEST OF ARTISTS, THE SUN;
thrown upon a canvas measuring 600 square feet (or twenty-five feet square,) in one view, and illuminated to the brilliancy of noonday by the most powerful light known to science.

PROGRAMME FOR THIS EVENING.
WEDNESDAY—HERE AND THERE.

PANORAMIC VIEW OF LONDON AND ST. PAUL'S. Reception Hall, Windsor Castle. The Yellow Hall in Buckingham Palace. The Blue Saloon, Buckingham Palace. The Crystal Palace at Sydenham. ANDROMEDA. THE FIRST CRADLE. Paris, Seen from the Louvre. The Seine and its Eight Bridges. The Boulevard de Sebastopol—Instantaneous. The Dome of the Invalides. THE PANTHEON. The Hotel de Ville of Paris. The Bourse. The Madeleine. Aurora. THE CHASE. THE CASTLE OF STOLZENFELS on the Rhine. THE MOUSETOWER AT BINGEN. The Cathedral of Cologne. The Cathedral at Berlin. Stockholm, the Capital of Sweden. THE STATUE OF SUWARROW AT ST. PETERSBURGH. The Caprice at the Tsarskoe Selo, or Imperial Palace. View of Prague in Bohemia. View at Meiringen, Switzerland. Martigny in the Valais. Venice—A Panoramic View. The Canonico Bridge. THE CATHEDRAL OF MILAN. The Royal Palace, Naples. The Cathedral of Palermo. A HUNTER DEFENDING HIS FAMILY. Bridge of Toledo at Madrid. Granada in Spain. COURT OF LIONS IN THE ALHAMBRA—Superb. The Obelisks and Columns of Karnak. The Avenue of Sphynxes. Travelers' Boat on the Nile, with Nubian Figures and Scenery. Wady Karsady in Nubia. THE ROCK TEMPLE OF DERR. Roman Gateway to Damascus and Street View. The Lake and City of Tiberia. Jerusalem. Niagara Views. Genesee Falls, N. Y. NIGHT AND MORNING. The Riots in New-York, July, 1863. The Russian Banquet.

By special request, the beautiful Spectral Illusion of "LA DAME BLANCHE," or "THE WHITE LADY," will be repeated.

During this week the Travels and Adventures of Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER in Europe, will be one subject of special illustration.

Doors open at 6¾; Tours begin at 7¾ P. M.
Admission, 25 cents. Children 15 cents.
Grand Matinées for Families every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
Extra Exhibition on THANKSGIVING DAY at 3 P.M.
H. B. McKEON, Manager.

GEO. CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS.

585 BROADWAY 585 (opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.)
A TREMENDOUS BILL for THANKSGIVING WEEK.
A Grand Matinée on Thanksgiving Day at 2 P. M.
THE MISCHIEVOUS MONKEY, THE CONTENDERS, THE OLD FOLKS' CONCERT, THE HIGHWAYMAN, THE MUSIC ECHO, THE PRIVATEER (290), &c.
Doors open at 6¾, to commence at 7¾. Tickets, 25 cents.

GEORGE INNESS'
GREAT PAINTING
THE SIGN OF PROMISE,
On exhibition at J. SNEDECOR'S, No. 768 Broadway.
Admission, 25 cents.

BANJO TAUGHT PERFECT
IN 12 LESSONS.
WHETHER THE PUPIL HAS THE SLIGHTEST EAR FOR MUSIC OR NOT.
No person can fail to have a THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF THE BANJO IN 12 LESSONS.
Address GEO. C. DOBSON,
Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

THANKSGIVING.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st.—Thanksgiving will be observed as usual at this Institution. The receipts during the Summer being less than the expenses, while the Trustees would not divert a dollar from any channel bearing aid to our soldiers, they ask a share in the contributions of the season, to help them in providing for the hundreds of poor children dependent upon them for education and support.

Contributions may be handed to either of the undersigned, sent directly to the House, or through the Post-office.

The children of the House will dine from 1 until 2 o'clock on Thanksgiving Day, and afterward the tables will be spread for the outdoor poor.

The Institution is open to visitors at all times.

TRUSTEES.
ARCHIBALD RUSSELL, President.
HUGH N. CAMP, Secretary.
RADCLIFFE B. LOCKWOOD, Treasurer.
MARSHALL LEFFERTS.
CHARLES ELY.
HIRAM BARNEY.
C. H. SHIPMAN.
FREDERICK G. FOSTER.
WILLIAM T. BOOTH.
BENJ. R. BARLOW, Superintendent.

THANKSGIVING DONATION VISIT FOR the Children of Deceased or Disabled Soldiers, in the Institution No. 334 6th-av., will be held in the Baptist Church, 28th-st, near Broadway, THURSDAY, 26th inst. Donations received during the day and evening. The children will dine at 4 o'clock P. M. Evening exercises at 6½ o'clock.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—CORNER 9TH-AV. AND 31ST-ST.—Rev. H. B. ELLIOTT will preach a Thanksgiving Sermon in the North Presbyterian Church on THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock A. M. "The President's Hymn" will be sung by the congregation.

MEETINGS.

AT AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE Boss Horseshoers Protective Association, on the 19th inst., it was unanimously resolved that the following members respectfully invite their co-laborers in the trade to attend a meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 25th inst., at 7½ o'clock, at Constitution Hall, corner 3d-av. and 22d-st., by order of the following Committee: Thomas Murray, John Horrigan, Hugh McGarr, James Mulligan, Christopher Higgins, Hugh McLaughlin, Richard J. Howell, Bernard Mathews, Bernard Kenney, James Cosligan, Patrick McCarthy, Thomas Davies, John Morriss, Michael O'Brien, Achison & Hamill, Larcey & Connor, John George, Henry L. Jewell, Thomas Kiley, Edward Flood, James Brearton, John McSweegan, Joseph Short, James Dinneen, John Graham, John Tyman, Martin Keogh, James Burk, John McCullough, Wm. Neldrett, John Deylin, John O'Brien, James Krawl, Latimer & Dougherty, John Sampson, John A. Hussler, Geo. Bowick, John Fitzpatrick, Richard Jonas, Bernard Daylon, Leonard Baker, Wm. Farrell, Connor & Giddons, Patrick Shaw, James Coyle, Mathew Montgomery, Wm. Burns, Bernard Kinan, Thomas Roach, Wm. Bryant, John Beyles, Patrick Burk, Owen Fallon, Wm. Watters, Hugh Leonard, Peter Murphy, Dr. Wm. P. Sheldon, Terance McDonald. M. T. KEELER, Secretary.

THE MEMBERS OF PUTNAM LODGE No. 338, F. & A. M., are hereby summoned to be held on THURSDAY, at 1 o'clock, a special meeting to be held on THURSDAY, at 1 o'clock, at their rooms, corner Grand and Centre, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother, G. W. FLINT. The members of the fraternity are respectfully invited to attend. By order of
F. W. HOUGHTON, W. M.
FRED. SCHILLING, Secretary.

EXTRA GENERAL MEETING OF THE FRESCO-PAINTERS' ASSOCIATION, New-York Nov. 7, 1863. *Resolved*, (unanimously,) That on and after FRIDAY, Jan. 1, 1864, the present standard price of wages shall be raised 20 per cent.
AUGUST DRESSEL, Secretary.

COAL.

BEST QUALITY OF RED AND WHITE Ash stove coal, $10 per ton, egg $9 50, furnace $9 50, large nut $8, cannel $15, delivered at the above low prices. W. MILLER, corner Bleecker and Elizabeth sts.

COAL AND TIMBER LAND FOR SALE or will be exchanged for merchandise; 1,500 acres located in the northwestern part of Pennsylvania. For particulars, inquire of WM. H. CLEVELAND, No. 21 Cortlandt-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Overture to commence at 7¾; the curtain will rise immediately on the conclusion of the overture.
THE UNPARALLELED SUCCESS
AND
CONTINUED POPULARITY
of Mr. Lester Wallack's new drama,
ROSEDALE,
now in the
NINTH WEEK
of its splendid run, induces its proprietor to announce it for
EVERY EVENING.
Places can be secured a week in advance.

WINTER GARDEN.

FOURTH WEEK
OF
MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE,
and the most successful engagement ever played at this Theatre.
Notwithstanding the
TRIUMPHANT CAREER
of
THE LEGENDARY DRAMA,
KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN,
it must be withdrawn after the present week to make room for
OTHER NOVELTIES.
In fulfillment of a promise made the public at the commencement of this engagement,
THEREFORE IT CANNOT BE
performed but
THREE NIGHTS LONGER.

The public should heed this timely warning of its withdrawal, and seize the present opportunity of witnessing the only drama, with the exception of
THE COLLEEN BAWN,
that has been presented to the American public
SO RACY OF THE IRISH SOIL.

The *Times*, of Monday, contains the following:

"The Florences, at the Winter Garden, have made a decided hit in the new legendary drama of 'Kathleen Mavourneen.' It enters on its third week to-night, and bids fair to run through the season. The play contains many fine situations, and from beginning to end the interest is unflagging. Unlike the majority of such pieces, it contains excellent parts for the leading members of the company, in addition to an appropriate rôle for Mr. Florence. All the ample resources of the Winter Garden have been expended on its production. The scenery is remarkably fine, and the dresses are as picturesque as the locale permits. The acting is uniformly good. Indeed, we have no recollection of a 'star' play that had so much of general interest and intrinsic merit to recommend in it. The vivacious and charming Mrs. Florence appears in the farce."

After the drama
THE YOUNG ACTRESS,
in which
MRS. W. J. FLORENCE
will appear in
FIVE DIFFERENT CHARACTERS,
including the
YANKEE GIRL,
JERUSHA JOYFUL LOBB.
Will sing a French, Scotch and two celebrated Yankee airs, and dance a Scotch reel and Irish jig.
Mr. Cammomile, a tragedian, with imitations of popular actors..............Mr. W. J. FLORENCE.
TO-MORROW,
GRAND THANKSGIVING ENTERTAINMENT,
THREE GLORIOUS PLAYS,
Including
KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN,
for
THE LAST TIME BUT TWO.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

COMMENCES AT 7¾ P. M.
Lessee and Manager..............WM. WHEATLEY
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, NOV. 25, 1863.
THIRD APPEARANCE
OF
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
WHOSE
ARTISTIC EXCELLENCE
AND
IDENTIFICATION IN THE PECULIARITIES OF IRISH AND YANKEE LIFE
have rendered them
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE STARS
OF BOTH
EUROPE AND AMERICA.
They will be supported by a company of
UNUSUAL MERIT,
comprising the names of

Mr. L. R. SHEWELL,	Mr. LAMB,
Mr. J. NUNAN,	Mr. J. G. BURNETT,
Mr. J. SEYMOUR,	Mr. E. B. HOLMES,
Miss ADA CLIFTON,	Mrs. SKERRETT,
Miss MARY WELLS,	Mrs. MARK SMITH.

Each of the pieces will be mounted with liberality proverbial to Mr. Wheatley's establishment.

New scenery by the talented artist Mr. J. H. Selwin.

The entertainments to commence with the legendary drama and fairy spectacle, in two acts, entitled
THE FAIRY CIRCLE.
CON O'CAROLAN..............Mr. BARNEY WILLIAMS
MOLESHEE....................Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS
Followed by the laughable comedietta of the
CUSTOMS OF THE COUNTRY.
MELISSA.....................Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS
To conclude with the screaming farce of
PAT'S BLUNDERS.
PAT ROONEY..................Mr. BARNEY WILLIAMS
Secured seats to be obtained at the box-office
THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE.
THURSDAY—THANKSGIVING,
A GRAND ENTERTAINMENT,
in which
Mr. and Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
THE ORIGINAL AND CELEBRATED COMEDIANS
will appear in
THREE OF THEIR MOST POPULAR PIECES.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Lessee and Manageress..............Mrs. John Wood.
THIRD WEEK
of the successful Burlesque of
THE MOTTO,
"I AM ALL THERE."
THE MOTTO,
"I AM ALL THERE."
THE MOTTO,
"I AM ALL THERE."
abounding in
MIRTH, MUSIC AND JOLLITY.
MIRTH, MUSIC AND JOLLITY.
MIRTH, MUSIC AND JOLLITY.
CROWDED HOUSES!
DELIGHTED AUDIENCES!
ENTHUSIASTIC APPLAUSE!
CONVULSIVE LAUGHTER
MRS. JOHN WOOD as HENRI LAGADERE
MRS. JOHN WOOD as HENRI LAGADERE
MRS. JOHN WOOD as HENRI LAGADERE
This successful burlesque will be repeated
TO-NIGHT,
and EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,
with all its
ELEGANT SCENERY,
BRILLIANT COSTUMES,
APPROPRIATE MUSIC,
and A FULL CAST OF CHARACTERS.
The performance each evening will commence with the Comedietta of
AUNT CHARLOTTE'S MAID.
SEATS SECURED THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE.

PARK THEATRE—BROOKLYN.

Lessee and Manager..............Mr. Gabriel Harrison
NINTH APPEARANCE
OF
MR. GABRIEL HARRISON.
CROWDED AUDIENCES NIGHTLY.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 25,
THERESE.
Carwin (an Advocate)..............Mr. Gabriel Harrison
Fontaine..............Mr. Metkiff
Lavegne..............Mr. Walter Lennox
Therese..............Miss Henrietta Irving
JENNY LIND.
Jenny Leatherlungs (with songs)..............Miss Mary Shaw
THURSDAY, THANKSGIVING,
two performances.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
EXTRA PERFORMANCE FOR FAMILIES,
THURSDAY, Nov. 26.
THANKSGIVING DAY.
IMMENSE BILL.

Tickets 50 cents, all over the house. No reserved seats.
UN CAPRICE, comedie in one act, by Alfred de Musset.
LES ERREURS DU BEL AGE, comedie Vaudeville, in one act, by Xavier et Varin.
LE CAPORAL ET LA PAYSE, comedie Vaudeville, in one act, by M. Paul de Kock.
MUSICAL INTERLUDE by MLLE. LOUISE MAILLET and M. PAUL JUIGNET.
Doors open at 7¾; curtain raised at 8 o'clock.
Office of the Theatre Francais, No. 623 Broadway.

FAIRS.

HELP! HELP! HELP!
FOR THE FREEDMEN AND COLORED SOLDIERS.

A Committee of ladies of New-York, Williamsburgh and Brooklyn propose holding a fair for the benefit of the soldiers and freedmen. Let every man and woman in our land do something for those poor and needy ones; it matters not how little, but do something. Clothing, provisions, fruits, cast-off clothing, or fancy articles and books, will be most gratefully received and fully appreciated. To our country merchants we would again say that all or any donations will be acknowledged, either of money or the above articles. They will be received in Brooklyn at No. 118 Myrtle-av.; in New-York at Cooper Institute, Room No. 20. Persons desiring articles sent for will please send directions to either of these places and the goods will be sent for. Any person having curiosities would confer a favor upon the fair for the benefit of the freedmen and colored soldiers, by loaning such curiosities, that a table or room of the same may be made. Responsible parties will receive them at 20 Cooper Institute.

BALLS.

THE BLOOMINGDALE PLEASURE ASSOCIATION will hold their second annual Ball at Elm Park Hotel, 91st-st. and Broadway, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 25, 1863. Tickets $1; to be had at the door.
JOHN BACK, President.
RICHARD WILLIAMS, Secretary.
WM. JACKSON, Treasurer.
N. B.—No gentleman admitted without a lady.

FURNITURE.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, LOOKING-GLASSES, MATTRESSES, BEDDING, &c., cheaper than at any other store. Warranted and delivered free, at G. W. SNEDEN'S, No. 203 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Furniture in suites.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.— The best assortment of enameled furniture in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and palliasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

SHOW-CASES.—SCHMITT & BROTHERS, MANufactory and warerooms, No. 5 North William-st., near Frankfort, New-York, and No. 66 Main-st., Cincinnati, Ohio. A large assortment on hand. Old show-cases taken in exchange. Orders promptly executed.

SHOW-CASES AT LOW PRICES.—SILVER, white metal, and all other kinds of cases in stock or made to order, of the best material, and at short notice. HOFFMAN & FERSH, No. 132 Chatham-st.

REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER'S SPEECH.

Continued from First Page.

too. They asked me to procure for them that report, and a thousand copies are on the way there for circulation in England. Moreover, I said that the position of the colored man was rapidly changing by virtue of his own relation to the Government, and that it was providential that he was called to stand as a soldier in the ranks of the army, for there is that in courage that all admire, and their position will not be gainsaid by this great and democratic American people. [Applause.] It is said that war is terrible. It is terrible in some respects. Fire is terrible, but it burns out the dross and gives us the fine gold; and war, as a medicine is going to cure Slavery in this nation. I also said that there was not such a spectacle in the world as the example of this people, with such a tremendous war on their hands, in putting forth an effort voluntarily for the education of these people, and that hundreds of thousands were now being cared for with an affection and fidelity that had no parallel in Europe—and I think I did not transcend the facts. And I said we proposed to do just what the fundamental American ideas require us to do for everybody. When the non-English speaking German comes to this country, the spirit of our institutions requires us to defend his person, his property and his liberty, and to give him a right to all industrial avocations, to bring to bear upon him the influence of American institutions. So with the natives of other countries. And we have shown that the digestion of our republican Government is strong, for although we have an enormous emigration, they have not changed us much; for you know when the elephant browses, and, with his trunk, tears off the branch and swallows it, he don't change into tree—the tree changes into elephant. [Applause.] And so this great digestion of our American people is not Irishized, or Germanized, or Frenchized—they become Americans, not we foreigners. It is inconvenient, at first, while we have the fathers and mothers on our hands—it is hard, [laughter;] but when we come to the children, they are all American children. Once put them through our common schools, and they feel the dignity and responsibility of the elective franchise—they are all thoroughly American. Now our American doctrine is that all men are born to liberty; and we simply say this—we don't propose to make black men any better or worse—we give to every creature on the globe this law. [Applause.] We mean to say to them, "If God gave you the attributes of manhood, we will see that you have a chance to open them up and develop them. [Applause.] And when men say we are preaching the doctrine of social equality, I say we do not—we say to everybody, "God gave you your endowments, and we will give you a chance to use them." This we say—"You are equal before law and justice." The law of protection is just the same whether the property is held by the miser or the most beneficent man that ever lived, But then we say, "If you are low down that is your lookout—if you can go up, do it—if you cannot, no wrong is done you." If any man is afraid of that, then let him be a coward. As long as I live this I will say, that if anybody beats me he deserves to go higher than I do. [Applause.] We are not going backwark a step—we are not going back to the Union as it was. When I plant my tree in the orchard, I plant, unfortunately, with it, the canker worm. The tree thrives, but by and by the leaves turn and wither. By and by the gardener lays bare the roots and discovers the cause of the mischief boring into the very root and trunk of the tree. Now, say men, "Let us have that tree just as it was." Yes, all except the worm. [Laughter and applause.] The Union as it was. Yes, as it was in the egg—as it was in the minds of those men who fashioned it—as it was in the intent of the Constitution—as it was to have been, and would have been, but for the burglars of Slavery. But when a ship has drifted in the storm far from its course, when the storm breaks, and the sun appears, will any man say, "Go back on the surface of the ocean, where you were before the storm, or take fresh observation from the sun, and take the shortest course toward the harbor." [Applause.]

We shall not turn aside to the right nor to the left, we have yet to bear losses, we have yet to feel sorrows; sons must yet be lowered into the grave, and the grave itself is to be a throne of honor, where so many of the really sweet and noble and priceless are martyrs for so priceless a thing as liberty. After having given so many sons, having lavished our treasures, we will not be bribed to turn back from the end for which we have striven. We will have liberty: we will have nothing else. God bless the nation and make it free! [Great Applause.]

After Mr. BEECHER had concluded his address, Dr. BELLOWS made a few remarks, and concluded by offering some resolutions indorsing the course of Mr. BEECHER while in England, and referring in complimentary terms of his recent efforts in behalf of the Sanitary Commission. The resolutions were unanimously adopted, when the meeting adjourned.

FROM BOSTON.

Mayor Lincoln Renominated—Great War Meeting—The Printers on a Strike.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

The Republican Ward and City Committees have renominated, by acclamation, Hon. FREDERICK W. LINCOLN for Mayor of this city.

Large and enthusiastic war meetings were held in Charlestown and Cambridge last evening.

Yesterday a passenger car with the President and Directors of the Old Colony Railroad, passed over the new extension of the road, from Fall River to Newport. In a few weeks the road will be completed for regular trains.

The Boston book and job printers are on a strike for an increase of wages, and complain that their situations are being filled by printers from New-York.

The proprietors of all the daily newspapers in the city at once agreed to pay the printers the increased pay asked for.

Some of the book publishers also agreed to give the printers the increased pay, but others refuse to do so.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Monday, Nov. 23.

The steamer *Convoy*, Capt. BOEHNER, has returned from City Point in charge of Capt. IRVING, who reports having transferred the Government rations for our prisoners at and about Richmond satisfactorily into the hands of Commissioner OULD.

The steamer *Mary A. Boardman*, Capt. MORTON, arrived in Hampton Roads yesterday P. M., *en route* for Washington.

Also arrived United States gunboat *Nansemond* from off Wilmington, with the following officers of the steamer *Ella*, which was captured on the 11th inst.: J. S. Perkins, Purser; J. T. Torrent, Second Mate; James Hartley, Chief Mate; Joseph Smith, Third Mate; S. M. Bowen, Chief Engineer; A. T. Muir, Second Engineer; C. W. Dormant, Third Engineer.

JOHN MCCONNELL the Chief Clerk in the Quartermaster's Department, died suddenly this morning at Old Point.

The steamer *Swan* arrived this afternoon from Baltimore, with one hundred and twenty-five Confederate prisoners. All surgeons.

They will be immediately sent to City Point for exchange.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

A Vigilance Committee at Los Angeles.

SAN FRANCISCO, Monday, Nov. 23.

The merchandise taken East to-day by the steamship *Constitution* is valued at nearly $200,000, embracing teas, wool, drills, whalebone, furs, and quicksilver.

An impromptu Vigilance Committee forced open the Los Angelos jail on Saturday morning, taking therefrom five prisoners charged with murder, highway robbery, and horse-stealing.

The Committee then hung the prisoners under the corridor in front of the jail.

This done, all suspicious characters were warned to leave the county within so many hours, or take the consequences.

Business was suspended in Los Angeles on the occasion, but the dispatch says the whole affair passed off with little or no excitement.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

Sailed ship *Lizzie Moses*, for New-York, carrying 420 bales wool, 81,600 hides, 1,800 sacks mustard seed, 7,000 sacks copper ore, 95 pipes California wine, 340 casks oil, and a quantity of barley, horns, skins, &c., all valued at a quarter of a million dollars.

Extensive saw mills at Mendocino, owned by GIBBY, SELLER & Co., of this city, were burned last week, Loss, 100,000.

W. H. LEIGHTON, the actor, died on Saturday.

Another Contractor Brought to Grief.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

C. W. HALL, a horse contractor for the Government, has been found guilty and sentenced to six months' imprisonment, and also fined $10,000, for defrauding the Government in purchasing horses.

Lake Steamer Ashore.

TOLEDO, Tuesday, Nov. 24.

The propeller *Ontario*, of the Northern Transportation Line, is ashore on West Sister Island. She was uninjured when last heard from.

[Advertisement.]

MAN AND WOMAN—Their Peculiar Dispositions and Functions—Our Social Relations—Marriage, Courtship—Divorces—The Hair Trade—Fair Hair and Dark Hair—Amalgamation—The Races—Doom of the Red Man—The Two Great Empires of Russia and America—Portraits, Characters and Biographies of Archbishop WHATELY and Mr. NELSON SIZER, given in the *Phrenological Journal* for December. Now ready. Newsmen have it. Sent by first post by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Opening of English Royal Velvet and Brussels Carpetings at HIRAM ANDERSON'S ten spacious salesrooms, No. 99 Bowery; also, Lowell 3-ply and ingrain carpets; also, rugs, mats, druggets, oil-cloths—three to eighteen feet wide—at reasonable prices. All goods are guaranteed at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]

THE GROSS INCONSISTENCY AND LIBELS OF HENRY WARD BEECHER'S speeches in England, launching his thunderbolts against the rebels, and, at the same time, prostituting his powers of eloquence in undermining and nullifying the vitality of our Constitution, reviewed in the *Principia* of this week.

[Advertisement.]

THE WINTER NUMBER OF MME. DEMOREST'S MIRROR OF FASHIONS.—The most brilliant, interesting, valuable and useful number. Contains more engravings, more information and more elegance than any number yet issued. Now ready.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

BROWN—OLIVER.—At St. Mary's Church, Brooklyn, on Thursday, Nov. 5, by Rev. D. B. M. Johnson, FREDERICK J. BROWN, of this City, and CAROLINE EMMA, daughter of Richard Oliver, Esq., of Brooklyn, L. I. No cards.

MCDONALD—CAMMANN.—On Tuesday, Nov. 24, at the Church of the Ascension, by Rev. A. Beach Carter, D. D., A. BLEECKER MCDONALD, Jr., and PHEBE, daughter of Frederick W. Cammann, all of this City.

MCKENZIE—SWERTCOPE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Nov. 24, by Rev. Jonathan Greenleaf, GEORGE S. MCKENZIE and CHARLOTTE J. SWERTCOPE, both of that city.

RAYMOND—SMITH.—In Islip, L. I., on Thursday, Nov. 19, by Rev. Ralph Smith, GEORGE E. RAYMOND, of New-York, and MARY L. SMITH, daughter of the officiating clergyman.

DIED.

ANNAN.—On Monday, Nov. 23, SARAH H. SEYMOUR, wife of Samuel Annan, formerly of Fishkill, in the 63d year of her age.

Further notice of the funeral will be given.

BRADHURST.—On Monday, Nov. 23, THEODORE FALKENHAM, only son of Henry M. and Elizabeth T. Bradhurst, aged 3 years and 9 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, Nov. 25, at 3 o'clock P. M., from their residence, at Washington Heights.

DUNKIN.—On Monday, Nov. 23, EVE, relict of the late John Dunkin, in the 75th year of her age.

Her relatives and friends, also those of her son, Thomas J. Dunkin, and of her son-in-law, Henry A. Kerr, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of the latter, No. 76 9th-st., on Wednesday, Nov. 25, at 2 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

DINSMORE.—On Monday, Nov. 23, EMMA LOUISE, only child of Jacob N. and Ellen E. Dinsmore, aged 3 years, 3 months and 23 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 266 9th-av., on Wednesday morning, Nov. 25, at 12½ o'clock, without further invitation.

Jesus to my earthly keeping,
Once a jewel kindly gave;
But my joy was turned to weeping,
For I lost it in the grave.

Mourning for my vanished treasure,
Then I heard the Saviour say:
Cease to sorrow, for My pleasure
I have borne thy gem away.

Purer than the dews of morning,
Brighter than the stars of night,
See thy gem My brow adorning
In a world of heavenly light.

☞ Boston papers please copy.

DRUMMOND.—On Monday morning, Nov. 23, ALEXANDER H. DRUMMOND, aged 45 years.

The members of St. John's Lodge, No. 1, F. and A. M., and of Zetland Chapter, No. 141, R. A. M., also relatives and friends, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, Nov. 26, at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Marks, No. 28 St. Mark's-place, between 2d and 3d avs.

FLINT.—On Monday, Nov. 23, G. W. FLINT, of consumption, in the 33d year of his age.

Friends and acquaintances of the family, and the members of Putnam Lodge, No. 338, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of Jas. White, No. 107 Wooster-st., on Thursday, Nov. 26, at 2 o'clock, without further notice.

FALES.—Suddenly, in Bristol, R. I., on Wednesday, Nov. 18, Mr. WILLIAM FALES, of that town, and formerly of Matanzas, Cuba, in the 58th year of his age.

☞ Cuban papers please copy.

HARRIS.—On Saturday night Nov. 21, at his late residence, No. 149 East 21st-st., after a painful illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude, THOMAS HARRIS, aged 76 years.

The funeral will take place at 1½ o'clock, on Wednesday, Nov. 25.

IRELAND.—Suddenly, in Jersey City, on Monday, Nov. 23, WILLIAM THOMAS IRELAND, eldest son of Robinson and Sarah Ireland, formerly of Belfast, Ireland, aged 13½ years.

Friends are respectively invited to attend the funeral, from Monmouth-st., Jersey City, between South 1st and South 2d sts., at the hour of 2 o'clock, on Thursday, 26th inst.

☞ Belfast (Ireland) papers please copy.

LANE.—In Bergen Point, N. J., on Monday evening, Nov. 23, CHARLES SARGENT, son of Nehemiah B. and Abby A. Lane, aged 24 years and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at the residence of his parents, Bergen Point, this (Wednesday) afternoon, Nov. 25, at 2 o'clock, without further notice. Boats leave Pier No. 2, North River, at 1 o'clock P. M., and return at 4 P. M. Carriages will be at the landing.

LARRABEE.—On Monday, Nov. 23, at the residence of her son-in-law, Dr. D. S. Conant, of this City, LUCY WESTON, widow of the late Capt. N. Larrabee. Her remains will be taken to Brunswick, Me., for interment.

LANG.—On Monday, Nov. 23, LOUIS LANG.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 690 Washington-st., on Thursday, Nov. 26, at 1 o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends are invited to attend, without further notice.

STORY.—In this City, on Sunday, Nov. 22, BENJAMIN STORY, (a veteran of the war of 1812,) in the 84th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Wednesday, Nov. 25, at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his son Jacob Story, No. 32 East 12th-st., corner of University-place.

PORTER.—In this City, on Tuesday, Nov. 24, MORTIMER G. PORTER, M. D., aged 37 years.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 118 West 34th-st., this (Wednesday) afternoon, Nov. 25, at 3½ o'clock. The members of the Academy of Medicine, and the profession generally, also the relatives and friends, are respectfully invited to attend, without further invitation.

ROBERTSON.—On Tuesday, Nov. 24, after a short illness, ALBERT, youngest son of Hugh and Jane Robertson, aged 1 year, 1 month and 24 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, Nov. 26, at 1 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 179 8th-av.

RICHARDSON.—On Tuesday morning, Nov. 24, WILLIAM RICHARDSON, in the 68th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 47 West 44th st., between 5th and 6th avs., on Thursday afternoon, Nov. 26, without further invitation.

SHORT.—On Tuesday morning, Nov. 24, after a painful illness, MARY F., the beloved wife of Francis Short.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 202 East Broadway, on Thursday afternoon, Nov. 26, at 1 o'clock.

N. B.—By request of deceased, carriages will be furnished to the immediate relatives of the family.

SOUTHWORTH.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Nov. 23, MARGARET E., wife of William P. Southworth, and daughter of the late John Hannah, of New-York, in the 35th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at the Westminster Presbyterian Church, corner of Clinton-st. and 1st-place, South Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Nov. 25, at 2 o'clock P. M.

☞ Providence and Bristol (R. I.) papers please copy.

SOUTHWICK.—In Brooklyn, on Monday afternoon, Nov. 23, FREDERICK SOUTHWICK, youngest son of Henry C. and Ellen D. Southwick, aged 1 year and 9 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, without further notice, on Wednesday, Nov. 25, at 12 o'clock M., from the residence of his parents, No. 84 Henry-st., Brooklyn.

SOMMERS.—On Monday, Nov. 23, JOHN B. YATES SOMMERS, of this City, Counselor-at-law, in the 35th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and the Masonic Fraternity generally, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his father, Rev. C. G. Sommers, No. 17 St. Mark's-place, on Wednesday, Nov. 25, at 1 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

MASONIC.—The members of the Masonic Fraternity who desire to attend the funeral of our late brother, the R. W. JOHN B. YATES SOMMERS, Deputy Grand Master, are requested to assemble at Odd Fellows' Hall, this day, (Wednesday,) at 12 o'clock, without regalia. Brethren will appear in dark clothing with white gloves, and crape upon the left arm. By order of the Grand Master.

JAMES M. AUSTIN, Grand Secretary.

VALENTINE.—On Tuesday, Nov. 24, at Roslyn, L. I., WILLIAM VALENTINE, in the 83d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, Nov. 26, at 12 o'clock, from the Friends' Meeting-house, at Westbury, L. I. Carriages will meet the 9 o'clock train from Jamesslip, at Westbury Station.

WILSON.—In Williamsburgh, on Monday, Nov. 23, after a short illness, HENRY WILSON, in the 49th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at his late residence, No. 85 Devoe-st., Williamsburgh, this day, (Wednesday,) Nov. 25, at 1½ o'clock. His remains will be interred in Greenwood.

☞ Albany, Syracuse and Boston papers please copy.

Passengers Arrived.

Nov. 24—*In steamship City of Baltimore, for Liverpool.*—Mr. Tucker, L. A. Bigelow, Thomas E. Mason, L. De Silva Ferro, Mr. Wooley, S. D. Persse and lady, Mr. Yuteman, Mr. Chauncey, lady, six children and nurse, Edward Barry, J. D. Giblin and lady, Thomas W. Scott, James Monroe and lady, W. T. Davis, H. Jackson, G. M. Curtis, Mr. Drown, John Atkinson, N. Lacoste and lady, two children and nurse, William C. Hicks, R. Mather, V. Elst, A. Selwood, Mrs. B. Creed, Mrs. Sarah Emery, Mrs. Rombotham, Mrs. M. Rombotham, Mrs. Ann Hales, Mrs. Bell, Capt. B. Grace, Miss M. Gibson, Miss H. Hegerty, Miss E. Hegerty, Miss Anna Schmidt, Madame A. Elard, Rev. M. Nentenedt, J. H. Benel, Wm. Barrett, T. Penny, Mr. Washington and friend, H. Byron, N. Anergno, Mr. Delnoille, James Schmidt, Mr. Seymour, J. Youmans and lady, H. G. Youmans, Mr. Carson, J. C. Garrett and 530 in the steerage.

[illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, Nov. 24.

Cleared.

Steamers Franklin, Young, Baltimore, Wm. Dalzell; Vulcan, Morrison, Philadelphia, Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Ships Sir Robert Peel, (Hamb.,) Jorgensen, Hamburg, Sloman & Edye; Rescue, Howes, San Francisco, Merchant & Carman; Uncle Joe, Sewall, New-Orleans, W. & A. Nelson; Hound, (Br.,) Hodgson, Liverpool, Trask & Dearborn; Prinz Albert, (Hamb.,) Platt, Hamburg, Sloman & Edye; Esmeralda, (Br.,) Meldrum, Liverpool, J. W. Elwell & Co.; Immortalite, (Br.,) Peters, Liverpool, Trask & Dearborn.

Barks Leda, (Br.,) Johnson, Havana, T. A. R. Webster & Co.; Knut Bonde, (Swed.,) Soensen, Marseilles, Baetjer & De Vertu; Ocean Eagle, (Br.,) Berry, Cardenas, Trujillo & Vining; Stella, (Brem.,) Steengraffe, Bremen, H. Koop & Co.; Orayille, Crockett, Aspinwall, Merchant & Carman.

Brigs Don Juan, (Br.,) Burgess, Manzanilla, D. R. De Wolf; Frederick, (Dan.,) Carpuson, Rio Janeiro, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Schooners John G. Wright, Lyman, Fortress Monroe, B. C. Wheeler & Co.; C. Dennis, Smith, Alexandria, Jonas Smith; Robert Magee, Bennett, Norwalk, M. Briggs & Co.; Morris, Edwards, Washington, Mott Bedell; C. McDonald, Whitmore, ——, J. C. Van Name; E. H. Gott, Baker, Wicomico, J. C. Van Name; Rachel Jane, Keaf, Baltimore; Jane, (Br.,) Smith, Philadelphia, R. E. French; Active, Calhoun, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; Anna Gricol, (Br.,) Campbell, St. Johns, N. F., Gordon, Bruce & McAuliffe.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Baltimore, (Br.,) Mirehouse, Liverpool 11th inst., via Queenstown 12th, with mdse. and 597 passengers to John G. Dale. 21st inst., at 7 A. M., 220 miles west of Cape Race, passed a brig-rigged steamer, bound E. 24th, passed steamship Glasgow, bound E.

Steamer Laurel, Christopher, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Steamer Falcon, Adams, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Steamer Sarah, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Westchester, Baker, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Steamer Vulcan, Morrison, Philadelphia, with mdse. to James Hand.

Steamer Frank, Thorpshire, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer John R. Thompson, McCabe, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Bark Midas, (Br., of Liverpool,) Berry, Genoa 45 ds., with marble and rags to E. Caylus de Ruyter.

Bark Nomantum, (of Boston,) Ingam, Boston 4 ds., in ballast to R. M. Cooley.

Bark Guipuzcoano, (Fr.,) Tailkades, Bordeaux 35 ds., with wine, etc., to master.

Brig Ianthe, (of Newport,) Stapleton, Patras 45 days, with currants to G. F. Bulley.

Brig Clorinda, (Ital.,) Anegno, Taganzag, Russia, 74 ds., with wool to Munzinger & Pitzipio.

Brig S. B. Nora, (of Demarara,) Demarara 30 ds., with sugar to Casimiro & De Souza.

Schr. W. D. Bidford, (of Arichat, N. S.,) Landers, Bridgeport, C. B., 16 ds., with coal to master.

Schr. R. G. Porter, Smith, Dansburysport for Philadelphia.

Schr. Capt. John, Torrey, Calais 20 ds., with lumber to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr Magnet, Sanborn, Norfolk 3 ds., with wood to A. C. Havens.

Schr. Era, Chamberlain, Boston, with mdse. to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. Hattie M. Mayo, Murch, Providence.

Schr. Mary Anna, Dash, Cohasset for Philadelphia.

Schr. Only Daughter, Falkenburg, New-London.

Schr. Algona, Hayes, Rondout for Boston.

Schr. John Walker, Palmer, Providence.

Schr. J. A. Parsons, Shaw, Boston 3 ds.

Schr. Walter Raleigh, ——, Elizabethport, with coal.

WIND—Sunset, N. E.

Sailed.

Steamships Glasgow, for Liverpool, Champion and Decatur.

Ship Herzogin von Brahant, (Brem.)

Barks Twilight, (Br.,) Glendrea, (Br.,) Salto, (Br.)

Brig Mowe.

Schooners Equator, (Br.,) Tigris, (Br.)

Miscellaneous.

The steamship Eagle, for Havana direct, will sail to-morrow, 25th, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.

The steamship Creole, for New-Orleans, will sail the 25th, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 1, North River.

ST. GEORGES, Bermuda, Nov. 6.—The Br. saguenay Scotland, from New-York for London, with a cargo of petroleum oil, arrived at this port yesterday leaking, with loss of sails, etc.

PORTLAND, Nov. 23—The schr. Mabel, of Milford, Del., arrived here yesterday from Havana, with a cargo of sugar, etc.; lost deck load, and probably damaged the cargo below

ARICHAT, C. B., Nov. 14.—The Br. bark Union, of Pictou, N. S., from Boston, bound to Pictou, partly laden with a general cargo, in making this harbor on the night of the 7th inst., wind blowing strong from northwest, struck on a rock, laid down in Bayfield's Chart as Pilot Rock, southeast from Jersey Island, at the entrance of this harbor. 8th inst., at 7 A. M., she fell over on her port side and filled. A survey has been held and the vessel condemned.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—Arr. steamer Mary Granby, of Buffalo, for New-York via Halifax; brigs Abby Watson, of East Harbor; Paragon, Cienfuegos.

Spoken, &c.

Scotia—steamship, hence for Liverpool, 12th inst., 10½ P. M., 5 miles west of Fastnet.

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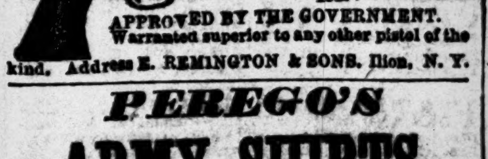

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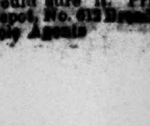

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